

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) and (b) No sir. Under the Scheme to Promote Voluntary Action for Persons with Disabilities assistance is given to the extent of 90% of the project cost to non governmental organisations for different types of projects taken up for the welfare of disabled. Total amount of assistance given depends upon the project for which assistance is sought and the amount of assistance sought for various components within the project and the amounts recommended by the inspecting authorities of the State Government as well as the ceiling norms prescribed for the components. There is no proposal to enhance the amount of ceiling norms for various components for the present.

Survey of socio-economic conditions of Linguistic Minorities

387. SHRI DAWA LAMA: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have conducted any detailed survey on the socio-economic condition of different linguistic minorities in India;

(b) if so, the number of such persons living in different States, group-wise; and

(c) if reply to Part (a) above be in the negative, whether Government propose to conduct such survey?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) Government has not conducted any survey on the socio-economic conditions of different linguistic minorities in India. However, the office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India, who conducts the census, have published the Census report on the number of people speaking different languages at the All India level as also at the State/Union Territory levels separately.

(b) The percentage of persons speaking minority languages in each State/Union Territory for Linguistic Groups constituting one percent or more of the concerned State/Union Territory's population is enclosed in the statement (*see below*)

(c) No such proposal is presently under the consideration of the Government of India.

[28 February, 2000]

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Statement

*Percentage of persons Linguistic Group wise in each State/UT in India
(Constituting One percent or more of the total population of the concerned
State/UT)*

(Based on 1991 census)

Sl. No.	Name of the State	Linguistic Minorities with 1% or more of the total population of the State/UT		Total number of persons speaking minority languages
		Language	Percentage	
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	Urdu	8.36	1,01,32,253
		Hindi	2.77	
		Tamil	1.13	
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	Adi	17.94	8,64,558
		Gorkhali/		
		Nepali	9.39	
		Bengali	8.19	
		Hindi	7.31	
		Assamese	5.58	
		Monpa	4.99	
		Tangsa	2.92	
		Oriya	1.07	
		Miri/Mishing	1.03	
Tibetan	1.02			
3.	Assam	Bengali	21.67	94,56,234
		Bodo/Boro	5.28	
		Hindi	4.62	
		Nepali	1.93	
		Miri/Mishing	1.70	
		Mikir	1.58	
4.	Bihar	Urdu	9.89	1,65,28,486
		Santali	2.95	
		Bengali	2.92	

1	2	3	4	5
5.	Goa	Marathi	33.36	5,67,167
		Kannada	4.64	
		Urdu	3.41	
		Hindi	3.17	
		Malayalam	1.11	
6.	Gujarat	Hindi	2.94	35,16,649
		Sindhi	1.70	
		Marathi	1.37	
		Urdu	1.33	
7.	Haryana	Punjabi	7.11	14,81,239
		Urdu	1.60	
8.	Himachal Pradesh	Punjabi	6.28	5,75,262
		Kinnauri	1.19	
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	Dogri	24.39	28,73,947
		Hindi	17.32	
		Punjabi	2.84	
		Ladakhi	1.21	
10.	Karnataka	Urdu	9.96	1,51,92,197
		Telugu	7.39	
		Hindi	1.97	
		Malayalam	1.68	
		Konkani	1.57	
11.	Kerala	Tamil	2.12	10,02,142
12.	Madhya Pradesh	Bhili/Bhilodi	3.35	95,62,080
		Gondi	2.24	
		Marathi	1.94	
		Oriya	1.09	
13.	Maharashtra	Hindi	7.81	2,10,42,348
		Urdu	7.26	
		Gujarati	2.55	
		Telugu	1.42	
		Kannada	1.34	
		Bhili/Bhilodi	1.23	
		Khandeshi	1.06	

1	2	3	4	5
14	Manipur	Thado	5.64	7,27,015
		Tangkhol	5.45	
		Mao	3.89	
		Kabuli	3.50	
		Nepali	2.53	
		Paite	2.24	
		Hmar	1.96	
		Liangmei	1.37	
		Vaiphei	1.37	
		Hindi	1.31	
		Kuki	1.26	
		Bengali	1.06	
15.	Meghalaya	Bengali	8.13	17,74,778
		Nepali	2.77	
		Hindi	2.19	
		Assamese	1.92	
		Rabha	1.15	
		Koch	1.05	
16.	Mizoram	Bengali	8.57	6,89,756
		Tripuri	3.83	
		Lakher	3.33	
		Pawi	2.22	
		Hmar	1.38	
		Hindi	1.28	
		Nepali	1.20	
		Paite	1.12	
17.	Nagaland	Sema	12.58	12,09,546
		Konyak	11.37	
		Angami	8.06	
		Lotha	6.98	
		Phom	5.40	
		Chakru/		
		Chekri	3.98	
		Yimehungre	3.79	
		Hindi	3.36	

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1	2	3	4	5
		Bengali	3.16	
		Zeliang	2.80	
		Rengma	2.71	
		Chang	2.68	
		Nepali	2.67	
		Chakhesang	2.46	
		Khiemnungam	1.95	
		Kuki	1.21	
		Assamese	1.09	
18.	Orissa	Hindi	2.40	54,60,390
		Telugu	2.10	
		Santali	2.09	
		Kui	2.01	
		Urdu	1.59	
		Bengali	1.40	
19.	Punjab	Hindi	7.29	15,77,508
20.	Rajasthan	Bhili/Bhilodi	5.13	45;95,022
		Urdu	2.17	
		Punjabi	1.90	
21.	Sikkim	Bhotia	8.02	1,50,039
		Lepcha	7.34	
		Limbu	6.64	
		Hindi	4.89	
		Sherpa	3.41	
22.	Tamil Nadu	Telugu	7.12	74,24,202
		Kannada	2.16	
		Urdu	1.86	
		Malayalam	1.18	
23.	Tripura	Tripuri	23.50	8,58,043
		Hindi	1.66	
		Mogh	1.01	
24.	Uttar Pradesh	Urdu	8.98	1,37,63,795
25.	West Bengal	Hindi	6.58	95,36,446
		Santali	2.73	

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1	2	3	4	5
		Urdu	2.14	
		Nepali	1.26	
26.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Tamil	19.07	2,80,661
		Hindi	17.63	
		Telugu	11.75	
		Nicobarese	9.34	
		Malayalam	9.29	
		Kurukh/Oraon	3.30	
		Munda	1.05	
27.	Chandigarh	Punjabi	34.72	2,49,961
28.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Gujarati	21.91	1,38,477
		Konkani	12.32	
		Hindi	5.05	
		Marathi	3.56	
29.	Daman & Diu	Hindi	3.59	9,007
		Marathi	1.24	
30.	Delhi	Punjabi	7.94	17,30,013
		Urdu	5.45	
		Bengali	1.29	
31.	Lakshadweep	—	—	—
32.	Pondicherry	Malayalam	4.75	87,312
		Telugu	4.31	

(i) Concerned State UT.

(ii) In most of the North Eastern States, the entire population is taken to be of Linguistic Minorities as there is no language whose speakers constitute 50% or more of the State's population.

Amendment to Khwaja Saheb Durgah Act

†388. SHRI ONKAR SINGH LAKHAWAT: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the proposal of amendment to Khwaja Saheb Durgah is under

†Original notice of the Question was received in Hindi.