

(ii) Scheme of Assistance to Voluntary Agencies for undertaking volunteer-based total literacy campaigns in the Districts or a part thereof.

(iii) Scheme for Assistance to Voluntary Agencies for Non-Formal Education for 6—14 age group Children under the Programme of Universalisation of Elementary Education.

(iv) There is a provision for financial assistance to Voluntary Agencies under the Scheme of Mahila Samakhyas which aims at empowerment and education of women.

There is no special scheme in the Health Sector being implemented only through voluntary organisations. However, grant-in-aid is provided by Government to voluntary organisation for specific work in all Health Sector- Programmes including National Health Programmes.

The important programmes are as follows:—

- (i) Improvement of Medical Services.
- (ii) Special Health Schemes for rural areas.
- (iii) National T.B. Control Programme-Civ) National Leprosy Eradication Programme.
- (v) National Programme for Control of Blindness.
- (vi) National Cancer Control Programme.
- (vii) Grant-in-aid to Under-graduate Colleges of ISM and Homoeopathy run by voluntary organisations.
- (viii) National Malaria Eradication Programmes.
- (ix) National Family Welfare Programme etc.

### **Allegations against some principles of Kendriya Vidyalayas**

3396. SHRI K. G. MAHESHWARAPPA:  
SHRI K. K. VEERAPPAN:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of Principals of Kendriya Vidyalayas have been facing allegations of different nature;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the results of preliminary and/ or formal enquiries made against each. of them?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha-

### **शिक्षा पर व्यय**

3397. श्री राम जेठमलानी:

सरदार जगजीत सिंह झरोड़ा:

क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि 1964 में कोठारी आयोग ने यह सुझाव दिया था कि बजट की कुल धनराशि का 6 प्रतिशत शिक्षा पर खर्च किया जाना चाहिए ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि 1986 की नयी शिक्षा नीति में इस बात पर जोर दिया गया था कि आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना और उससे आगे की अवधि के दौरान शिक्षा पर बजट की कुल धनराशि का 8 प्रतिशत व्यय किया जाये ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो 1991-92 के दौरान शिक्षा पर बजट की कुल धनराशि का 1.30 प्रतिशत ही व्यय करने का निर्णय लेने के क्या कारण हैं ?