

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
8 Kerala		4	.	.	5	1	.	.	.
9. Madhya Pradesh		7	1	.	8	2	.	.	.
10. Maharashtra		21	3	.	15	8	.	.	.
11. Orissa		6	.	.	6	1	.	.	.
12. Punjab		4	.	.	2	1	.	.	.
13. Rajasthan		5	3	.	3	2	.	.	Nil
14. Tamil Nadu		2	1	2	2	.	.	1	.
15. Uttar Pradesh		10	3	.	10	4	1	.	.
16. West Bengal		1	.	.	12	1	.	.	.
17. Chandigarh		1	.	.	1
18. Delhi		1	2	.	2
ALL INDIA		102	17	2	97	26	2	1	.

Medical aid to Aids patients

3092. **SHRI RAMACHANDRAN PILLAI:** Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of persons affected by Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), State/Union Territory-wise;

(b) what steps Government have taken to provide medical aid to those affected;

(c) whether it is a fact that the All India Institute of Medical Sciences had issued instructions that the suspected AIDS cases were to be turned away; and

(d) what steps Government have taken to prevent further spread of the disease?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI SIDDHARTHA):
(a) As on 1st February, 1992, out of

12,73,829 persons (at risk behaviour) screened, 6683 have been found to be HIV positive i.e. 104 persons have developed full blown AIDS cases. State-wise break up of AIDS cases is given in statement enclosed. (See below)

(b) Thirteen regional institutions (Medical Colleges/Hospitals) have been strengthened and provided assistance for training of clinicians, para medical staff; treatment, diagnosis and management of HIV infected persons.

(c) According to information given by All India Institute of Medical Sciences, no such instructions have been issued.

(d) The National AIDS Control Programme was started in 1987 for prevention and control of AIDS. The activities undertaken so far include:—

Organising a surveillance system for determining the prevalence and infectivity trends in groups practising at risk behaviour.

- promoting safety of blood and blood products by establishment of testing facilities for screening blood banks on a zonal basis.
- health education.
- formulation of guidelines for hospital infection control.
- strengthening of 13 regional hospitals and training of clinicians and para medical staff in diagnosis and management of infected patients.

- implementing focused activity plans in States/UTs where a relatively larger number of HIV infected persons have been detected on the basis of surveillance.

Negotiations have been concluded recently with the World Bank for funding the National AIDS Project for a period of five years beginning April, 1992 involving an outlay of US \$ 100 million (Rs. 270 crores). Under this project, prevention and control activities will be implemented throughout the country.

Statement 3

Statement showing distribution of Aids Cases

Name of the State/UT..	No. of AIDS case
1. Jammu and Kashmir	1
2. Punjab	8
3. Haryana	1
4. Delhi	15
5. Uttar Pradesh	1
6. Rajasthan	1
7. Gujarat	1
8. Maharashtra	54
9. Goa	2
10. Kerala	2
11. Tamil Nadu	9
12. Pondicherry	3
13. Andhra Pradesh	1
14. West Bengal	1
15. Manipur	4
TOTAL :	104