in transport cost due to hike in prices of diesel and petroleum products, it has contributed to the inflationary pressures.

#### Non-availability of tickets to pilgrims visiting Ayodhya

247. SHRT PRAMOD MAHAJAN Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state.

- (a) the names of Railways stations ın Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and other States in the country where passenger tickets for Ayodhya were not available to the pilgrims, etc intending to go to Ayodhya on the occasion of annual Parıkarma there on October 30 last, and
- (b) the estimated number of total who have thus been persons in all deprived of their freedom to practice the religion of their belief?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI BHAKTA CHARAN DAS) (a) and (b) At all Railway stations wherever tickets for Ayodhya were demanded, these were issued to the pilgrims

#### Oil Palm Cultivation

### 248 SHRI VIREN J. JHAH: SHRT PRAMOD MAHAJAN

Will the Minister of AGRICUL\_ TURE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether an Expert Committee under Dr K. L Chadha, former Commissioner, has 1d-Horticulture entified the land nearly six lakh hectares spread over nine States as suitable for oil palm cultivation;
- (b) whether Government are planning to promote oil palm cultivation viable plantations as independent which could be taken up by Corporations and Cooperatives; and
- (c) whether Government have any proposal to a cess for oilseed development payable to the apex body NDDB or alternatively, associate NDDB in planned expansion of oil palm plantation so that it does not hurt Indian farmers in terms of depressed prices?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-TURE AND COOPERATION IN THE

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JAYANTILAL VIRCHANDBHAI SHAH) (a) A Working Group with Dr K L. Chadha as Chairman in its report has identified 5.75 lakh hectares spread over nine States as suitable for oil palm cultivation

to Questions

- (b) The Department of Agriculture and Cooperation has prepared a plan to promote oil palm cultivation by farmers primarily through cooperatives during the 8th Plan.
- (c) In the plan prepared by the Department of Agriculture and Co. operation, NDDB has been suggested as the nodal agency for promoting oil palm development in the areas recommended by the Working Group

oils

#### 249 SHRI VIREN J. SHAH: SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN.

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government's tion has been drawn to the news item under the caption "NDDB for legalised mixing of edible oils" which appeared in "The Economic Times" dated December 12, regarding the suggestion of Kurien to legalise mixing of edible oils with low prices imported ones to hold the edible oil price line;
- (b) what is the time schedule conceived for effecting the needed legis\_ lation:
- (c) whether NDDB would be allowed to import edible oil, against ex. ports of extractions from the NDDB assisted State Federation and exports of skimmed milk in order to intervene effectively in the market: and
  - (d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND [ 28 DEC. 1990 ]

COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JAYANTILAL VIRCHANDBHAI SHAH): (a) Yes Sir.

- (b)NDDB's proposal for mixing of edible oils with low priced imported oils has been cleared by the Department of Civil Supplies and recommended to the Ministry of Health. It is expected that Ministry of Health would shortly issue the necessary notification.
- (c) There is no proposal under consideration of Government to allow import of edible oil against export of extractions by the NDDB assisted State Federations Government has however, permitted import of edible oils against the export of milk powder by NDDB, Government has released foreign exchange for import of 30,000 tonnes of palmolein and NDDB has received 24,000 tonnes of palmolein already
- (d) In view of (c) above the question does not arise.

## कृषि स्रीर सीस्रोगिक उत्पादम का मूल्यों पर प्रभाव

# 250. डा॰ जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन: श्री बलराम सिह यादव:

क्या खादा ग्रीर नागरिक पूर्ति मती यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 26 नवम्बर, 1990 के दैनिक "टेलीग्राफ" मे "तो पोजिटिव इम्पैक्ट आन प्राइस फंट" शीर्षंक के अत्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की स्रोर दिलाया गया है;
- (ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सच है इस क्वें देश में कृषि ग्रीर ग्रीद्योगिक उत्पादन पिछले वर्ष की तुलना में ग्रिष्ठिक होने की संभावना है; ग्रीर
- (ग) यदि हां, तो भरपूर उत्पादन होने के बावजूद पछले वर्ष की इसी अविध की तुलना में इस वर्ष अक्तूबर तक आवश्यक उपभोक्ता वस्तुओ की मितों में बृद्धि होने के क्या कारण हैं

भौर अक्तूबर, 1989 की तुलना में अक्तूबर, 1990 में कीमतों में कितनी वृद्धि हुई है ?

खाद्य ग्रीर नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री लरबर हुसन) : (क) जी हा ।

- (ख) यद्यपि पिछले वर्ष (1988–89) की तुलला में 1989–90 में खाद्यानों की कुल पैदावर मामूली-सी ही (0.4%) प्रधिक होने का अनुमान है, लेकिन गेह की पैदावर में 8.2% दलहन 8.9% और मूंगफली में 16.3 प्रतिशत की कमी हुई है। प्रप्रैल-सितम्बर, 1990 के दौरान औद्योगिक उत्पादन की दर 13.7 प्रतिशत होने का प्रनुमान है, जबकि वर्ष 1989 को इसी प्रमुख में 4.3 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि दर थी।
- (ग) इस अविधि में अविश्यक वस्तुकारे की कीमतो में वृद्धि के जो मुख्य काइरू हैं, वे नीचे दिए गए हैं.--
- (1) तलहन और दलहन जैसी हुछ म्राक्श्यक वस्तुमो की पैदाबार में कमी,
- (2) खरीम श्रीर रबी दोनों सम्मलों के लिए घान, गेहूं, दलहन तिलहुन इस्थादि की न्यूनतम खरीद/समर्थन सूल्यों को बढाया जाना ।
- (3) पेट्रोलियम उत्पादो के मूल्यों को पहले 1990-91 के केन्द्रीय वर्षेट में और बद में 14-10-90 को ब्रह्मगा जना।
- (4) रेलवे बजट 1990-91 मे रेलवे ढुलाई भाड़ा तथा किरायों मे वृद्धि।
- (5) श्रन्य कारण जैसे श्रस्यधिक नकदी और मुद्रा पूर्ति मे वृद्धि का सम्मि-लित प्रभाव, बढती हुई उपभोक्ता माग श्रीर दलहन तथा खाद्य तेलों जैसी वस्तुश्रो की मांग व पूर्ति में श्रंतर ।

अक्तूबर 1989 और अक्तूबर, 1990 में कुछ चुनी हुई वस्तुओं के थोक मूल्य सूचकांक और इस अविध में कीमती में हुए परिवर्तन दर्शाने वाला एक विषरण सलग्न है।