

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
13.	Kerala	911	1345	949	396	*
14.	Madhya Pradesh	1192	1278	839	439	353
15.	Maharashtra	1780	3157	3158	*	*
16.	Manipur	72	95	67	28	5
17.	Meghalaya	101	127	123	4	*
18.	Mizoram	57	57	35	22	22
19.	Nagaland	87	53	53	0	34
20.	Orissa	1282	1353	1353	0	*
21.	Punjab	484	646	373	273	111
22.	Rajasthan	1713	1517	1506	11	207
23.	Sikkim	24	48	48	0	*
24.	Tamil Nadu	1380	3806	2257	1549	*
25.	Tripura	73	161	152	9	*
26.	Uttaranchal	225	272	182	90	43
27.	Uttar Pradesh	3660	NA	NA	NA	NA
28.	West Bengal	1173	1560	1319	241	*
29.	A & N Islands	20	36	36	0	*
30.	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
31.	D & N Haveli	6	6	6	0	0
32.	Daman and Diu	3	5	5	0	*
33.	Delhi	8	31	23	8	*
34.	Lakshadweep	4	4	4	0	0
35.	Puducherry	39	63	63	0	*
ALL INDIA <sup>2</sup>		23236	24476	20308	4282	1004

NOTES:

Figures are provisional

NA: Not Available.

\* Surplus.

1 One per each Primary Health Centre.

2 For calculating the overall percentage of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available should be excluded.

**Increase in the number of cancer patients**

877. SHRI A. ELAVARASAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the number of new cancer patients have increased to 85000 annually;
- (b) if so, whether Government has analyzed the reasons for such hazardous situation;
- (c) whether Government has conducted any survey to find out the reasons for increasing number of cancer patients in India;
- (d) if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) the fiscal allocation to combat increasing number of cancer cases for the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) According to the Indian Council of Medical Research, based on Population Cancer Registries, the number of new cancer cases occurring every year in India is estimated to be about 9 lakhs.

(b) to (d) No survey has been conducted by this Ministry regarding cancer cases in the country. However, the absolute number of cancer cases is increasing due to several factors *e.g.* unhealthy lifestyle, use of tobacco, increasing aging population, environmental pollution etc.

(e) The allocation for the National Cancer Control Programme during the last three years is as under:

Year	Allocation
2006-07	73.30 cr.
2007-08	110.00 cr.
2008-09	105.00 cr.

#### Financial aid to Pasteur Institute of India

878. SHRIMATI BRINDA KARAT: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government has approved an outlay of Rs.60 crores in September, 2007 for Pasteur Institute of India (PII), Coonoor during the Eleventh Five Year Plan period (2007-2012);
- (b) whether Rs.10 crores had already been released for the year 2007-08 out of the approved amount; and
- (c) if so, the details of outlay utilized during this period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) The final outlay approved for Pasteur Institute of India, Coonoor for the Eleventh Five Year Plan (2007-2012) is Rs.280.00 crores.

(b) and (c) An amount of Rs. 10.00 crores was released as grant-in-aid to Pasteur Institute of India, Coonoor during 2007-08 which has been utilized by the Institute for meeting Plan expenditure.