

1	2	3	4
45.	JPNA Trauma Centre		
	A. Anaesthesia	Assistant Professor	03
	B. Neuro-anaesthesia	Assistant Professor	03
	C. Neuro-surgery	Assistant Professor	05
	D. Medicine	Assistant Professor	03
	E. Orthopedics	Assistant Professor	05
	F. General surgery	Assistant Professor	05
	G. Radio Imaging	Assistant Professor	02
	H. Lab. Medicine	Assistant Professor	02
	I. Forensic Medicine	Assistant Professor	02
	J. Hosp. Admn.	Additional Professor of Hosp. Admn./Additional Medical Superintendent	01
	K. Critical and Intensive Care	Assistant Professor	04
	L. Obst. & Gynae.	Assistant Professor	01
	M. Paed. Surgery	Assistant Professor	01
	N. Urology	Assistant Professor	01
	O. Nephrology	Assistant Professor	01
	P. Cardiology	Assistant Professor	01
SUB TOTAL OF 45			40
GRAND TOTAL			628

Rise in cases of dengue

530. SHRI NARESH GUJRAL :

DR. JANARDHAN WAGHMARE:

SHRI MAHENDRA MOHAN:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware that after H1N1 influenza, Dengue is firming its grip in the Capital;

(b) if so, the exact number of patients affected by Dengue reported in the past two-three months in the Capital;

(c) whether the Central Government and various State Governments have jointly taken any steps to check the rising cases of Dengue; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILYWELFARE (SHRI DINESH TRIVEDI): (a) and (b) Delhi is endemic for Dengue, which shows seasonal and cyclic trends. Every year, cases of Dengue rise in post monsoon season and subside by the onset of winter. During 2009, till 17th November, total 883 cases and 2 deaths have been reported from National Capital Territory of Delhi. The number of patients affected by Dengue in Delhi reported during September, October and November, 2009 are given below:

Month, 2009	No. of Dengue cases reported	Cumulative total
Upto August	4	4
September	33	37
October	337	374
November (till 17th)	509	883
TOTAL	883	

The above cumulative total for 2009 is far less than the number of reported cases in 2008 (till October) i.e. 1076. Therefore, it is not correct to say that the Dengue is firming its grip in the capital.

(c) and (d) Government of India under its National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDGP) provides technical guidance and financial support to the State/UT governments in the form of cash grants and logistics. It also educates the public for prevention of dengue and other vector borne diseases through advertisements in print and electronic media. The implementation part of the Programme rests with the States/UTs.

The Central Cross Checking Organization (CCCO) of Directorate of NVBDGP monitors the implementation of anti-larval measures in areas of Municipal Corporation of Delhi and New Delhi Municipal Committee for elimination of Aedes mosquitoes breeding.

Besides, 30 Sentinel Surveillance Hospitals and two Apex Referral Laboratories (viz., All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS) and National Centre for Disease Control, (formerly National Institute of Communicable Diseases) have been identified to augment the diagnosis facility for Dengue in Delhi. Government of India provides test kits to these identified institutes through National Institute of Virology, Pune. In 2009, 166 dengue kits (1 kit - 96 tests) have been supplied to these Institutes.

Government of India regularly reviews the Dengue situation in Delhi and other parts of the country.

Discussions in World Medical Association

531. SHRI N.K. SINGH:

SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOT:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the General Assembly of the World Medical Association was inaugurated by Government recently at New Delhi;