

way the Agricultural Costs and Prices Commission are fixing support prices for various products-;

(b) if so, what were the grounds on which the working of the ACPC was assailed; and

(c) whether any model formula has been laid down for the computation of the support prices by the ACPC if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JAYANTILAL VIRCHAND-BHAI SHAH): (a) The Committee, constituted under the Chairmanship of Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh to go into the issues relating to declaring Agriculture as an Industry, has made certain observations in its Report on the methodology followed by the Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices in recommending Procurement/minimum prices for various crops.

(b) Committee has not agreed with the methodology- followed by CACP in recommending procurement/minimum support prices of crops. It has recommended that support price of farm products be linked to parity price, determined according to Principle of Parity, with base year 1970-71—180.

(c) No, Sir.

Supply of Drinking Water under International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade

1132. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the impact of the international Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (IDW-SSD) on providing safe-drinking

water to villages in different States and Union Territories; and

(b) the expenditure incurred so far thereon State/Union Territory-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI RAM BAHADUR SINGH): (a) During the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (IDWSSD), 192, 024 problem villages were covered in the Sixth Plan and 153, 390 problem villages in the Seventh Plan with safe drinking water facilities. As on 1. 4. 1990, there were 8332 problem villages which have spilled over to VIII Plan. Out of these, 5170 problem villages are likely to be covered in 1990-91.

(b) the expenditure incurred under the State Sector Minimum Needs Programme and Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme during the Sixth Plan and the Seventh Plan and in 1990-91 so far is given in the Annexure. (See Appendix CLVI, Annexure No. 29)

Report of High Powered Committee on Farm Policies

1133. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD;

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state. -

(a) whether a noted economist and a member of the High Powered Committee on farm policies has disassociated himself from the committee's report;

(b) if so, on what grounds; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

(SHRI JAYANTILAL VIRCHAND BHAI SHAH); (a) Former Economic & Statistical Adviser- who was also a member of the High Powered Com-mitee on. Agricultural Polices and Programmes, has submitted a note of dissent on 'Farm Price' issue;

(b) Difference of opinion has been expressed on the observations made by the Committees regarding the following important matters:

(i) Terms of Reference of the Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices,.

(ii) Formula for arriving at Price Policy,...

(iii) Reliability of Cost of Production estimates and. factors taken into account while calculating such cost,

(iv) Recommendations of Expert? Committee for Review of Methodology of Cost of Production of crops regarding statutory minimum wages being made the basis for estimating the cost of Production.

(c) The Recommendations of the Committee including the note of dissent are under examination.

दालों का उत्पादन

1134. सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा
डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जन :

क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि वर्ष 1950-51 में देश में दालों का उत्पादन 8.4 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन था और वर्ष 1988-89 में इसका उत्पादन बढ़कर 13.7 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन हो गया है ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि पिछले दो दशकों में दालों की खेती का क्षेत्रफल कम हो गया है ;

(ग) यदि हां, तो छोटे, सातवें और आठवें दशक के अंत में कितनी भूमि पर दालों की खेती की जा रही थी ; और

(घ) क्या दालों के उत्पादन में वृद्धि के लिए कोई विशेष प्रयास और अनुसंधान कार्य किये गये हैं यदि हां, तो इस

संबंध में व्यौरा क्या है और देश के किन-किन क्षेत्रों में इन अनुसंधानों का उपयोग किया गया है ?

कृषि मंत्रालय में और सहकारिता विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जयन्तीलाल वीरचन्द भाई शाह) :

(क) 1950-51 में दालों का उत्पादन 8.4 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन था । यह बढ़कर 1988-89 में 13.85 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन हो गया है ।

(ख) पिछले दो दशकों में देश में दालों की खेती के अधीन आने वाले क्षेत्र में कमी नहीं आयी है । इसमें 20.92 मिलियन हैक्टेयर और 244.45 मिलियन हैक्टेयर के बीच उतार-चढ़ाव होता रहा है ।

(ग) सातवें, आठवें और नवें दशकों की समाप्ति के वर्षों के दौरान दालों के अधीन निम्नांकित क्षेत्र रहा है :

वर्ष	दालों के अधीन क्षेत्र (मिलियन हैक्टेयर)
1969-70	22.04
1979-80	22.26
1989-90	23.22

(घ) उन्नत बीजों, पौध रक्षण उपायों, उन्नत उपकरणों और प्रदर्शनों को शामिल करने वाला एक व्यापक कार्यक्रम राष्ट्रीय झलहन विकास कार्यक्रम के माध्यम से कार्यान्वित किया जा रहा है । दालों के लिए विशेष खाद्य उत्पादन कार्यक्रम में मुख्य दाल उत्पादक राज्यों में ग्रिष्मकालीन दालों के अंतर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र में विस्तार और चना और अरहर के पौध रक्षण के लिए प्रोत्साहन देना शामिल है ।

दालों के संबंध में अनुसंधान भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद के पौध रक्षण केन्द्रों और पौध विज्ञान केन्द्रों में 3।