

(b) The status of 59 delayed projects with details of their original and revised costs and completion dates are given in the Annexure [See Appendix 194, Annexure No. 13]. In general, the projects have been delayed on account of delay in land acquisition, delay in award of contract, slow progress by evil Contractors, law and order problems, floods, geological surprises while excavations, etc.

(c) The steps taken for early completion of these projects are as follows:

- (i) review of projects on monthly as well as quarterly basis by the Government;
- (ii) in depth critical review of the progress by the Project Authorities and the administrative Ministries and follow up with the State Governments (for acquisition of land and provision of infrastructure facilities like water and power, ensuring law & order at project sites, etc.), consultants and other concerned agencies to minimise delays;
- (iii) setting up of Empowered Committees in the concerned administrative Ministries for resolution of problems;
- (iv) inter-ministerial coordination for resolving problems of inter-ministerial nature;
- (v) making available matching funds on yearly basis based on updated costs to ensure timely completion of projects in advanced stages of implementation; and
- (vi) reviews by the Minister-in-charge, the Prime Minister's Office and the Cabinet Secretariat.

(d) Projects costing Rs. 100 crores and above are monitored through the Monthly flash Report System, which is based on the milestones for monitoring drawn from the project Evaluation & Review Technique/Critical path Method (PERT/CPM) and Bar Charts of projects. The system lays emphasis on the unachieved milestones and also monitors follow up action by the concerned authorities.

Share of agriculture in GDP

1353. SHRI B.J. PANDA: Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) the share of agriculture in India's GDP during the last five years;

(b) how it compares with the last decade *i.e.* 1981 to 1990, whether it is in increasing or decreasing order;

(c) the share of Agricultural enterprise in terms of number and employment as per last available census conducted by the Central Statistical Organisation (CSO);

(d) whether there is an increasing or decreasing trend;

(e) the analysis of various categories of agricultural enterprises like restaurant, storage and warehousing, Communications, retail trading and wholesale trading; and

(f) how an agricultural enterprise is designed by CSO?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) At current prices, the share of agriculture (including livestock, forestry and fishing) in India's GDP during 1996-97, 1997-98, 1998-99, 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 has been 29.2 per cent, 27.8 per cent, 28.5 per cent, 27.1 per cent and 25.3 per cent respectively.

(b) As compared to the last "decade, the share of agriculture in India's GDP has declined, which was 38.9 per cent in 1980-81 and 31.3 per cent in 1989-90.

(c) According to the last Economic Census EC), which was conducted by the CSO in 1998, the share of agricultural enterprises in terms of number was 11.4 per cent, and in terms of employment, 8.1 per cent.

(d) and (e) According to the EC conducted in 1980,1990 and 1998, both agricultural and non-agricultural enterprises, such as restaurant, storage and warehousing, communication, retail trading and wholesale trading have shown a rising trend in terms of number and employment, as may be seen in the Statement attached (*See* below).

(e) For the purpose of the EC, the CSO has defined an agricultural enterprise as one which is engaged in raising of livestock, agricultural services,

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forestry logging, and fishing activities. Enterprises engaged in crop production and plantation have been kept outside the scope of EC.

Statement

Statement: Number and Employment in Enterprises in various Economic Censuses (EC)

(in million)

	EC 1980		EC 1990		EC 1998	
	number employment		number employment		number employment	
agricultural enterprises	1.5	2.9	2.3	4.7	3.5	6.7
non-agricultural enterprises	16.7	50.3	22.2	65.7	26-1 73.9	
Total	18.2	53.2	24.5	70.4	29.6	80.6

Note: The Economic Census was not conducted in Assam during 1980 and in Jammu and Kashmir during 1990. For the sake of comparability of data in various Economic Censuses, the analysis presented above does not include the results of Assam and Jammu and Kashmir.

Developmental projects

† 1354. SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of developmental projects were under implementation till September, 2001 in the country;

(b) if so, the number thereof and the names of Ministries to whom these are related alongwith the number of projects related to each Ministry;

(c) the number of such projects out of them which had been started five years back; and

(d) the amount spent thereon till March, 2001 and the amount still required to complete these projects?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRIMATI MANEK.A GANDHI):

(a) and (b) As on 30th September, 2001, 466 projects costing

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.