

SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE: The conditions are on what we grant the licence because we allow it only for dairy and breeding purposes. Regarding the second ques.

tion of smuggling _____ {Interruptions}

Sir, I am on my legs. I am not entering into any argument on this. He has put a question and I have given my reply to the best of my ability. Let him not educate me. Therefore, my point is that I have stated in the first part of the reply that we have exported this much quantum. There are conditions. Health certificates are to be provided. The purpose for which these are 'wing exported is to be certified and in respect of movements the provisions of the various laws which are followed by the State Governments are to be followed. The movement of cattle is within the jurisdiction of the State Government. Sir, a large number of commodities and cattle are being smuggled into that country because of the long border. So, whenever there is an exchange of views, apart from normal trade negotiations and bilateral meetings at the joint working group level, these things are being discussed. We have strengthened the enforcement machinery by deploying the border security forces, by having more outposts, by patro-ling, etc. All these traditional methods are taken into account.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

पब्लिक यूटीलिटी कमीशन की स्थापना

*685. प्रो० विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा :
श्रीमती सुखमा स्वराज :

क्या नागरिक आपूर्ति, उपभोक्ता मन्त्रालय और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार ने आम उपभोक्ता के हितों की रक्षा करने के लिए राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर पब्लिक यूटीलिटी कमीशन स्थापित करने के संबंध में कोई निर्णय लिया है ;

(ख) यदि हाँ, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) यदि इस संबंध में अब तक कोई निर्णय नहीं लिया गया है, तो इसमें विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं ; और

(घ) भविष्य में कब तक कमीशन गठित किये जाने की संभावना है ?

नागरिक आपूर्ति, उपभोक्ता मामले और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री (श्री ए.के. एंटनी) : (क से (घ) सरकार इसकी जांच कर रही है। तथापि, पब्लिक यूटीलिटी कमीशन स्थापित करने के बारे में निर्णय केवल संबंधित मंत्रालयों/विभागों और राज्य सरकारों के साथ परामर्श के बाद ही लिया जा सकता है।

Bill regarding pension scheme for PF contributors

*686. SHRI GURIJIDAS DAS GUPTA :
SHRI JALALUDDIN ANSARI :

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have completed its talks with various trade unions on the proposed Bill regarding introduction of a pension scheme for the provident fund contributors; and

(b) if so, by when the Bill is expected to be brought before Parliament ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE
MINISTRY OF HEALTH

AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Bill to amend the EPF & M.P. Act, 1952 for enabling the Central Government to frame a suitable pension scheme is already pending before the Rajya Sabha.

Execution of public sector projects

*687. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
PROF. VIJAY KUMAR
MALHOTRA:

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) the progress made so far in respect of each of the public sector projects which are at present under execution ;

(b) how many of these projects have so far utilised 50 percent or more of their allocated funds and how many of them have completed 50 per cent or more of the commissioning schedule and if not, what are the reasons therefor in each case;

(c) what action is proposed to be taken on the remaining projects in the light of the existing financial crunch ;

(d) what are the reasons for the slow progress on these projects; and

(e) how far the postponement of the implementation of some of the projects will affect the production in the core sector?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMA-NGO): (a) As on 1-1-94, 367 Central Sector Project costing Rs. 20 crore and above were under execution and on the monitor of Department of Programme Implementation. The Progress made in each of 367 Public

Sector Projects is given in the Quarterly Project Implementation Status Report of Deptt. of Programme Implementation for the quarter ending December '93. Copies of this Report are available in the Parliament Library for reference.

(b) Out of 367 projects under execution as many as 142 projects have utilised more than 50 percent of their allocated fund i.e. latest approved cost and have also completed 50 percent or more of the latest approved commissioning schedule. The main reasons for not utilising the approved funds by the remaining projects are delay in land acquisition, fund constraints, inadequate project preparation, delay in supply of equipment etc. The Project-wise details are given in the Quarterly Report of Department of Programme Implementation, copies of which are available in Parliament Library.

(c) Various measures are being taken by the Government for speedy implementation of these projects such as intensive monitoring of projects at various levels, expediting the approval of Revised Cost Estimates, setting up of Task Force/Empowered Committees for finalisation of contract packages, land acquisition and other specific problems. To meet the resource gap mobilisation from the market is resorted to.

(d) The major reasons for slow progress of these projects are delay in land acquisition, inadequate project preparation, change in project scope, delay in award of contracts, slow progress by contractors, delay in supply of equipment, fund constraints and law and order problems and other unforeseen delays such as geological faults, etc.

(e) No postponement has taken place in the implementation of any project; though some of the projects are under consideration of the Government for transfer to the private/joint sector. The question of loss of production in the core sector does not arise