

Statement

*District-wise/State-wise number of houses sanctioned to beedi workers in
Andhra Pradesh during last five years under beedi workers welfare fund*

Name of the State/District	No. of Houses sanctioned to beedi workers				
	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008
Andhra Pradesh					
Karimnagar	661	1280	7246	—	2313
Warangal	295	373	150	2561	480
Medak	90	2331	2582	897	—
Vellore	—	—	—	—	—
Chittoor	—	22	—	—	—
Adilabad	55	430	165	—	1285
Nizamabad	542	1834	769	2590	1652
Cuddapah	—	—	—	2849	—
Nellore	253	—	—	160	—
Mahaboobnagar	120	66	—	—	—
Guntur	02	—	—	831	—
Nalgonda	—	262	—	1597	132
Kurnool	—	395	—	—	817
TOTAL	2018	6993	10912	11485	6679

Implementation of National Child Labour Programme

1045. SHRI N. BALAGANGA: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government has identified a huge number of child labours in the country;
- (b) if so, the number of child labours identified/rescued during the last three years;
- (c) the names of the districts in the country in which the National Child Labour Programme is implemented, State-wise;

(d) whether Government has any proposal to expand the programme to other parts of the country; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) and (b) The Government has identified and mainstreamed around 4.81 lakh Child labours during the last three years.

(c) The names of the districts in the country in which the National child Labour Programme is implemented, State-wise is given in the statement (See below).

(d) and (e) Yes, Sir. Government has a proposal to expand the programme to other parts of the country subject to requisite approvals from various departments of the Government, viz. Planning Commission and Ministry of Finance.

Statement

List of districts covered under NCLP Scheme

S. No.	Name of States	No. of Districts	Name of the Districts
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	23	Ananatapur, Chittor, Cuddapah, East Godavari, Guntur, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Kurnool, Medak, Nalgonda, Khammam, Nellore, Nizamabad, Prakasam, Rangareddy, Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Vishakhapatnam, Warangal, West Godavari, Mehbubnagar, Adilabad and Krishna
2.	Assam	3	Nagaon, Kokrajhar and Lakhimpur
3.	Bihar	24	Nalanda, Saharsa, Jamui, Katihar, Araria, Gaya, East Champaran, West Champaran, Madhepura, Patna, Supaul, Samastipur, Madhubani, Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur, Nawada, Khagaria, Sitamarhi, Kishanganj, Begusarai, Banka, Saran, Purnia and Bhagalpur
4.	Chhattisgarh	8	Durg, Bilaspur, Rajnandgaon, Surguja, Raigarh, Dantewada, Raipur and Korba
5.	Gujarat	9	Surat, Panchmahals, Bhuj, Banas Kantha, Dahod, Vadodara, Bhavnagar, Ahmedabad and Rajkot

1	2	3	4
6.	Haryana	3	Gurgaon, Faridabad and Panipat
7.	Jammu and Kashmir	3	Jammu, Srinagar and Udhampur
8.	Jharkhand	9	Garwah, Sahibganj, Dumka, Pakur, West Singhbhum (Chaibasa), Gumla, Palamu, Ranchi and Hazaribagh
9.	Karnataka	17	Bijapur, Raichur, Dharwad, Bangalore Rural, Bangalore Urban, Belgaum, Koppal, Tumkur, Devangere, Haveri, Mysore, Bagalkot, Chitradurga, Gulbarga, Bellary, Kolar and Mandya.
10.	Madhya Pradesh	17	Mandsaur, Gwalior, Ujjain, Barwani, Rewa, Dhar, East Nimar (Khandwa), Rajgarh, Chhindwara, Shivpuri, Sidhi, Gana, Betul, Shajapur, Ratlam, West Nimar (Khargon) and Jhabua
11.	Maharashtra	13	Solapur, Thane, Pune, Ahmadnagar, Sangli, Kolhapur, Jalgaon, nadurbar, Nanded, Nasik, Yavatmal, Dhule and Beed.
12.	Mizoram	1	Aizwal
13.	Kerala	1	Dimapur
14.	Nagaland	18	Angul, Bargarh, Bolangir, Deogarh, Gajapati (Udayagiri), Ganjam, Jharsuguda, Kalahandi, Koraput, Malkangiri, Mayurbhanj, Nabarangpur, Nuapada, Rayagada, Sambalpur, Sonapur, Cuttack and Balasore
15.	Punjab	3	Jalandhar, Ludhiana and Amritsar
16.	Rajasthan	23	Jaipur, Udaipur, Tonk, Jodhpur, Ajmer, Alwar, Jalor, Churu, Nagaur, Chittaurgarh, Banswara, Dhaulpur, Sikar, Dungarpur, Bharatpur, Bikaner, Jhunjhunu, Bundi, Jhalawar, Pali, Bhilwara, Ganganagar and Barmer.
17.	Tamil Nadu	13	Chidambaranar (Tuticorin), Coimbatore, Dharmapuri, Vellore, Pudukkottai, Salem, Tiruchirapalli, Tirunelveli, Krishnagiri, Chennai, Erode, Dindigul and Theni.

1	2	3	4
18.	Uttar Pradesh	42	Varanasi, Mirzapur, Bhadohi, Bulandshahar, Saharanpur, Azamgarh, Muzaffarnagar, Gonda, Kheri, Bahraich, Balrampur, Hardoi, Barabanki, Sitapur, Faizabad, Badaun, Gorakhpur, Kushinagar, Maharajganj, Siddharthnagar, Rae Bareli, Unnao, Sultanpur, Fatehpur, Sharavasti, Pratapgarh, Basti, Sonebhadra, Mau, Deoria, Banda, Ghaziabad, Jaunpur, Rampur, Bareilly, Lucknow, Meerut, Etawah, Agra, Ghazipur, Mathura and Etah.
19.	Uttaranchal	1	Dehradun
20.	West Bengal	19	Burdwan, North Dinajpur, South Dinajpur, North 24-Parganas, South 24-Parganas, Kolkata, Murshidabad Midnapore, Maldah, Bankura, Purulia, Birbhum Nadia, Hugli, Howarah,. Jalpaiguri, Cooch Bihar and East Midnapore, Darjeeling.
TOTAL		250	

Retrenchment due to global economic recession

†1046. SHRI SHIVANAND TIWARI:

DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to global economic recession labourers in several industries are being retrenched;

(b) if so, names of the industries where the process of retrenchment has been started; and

(c) the number of labourers expected to be retrenched during the year 2008 and 2009 as per official assessments?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) and (b) As per the newspaper reports, in certain industrial sectors, job losses are taking place. The reports suggest that the job losses have occurred in sectors like textiles, garment, construction, automobiles and steel.

(c) Such an assessment has not been made in the Ministry of Labour and Employment.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.