

[8 December, 1999]

RAJYA SABHA

(c) The total non-coking coal stock at pithead of Coal India Limited and SCCL as on 31st March, 1997, 1998 and 1999 are as follows:—

(Figs, in million tonnes)
(Data provisional)

Year	CIL	SCCL
31.3.97	22.26	1.83
31.3.98	20.33	1.37
31.3.99	25.21	1.69

Coal Plants

866. SHRI SURYABHAN PATIL VAHADANE: Will the Minister of MINES AND MINERALS be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of Coal Plants working in the country particularly in Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh & Maharashtra;
- (b) whether Government have formulated any policy for smooth working of these coal plants, for the benefit of the country; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof and if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF MINES AND MINERALS (PROF. RITA VERMA): (a) It is assumed that the Hon'ble member is seeking information in respect of operating coal handling plants, in which case the details are as under:—

State-wise break-up of Coal Handling Plants (CHPs) in operation (including mini CHPs).

State	No. of CHPs
Bihar	44
Orissa	12
Madhya Pradesh	76
Maharashtra	36
TOTAL	168

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. Through the implementation of the government policy for the smooth operation of Coal Handling Plants, the performance of these plants in regard to supply of sized coal is as Under:—

1997-98 1998-99 1999-	91.0%
2000 (Apr.Sept'99)	91.3%
	95.0%

Power Generation from Non-Conventional Sources by NGOs.

867. SHRI VEDPRAKASH P. GOYAL: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL, ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the present power generation, in percentage, from Non-Conventional Sources of Energy;

(b) how the Non-Government agencies are associated in the effort to increase this percentage;

(c) whether any criteria has been laid down for NGOs to be associated or to receive grants from Government to enhance the use of Non-Conventional Energy Sources; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN: (a) The present installed power generation capacity from non-conventional sources of energy is about 1576 MW which is about 1.70% of the total installed power generation capacity of the country.

(b) Non-Government Organizations (NGOs) have been associated with the Government's efforts to popularize non-conventional energy sources mainly in direct implementation of the National Project on Biogas Development (NPBD) and National Programme on Improved Chulha (NPIC). NGOs are also entitled for receiving grants under various schemes relating to the Wind, Small Hydro, Biomass Co-generation, Energy from Urban & Industrial Waste Sectors, etc.

(c) and (d) The Government provides funds to NGOs for implementation of non-conventional energy sources programmes based on the subsidy pattern and incentives provided under the various renewable energy programmes subject to fulfillment of the terms and conditions of General Financial Rules.