39

of tonnes, how much of edible oil production is expected during this year?

MINISTER **SUP** THE OF CIVIL PLIES, CONSUMERS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI A. K. AN TONY): (a) and (b) The pro curement of wheat during 1993-94 rabi market season has broken all previous cords and stood at 128.35 lakh tonnes as on 13.8.93 as against the highest level at 110.65 lakh tonnes achieved in 1990-91. The procurement of rice (including paddy tin terms of rice) has also broken all previous records during 1992-93 kbarif marketing sea son and it stood at 130.35 lakh ton nes as on 13.8.93, out of which 12.50 lakh tonnes was procured in Tamil Nadu and Gujarat which do not con tribute to the Central Pool. Prior to 1992-93 .kharif season, the highest (including procureent of rice "paddy of rice) was recorded in 1990-91 kharif 'season when it was 126.76 lakh tonnes.

The position of availability of edible oil appears to be allright. However Government is reviewling the availability position of edible oil. Government may, if necessary to keep prices under cheek, take necessary steps to enhance the availability for meeting festival demand etc. There are adequate stocks of wheat and rice to meet the requirements of Public Distribution System. The Higher availability of rice and wheat for PDS is expected to have sobering effect on the prices. It fis not possible to quantity the fall in prices in future. The distribution of these commodities through PDS directly helps: poor sections of the society as these are supplied at cheaper rates than the market prices. The higher pro-ducion of edible oils will help in keeping their prices under control.

(c) The edible oil production from all domestic sources this year is expected' to "be around 61 lakh M:T.

स/र्बजनिक वितरण प्रणाली के अस्तर्गत मोहे अनःजों अरपुरित

> * 368. श्री आनन्द प्रकाश गौतम : श्रीसोम पाल:

वया वागरिक ग्रायति उपभोकता मामले भीर सार्वजितिक वितरण मंत्री यह बताने की कपाकरेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या भारत सरकार के कि मंत्रालय तथा कृषि संबंधी संसदीय समिति ने सार्वजीनक वितरण प्रणाली के माध्यम से जनसाधारण को विभिन्न मोटे ग्रनाज उपलब्ध, कराये जाने की सिफारिश की है ;
- (ख) यदि हां, तो उनके मंत्रालय ने इस संबंध में क्या निर्णय लिया है :
- (ग) क्या सरकार को इस बात की जानकारी है कि इन मोटे देसी अनाजों में लवण, खनिज प्रोटीन, कार्बोहाइडेट अौर खाद्य तेलों ग्रादि जैसे सभी पौष्टिक तत्वों का ग्रादर्श ग्रनुपात में सम्मिश्रण है ;
- (घ) यदि हां, तो इनके भोजन में मोटे ग्रनाजों के ग्रधिक उपयोग के बारे में जनसाधारण को शिक्षित करने के लिए सरकार क्या कदम उठाने का विचार रखती है ;
- (क) क्या सरकार इस संबंध में हैदराबाद स्थित पौष्टिकता **अन्संधान** संस्थान से शोध कराकर उसके निष्कर्षों का प्रचार करने का विचार रखती है : और
- (च) यदि हां, तो किन मध्यमों, ग्रीद नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं?

नागरिक आपूर्ति, उपभोक्ता मामले ग्रौर सार्वजनिक[े] वितरण मंत्री (श्री ए०के० एंटनी): (क) जी हां।

(ख) केन्द्रीय सरकार ने महाराष्ट्र. मध्य प्रदेश, गजरात, राजस्थान, हरियाणा, कर्नाटक, शांध्र प्रदेश तथा उडीसा को ञ्वार, बाजरा, मक्का, जैसे मोटे ग्राबंटित किए हैं।

42

- (ग) सरकार स्रावादी को पौषणिक खाद्य उपलब्ध कराने में मोटे श्रनाजी की क्षमता से वाक्फि है। जवार, तथा रागी ऊर्जा के महत्वपूर्णस्रोत हैं खजिन तथा रेशा भी प्राप्त भ्रौर उनसे
- (घ) विभिन्न क्षेत्रों तथा समाज [।]वभिन्न स्तः के ल (ग भिन्त-भिन्त खाशान्त्रों को पसन्द करते हैं। तथापि, शहरी तथा ग्रादिवासी क्षेत्रों के लोगों को खाद्य श्रीर पोषाहार बोर्ड की 27 राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों में स्थित पोपाहार विस्तार एकको द्वारा शुरु की गई पोषाहार शिक्षा संबंधी गतिविधियों के जरिए मोटे ब्रनाओं के पौषणिक महत्व के बारे में शिक्षित करने के प्रयास किए गए है।
- (ङ) ग्रौर (च) पोषहार ग्रन्संधान संस्थान, हैदराबाद तथा अन्य संस्थान, विभिन्त खाद्यानों के पोषणिक केबारे में लगातार ग्रन्संधान कार्यक्रमो में संलग्न रहते हैं!

State of Consumer movement in the country

*369. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHA-RMA: Will the Minister of CIVIL. SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact .that the development of consumer movement is lopsided at present;
- (b) whether Government have identified the weak spots in this regard;
- (c) what steps Government propose to take for even development of the movement in the country;
- (d) the names of the States which fledged organisations to have full with the spread of movement; deal and
- (e) whether any central aid is being given to the States to boost consumer movement if so, break up thereof, Statewise?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL SUP CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PLIES. DISTRIBUTION (SHRI A. K. PUBLIC ANTONY); (a) to (c) Consumer protection programme covers the tire country including urban, semiurban and rural areas. Consumer movement itself is a recent develop ment in our country. At present, the movement is mainly restricted ban and semi-urban areas where population is literate and aware of their the rights. Dur to vastness o. the country and large sections of illiterate population, it will some time for the movement to the rural and remote areas. Govern ment has taken a number of for the development o'f the movement". Such steps include enactment and en forcement of the Consumer Protec tion Act, 1986; organisation of semi nars, training programmes, work shops. exhibitions etc.: preparation and free distribution of audio visual/ printed material: broadcasting of weekly programme like "Apne Adhikar" from AIR; publishing of quar "Upabhokta terly journal Jagaran"; national institution of awards for vouths. consumer organisations and women and grant o'f financial assis tance to consumer organisations. Inall these schemes attempt is made to give preference to rural areas and individualslorganisations with а rural base.

- (d) In States, Departments dealing with civil supplies functions have been designated nodal agency for implementing programmes on consu. mer protection. Some States like Gujarat have set up fulfledged agency like Consumer Affairs and Protection Agency of Gujarat (CAPAG) to deal with the subject. However, there is no system of patronising any private organisation by the States for this purpose.
- (e) Central Government has initiated a scheme to give financial assistance to the States | UTs to the extent of Rs. 40,000]- per annum for undertaking consumer awareness programmes. Year-wise particular*