(c) by when the above proposal is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. SHAKE-ELUR REHMAN): (a) to (c) In order to protect the non-smoking public, from the hazards of passive smoking, instructions have been issued to prohibit tobacco smoking to start with, in a few selected places, namely, hospitals, dispensaries and other health care establishments, educational institutions, conference rooms, domestic airflights, airconditioned chaircars and airconditioned sleeper coaches in trains, sub-urban trains and airconditioned buses.

Higher incidence of mortality amongst female children

380. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KAL-VALA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to Btate:

- (a) whether it is a fact that about 12 million female children are born every year in India but 1. 5 million do not live to see their first birthday as reported in the Indian Express of 4th October, 1990;
- fb) if so, what are the details in this regard during the last three years, yearwise and State-wise; and
- (c) what steps are contemplated by Government to improve the situation?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. SHA-KEELUR REHMAN): (a) As estimated by Registrar General of India, the annual number of female live births was 11. 4 million and female infant deaths was 1. 1 million (9. 65 per cent) for the year 1988. During the same year, number of male live birth is 12. 4 million and male infant death was 1. 2 million (9. 68 per cent)

- (b) Details in relation to major States is for 1985, 86, 87 is annexed. (See below)
- (c) The Steps taken/proposed to be taken to further reduce infant mortaility rate, inter-alia, include 100 per cent immuniza tion of all infants and pregnant women, intensification and universalisation of Maternal and Child Health Programmes, like control of Acute Respiratory Infec Prophylaxis against nutritional tions. anaemia and propogation of Oral Rehy dration Therapy to combat dehydration due to diarrhoea. It is also proposed to fur ther strengthen the health infrastructure and undertake training of traditional birth attendants to promote safe delivery. Due emphasis will continue to be given on breast feeding, proper weaning practices and supplementary nutrition under Integ rated Child Development Scheme. Specific area Development Projects for bringing about qualitative and quantitative improve ment in the health delivery system has been undertaken in States/Districts with high infant mortality.

Statemen
Infant mortality rates by sex lnd and Major States 1985, 1986, 1987

States	1985		1986		Male	1987
	Male	Female	Male	Female	•	Femrle
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Andhra Pradesh	86	79	S3	80	80	77
Assam	116	105	110	107	103	100
Bihar	104	107	95	107	99	104
Gujarat	97	99	104	110	90	106
'Haryana	78	93	77	93	79	96

Source RGL SRS 1985, 1986. 1987 (Statement 30)

Use of harmful chemicals in synthetic detergent powers and cakes

381. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH **AND** FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) what are the harmful chemicals used in the manufacture of synthetic detergent powders and cakes;
- (b) whether there is any prescribed/ maximum percentage of there harmful chemicals to be used; and
- (c) what action has been taken or is proposed to be taken to protect the interests of the consumers from the ill-effects of harmful chemicals used in excess of the permissible limit in the manufacture of such detergents?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. SHA-KEELUR REHMAN): (a) and (b) The chemicals used in the manufacture of synthetic detergent powders and cakes along with their permissible percentages are given in the statement attached (Annexure-I). Since exact chemical composition of

various detergent powders and cakes is a trade secret, hence generalization regarding chemical composition of detergents can not be made. Sodium Carbonate, Sodium Hydoxide and acid slurry can cause skin injuries. These are the main ingredients of the commercially available detergent powers. (See below)

(c) Consumer protection is brought about by education of the community through consumer protection forums.

Statement

Name of the Chemicals	Percentage		
Alkyl Benzene Sulfornate.	14-32%		
Foam Booster Lauryl Alcohol	1-2%		
Sodium Tri Poly Phosphate	2 45%		
Sodium Cabroxy Methyl Cellulose	0-6-1%		