What was the cost for maintaining the so-called essential services? How much have you spent on breaking the strike? (Interruptions). (c) Lastly, Sir, did the Government try to invoke the ESMA to break the strike?

SHRI RAJESH PILOT: Mr. Chairman, Sir, first let us agree that national interests have to be kept above everything at all times, whether they are political interests or union interests. National interests are above everything. It should be the intention of every citizen of this country that national interest does not suffer. at all costs. As far as Calcutta is concerned, they have....

SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA: You are attacking the trade unions, absolutely attacking the trade unions. This will not do Mr. Pilot.

SHRI RAJESH PILOT: As far as Calcutta is concerned, it is a fact that there was a law and order situation. There was manhandling of officers. I personally talked to the hon. Chief Minister saying that he must give administrative support to the workers which unfortunately was not given. When I talked to him, he called the meeting.

## WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

## Deterioration in D.T.C. Services

\*122. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of SURFACE TRANS-PORT be pleased to state:

- (a) Whether Government are aware that Delhi Transport Corporation Services have deteriorated after the handing over of major routes to private operators in March, 1988;
- (b) whether Government are aware that Delhi Transport Corporation has gractically no control over private buses operating on its outes and many private buses stop plying during lean hours:

(c) whether Government propose to exercise some control over private buses to ensure punctuality especially during lean hours and holidays:

to Questions

- (d) if so, what are the details thereof; and
- (e) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SURFACE TRANS-PORT (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) to (e) DTC has not handed over major or other routes to private operators. DTC services are supplemented by buses of private operators associated with DTC. These private buses operate their services as per schedules given by the DTC on different routes. The scheduling, ticketing, and operations are as per norms laid down by DTC, who monitor the operations. Whenever any irregularity is noticed, action is taken by the DTC against the bus owner. On receipt of specific complaints bus owner is not only instructed to ensure operations as per scheduled trips but also, depending on the nature of the irregularity, cash penalties are imposed on defaulters. Whenever any operator send prior intimation about his absence, alternate arrangements are made by DTC with their own buses.

During the last one year, overall efficiency of DTC buses has shown distinct improvement. The current operational efficiency is over 90 per cent.

तकनीकी शिक्षा में असंतुलन

<sup>4</sup>126. भी राम जेठमलाची : सरदार जाबीत सिंह प्ररोहा :

क्या मान्द्र सँसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्याम 17 ध्रत्रील, 1989 के फावनेशियल एक्सप्रेस

36 -

में ''इम्बेलेन्सेज इन टेक्नीकल एज्केशन म्राइडेन्टीफाइड" शीर्षक के मन्तर्गत प्रका-शित समाचार की भ्रोर दिलाया ग्रा है;

Written Answers

- (ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सन है कि देश में दी जा रही तकतीकी शिक्षा देश की प्रौद्योगिकी अग्रवश्यक्षतंत्र्यों को पूरा करने में श्र**पर्या**प्त सिद्ध हुई है;
- (ग) यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारण
- (घ) क्या सरकार वे स्थिति को सुधारने हेतु भावी कदम उठाने कः निर्णय नित्या है;
- (%) यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री पी० शिवशंकर) : (७) से (ग) जी, हां। देश में पिछले कुछ वर्षों में विभिन्न राज्यों में तकनीकी शिक्षा के विशास में जिलत समन्वय के अभाव के कारण शिक्षा पद्धति में कुछ ग्रसंत्वन उत्पन्न होकर सामने श्राये हैं। अनः कारणों में जनशक्ति संबंधी आवश्यकतात्रीं की अपयोप्त सूचना, पूर्वीन वान के लिये तंत्र का श्रभाव, श्रौर समाजिक तथा श्रना महत्व-पूर्ण दबावों पर बाध रित संस्था ग्रों/कार्यक्रमों की, संस्थापना शामिल है। जब कि बहुलक (पोलिमर,) इंजीनियरी डिजाइन, संगणक विज्ञान और सुक्ष्म इलैक्ट्रानिकी जैसे कुछ **एम**रते हये क्षेत्रों में उच्च प्रशिक्षतं इंजी-नियरों/प्रौद्योगिकी विदों की कभी हैं, वहां पर सीविल, यांत्रिकी श्रौर विद्यत इंजी-नियरी जैसे कुछ परम्परागत में उनकी संख्या ग्रतिरिक्त हैं।

(घ) श्रीर (ङ) : इस स्थिति में सुद्यार करने के लिये, अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद को देश भर में तकनीकी शिक्षा की समेकित झायोजना, प्रोन्नति , ग्रौर विनियमन के लिये सांविकी ग्रधिकार **णचे हैं।** म्रखिल भारतीय तकनीकी परिषद ग्रधिनियम, 1987 के मार्य के ग्रन्तर्गत राज्य सरकारों ग्रौर तकनीकी

शिक्षः की संस्थाओं की अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद के मानदंहों और मार्गदर्शी रूपरेखाओं को पूरा करने के लिये सही उपाय करने हेत् एक श्रवतर दिया गया

## Acquisition of ships by private sector

- SHRI KRISHNA BIRLA: Will the Minister of SUR-FACE TRANSPORT be pleased to
- (a) whether, with the sharp rise in the prices of ships, the private sector in the country is not likely to acquire the requisite number of ships;
- (b) if so, what is the number of ship acquisition proposals approved by Government and the number of ships likely to fall short of acquisition;
- (c) what is the nature of the assistance financial or otherwise given by Government to the private shipping industry in its acquisition programme;
- (d) whether Government to have any package programme help the shipping industry in the private sector; if so, what are details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SURFACE TRANS-PORT (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) and (b) The increase in cost of ships has also been accompanied by increase in freight rates and there is no clear evidence that the viability of investment in this sector has been adversely affected. Increased prices however, investment require higher initial which causes difficulties.

126 ship acquisition proposals have been approved by the Government since 1-4-1987. It is not possible to estimate any shortfall in the acquisition of ships as most private ship-