

RAJYA SABHA

Wednesday, the 2nd May, 1990/12th
Vaisakha, 1912 (Saka)

The House met at eleven of the
clock, Mr. Chairman in the Chair.

INTRODUCTION OF MINISTERS

THE LEADER OF THE HOUSE
(SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY):
Sir, on behalf of the Prime Minister I
have pleasure in introducing to you
and through you to the House my
colleagues:

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| 1. Shri Chimanbhai Mehta | Minister of State in the Ministry of Human Resource Development. |
| 2. Shri Hari Kishore Singh | Minister of State in the Ministry of External Affairs. |
| 3. Shri Bhakta Charan Das | Deputy Minister in the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports in the Ministry of Human Resource Development. |

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

MR. CHAIRMAN: Starred Question
No. 21.

Smashing of Subversives' Hide-outs in Pakistan

*21. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU:
Will the Minister of EXTERNAL
AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to
take any action to smash the subver-
sives' hide-outs in Pakistan to stem
encouragement and support to terrorist
activities;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE
MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS**
(SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH): (a)
to (c) Government have made it clear
to Pakistan that its support to terro-
rism directed against India, and its
encouragement to subversion and vio-
lence are not acceptable. Government
is taking appropriate measures to
safeguard the unity and integrity of
the country.

SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Mr.
Chairman, Sir, I am very much sur-
prised to hear the reply from the hon.
Minister. I was expecting that at least

he will give credence to such an impor-
tant question and he will not reply in
an evasive way. Anyhow, Sir, every
day we read in newspapers that mili-
tants are being arrested and sometimes
they are being shot dead. But in spite
of that there is increase in subversive
activities of the extremists. From
this, Sir, it is clear that the Govern-
ment has miserably failed to arrest the
rising trend of subversive activities in
the sensitive area of Jammu and
Kashmir. Now the question arises
whether the Government has got any
programme or plan to cordon off those
pockets which are inhabited by, and
areas which are favourably utilised
by, the terrorists and whether Gov-
ernment is aware of those pockets
which have a history of terrorist
activities since 1947, if not earlier.
Part (b) of the question is whether
there is any proposal under Govern-
ment's consideration to station the
admy and para-military forces to guard
those areas so that free access by the
terrorists from across the border is
closed and at least some outlets are
plugged through some strong
measures.

SHRI I. K. GUJRAL: Sir, the hon.
Member would realise and appreciate
that so far as action within Kashmir

is concerned, very firm and very strong action is being taken. Every-day news is appearing about the arrests of various terrorists. In the last three or four weeks particularly there has been a considerable assertion of authority in Kashmir itself. So far as Pakistan is concerned, we have made it known and asserted again that they are supporting and abetting terrorism. This has been made clear to them during my talks also. And I hope that even at this late hour sense will prevail there.

SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: My second supplementary: Mere words will not do, so on and so forth. I just wanted to know whether he has got any action plan or not. To that he has not replied, Sir. So I seek your protection. I would like to know whether he has got any perception about it, whether he has got any plan about it or not. When the House was debating the Jammu and Kashmir situation in the last session, our hon. colleague Fotedarji, mentioned that during the earlier days Bhameloo was notorious for terrorist activities. I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether the Government has taken note of this disclosure and cordoned off that area with a view to smashing the terrorists.

SHRI I. K. GUJRAL: I think one part of it should have been addressed to the Home Minister. Anyhow, what I would like to submit to my hon. friend is that every observation made here by hon. Members is taken note of, and action follows. This I can

assure him. His second question is about the line of action and other things regarding Pakistan. I hope my hon. friend does not want me to disclose the plans that we have in this connection.

SHRI KAPIL VERMA: Mr. Solarz, the U.S. House Representative, who is sympathetic to India, has recently said that the Bush Administration is not convinced of the evidence produced by India of Pakistan's complicity. The External Affairs Minister was recently in New York. He had a talk with Mr. Baker on telephone. I want to know from him what measures he has taken to convince the United States of Pakistan's complicity in order to reverse their opinion. Has he said anything on telephone and what was their response? He must have heard on the B.B.C. yesterday that a correspondent has given ample evidence of Pakistan's complicity and said he had interviews with the terrorists being trained there. The most disturbing part of it was that the terrorists have named in that interview — I hope he has heard it—Saudi Arabia and some other Islamic countries which have been supplying arms and other things. What action is the Government going to take about it?

SHRI I. K. GUJRAL: Sir after a while after the Question Hour. I have to make a Statement here in the afternoon and also in the Lok Sabha today regarding my talks in New York. That may be a better occasion for me to dwell at length on it. (Interruptions) That may be a good

occasion for me, after a few hours, to dwell at length on the details of my talks. Therefore, kindly bear with me for a few more hours. So far as the question of talking to Mr. Baker is concerned, I will dwell on it again. But I can assure you one thing. We do not owe it to any country or to anybody to explain our position, whatever may be the name of the country. We know how to defend our national interest and we shall do so under all circumstances. I don't have to convince anybody.

SHRI KAPIL VERMA: You don't have to convince the world. But Pakistan is doing it.

SHRI I. K. GUJRAL: The world is convinced of what Pakistan is doing. That is our information and that is our belief.

SHRI KAPIL VERMA: So, our diplomatic failure is there. Pakistan is doing it all over the world.

CHOWDHRY HARI SINGH: Sir, it is an established fact accepted by foreign powers and foreign countries that some camps, more than fifty, are running in Pakistan to train the terrorists and the guerrillas in order to wage a war against India and, to interfere in Kashmir. This has become a very horrible problem. I want to ask a very simple question from the hon. Minister concerned. In Kashmir, different types of weapons from the other countries, other than those which Pakistan has, have been found. Has our Government got any information or knowledge that some foreign countries other than Pakistan

are supplying weapons and some people, ex-soldiers and military personnel are training the terrorists to attack and interfere in Kashmir?

SHRI I. K. GUJRAL: Sir, our information is that all arms, of whatever make, are coming to the terrorists through Pakistan and by Pakistan.

श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह : सभापति जी, ये सारे प्रश्न जो हैं हमारे सामने उपस्थित हो रहे हैं आतंकवाद को लेकर और कश्मीर संबंधी जो बड़ी समस्या है, उसकी जड़ में भारत और पाक के बिगड़ते हुए संबंध हैं। अभी-अभी बी०बी०सी० को जो पाकिस्तानी प्रधान मंत्री ने इन्टरव्यू दिया, उसमें उन्होंने साफ़ कहा है कि भारत के साथ युद्ध हुआ तो मैं स्वयं पाकिस्तानी सशस्त्र सेनाओं की पूरी कमान संभालूँगी। इसके साथ ही साथ उन्होंने यह भी कहा है कि भारत हमें सबक सिखाना चाहता है और हम वार्ता के लिए तैयार हैं। इन सारी बातों को देखते हुए मैं माननीय मंत्री जी से यह जानना चाहूँगा कि क्या दोनों देशों के प्रधान मंत्रियों के बीच कोई वार्ता की भी संभावना है और यदि वह वार्ता होगी तो कब होगी? यदि नहीं होने की बात है तो क्यों नहीं वार्ता की जाती है?

श्री इन्द्र कुमार गुजराल : सभापति महोदय, वार्ता अभी हाल में हो भी चुकी है। मैं प्रधान मंत्री की तरफ से बोल रहा था, जब मैं याकूब साहब से बात कर रहा था और वार्ता में जो हमारा नुक्ता-नजर है, यह हमने साफ़ लफ्जों में समझा दिया है। मुझे उम्मीद है उसका कुछ असर वहाँ होगा। उसके बाद गरम-नरम बात जो वे करते हैं, वे अंदर के लिए ज्यादा करते हैं हमारे लिए कम करते हैं।

श्री शान्ति त्यागी : माननीय सभापति जी, मैं माननीय मंत्री जी से जानना चाहता हूँ कि सरकार ने और जो मुख्तारिक है बाहर के उनकी भारत का पक्ष जो कश्मीर पर है उसको समझाने के लिए अभियान चला रखा है। जाहिर बात है कि इस अभियान में उनके जो अर्बुद

पाकिस्तान में हैं उन मुसालिक के सामने वहाँ की सरकारों के सामने उन अड़डों का भी जिक्र किया होगा, जो मैं माननीय मंत्री जी से जानना चाहता हूँ कि उन सरकारों का इस के बारे में क्या रिएक्शन है, वह कुछ बता सकेंगे ?

श्री इन्द्र कुमार गुजराल : सभापति जी, आम तौर पर और बाय एंड लाज बाहर के देशों ने हमारी बातों को समझा भी है और माना भी है और आम तौर पर दुनिया के अंदर यह बात मानी गई है कि क्या पाकिस्तान हमारे अंदरूनी मामलात में दखलंदाजी कर रहा है और पाकिस्तान टैरोरिस्टों को सहारा दे रहा है, ट्रेन कर रहा है और हमारे वहाँ भेज रहा है ।

श्री सभापति : प्रश्न संख्या 22

श्री रजनी रंजन साहू : मंत्री महोदय ने पूरा उत्तर नहीं दिया ?

श्री सभापति : अब तो सवाल आगे पहुँच चुका है । प्रश्न संख्या 22 ।

कश्मीर और पंजाब में हत्याएं

*22. डा० अब्दुरार अहमद खान : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) नवम्बर, 1989 के पश्चात् तथा 30 अप्रैल, 1990 तक कश्मीर और पंजाब में विभिन्न घटनाओं में कितने-कितने व्यक्ति मारे गए और सरकार द्वारा उनके परिवारों को अब तक किस प्रकार की सहायता प्रदान की गई ;

(ख) नवम्बर, 1989 से पूर्व के तीन वर्षों के दौरान कश्मीर और पंजाब में आतंकवादी गतिविधियों के कारण हुई वारदातों में वर्षवार कितने-कितने व्यक्ति मारे गए ;

(ग) पंजाब और कश्मीर में अब तक कितने-कितने आतंकवादी पकड़े जा चुके

हैं तथा उनके कब्जे से बरामद राइफलें सहित गोला-बारूद का ब्योरा क्या है ; और

(घ) सरकार तेजी से बढ़ रही आतंकवादी गतिविधियों को रोकने के लिए क्या कदम उठा रही है, और आतंकवादी गतिविधियों को कब तक समाप्त कर दिए जाने की संभावना है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री सुबोध कान्त सहाय) : (क) अभी तक प्राप्त सूचना के अनुसार संदर्भित अवधि के दौरान जम्मू और कश्मीर में 306 तथा पंजाब में 678 व्यक्ति मारे गए । कश्मीर में मारे गए व्यक्तियों के परिवारों के जीवित सदस्यों को एक लाख रुपए की राशि देय है । पंजाब के मामले में मृतकों के निकट संबंधी को जीवन-निर्वाह भत्ते के साथ-साथ 50,000 रुपए की अनुग्रह राशि देय है ।

(ख) उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार इस अवधि के दौरान कश्मीर और पंजाब में मारे गए व्यक्तियों की संख्या क्रमशः 69 और 3786 है ।

(ग) उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार पंजाब तथा जम्मू और कश्मीर में 1987 से गिरफ्तार किए गए आतंकवादियों की संख्या क्रमशः 9934 तथा 1166 है ।

बरामद किए गए शस्त्र और गोला बारूद के बारे में उपलब्ध सूचना इस प्रकार है :—

	शस्त्र	गोला-बारूद
पंजाब	5735	185406
जम्मू एवं कश्मीर	241	25417

(घ) पंजाब सरकार द्वारा किए गए उपायों में, आतंक विरोधी गतिविधियों का निरोधकता में पर्यवेक्षण करना, बेहतर संचार व्यवस्था और जवाबी कार्रवाई के समय