

within a distance of 10 kms, from each village. RBI has allotted 4805 rural/semi-urban centres to various banks under the current Policy. With the opening of offices at these allotted centres, the average population per bank office in the rural and semi-urban areas of the country would come down to 13,000 as against the existing figures of 15,000. Under the Policy norms, expansion of branches at urban and metropolitan areas is allowed only in unbanked/under-banked pockets taking into account the specific needs and financial viability of the new branch.

Effect of new textile policy

1391. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI:

SHRI DURGA PRASAD

JAMUDA:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the increase, if any, in the production of cloth in the handloom (including and excluding Khadi), powerloom and organised mill sectors, respectively, after the introduction of the new textile policy;

(b) which of the aforesaid three sectors has suffered most adversely, in terms of production reduction and employment reduction;

(c) whether Government are thinking of revising the afore-said policy so that none of these sectors continue to suffer adversely and *inter se* balance is maintained; and

(d) whether the number of closed textile units have also gone up since the introduction of the aforesaid policy; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) The production of cloth sector wise during the last three years is as under:—

Sector	1984-85	1985-86	86-87
1. Mill sector (Million metres).	3432	3376	3317
2. Powerloom sector (Million metres).	5445	5886	6222
3. Handloom Sector (Million metres)	3137	3236	3449

The value of production of Khadi has increased from about Rs. 157.62 crores during 1984-85 to Rs. 218.06 crore during 1986-87.

(b) to (d) The output of the mill sector has shown a downward trend. 133 textile mills involving 1.71 lakh workers were lying closed as on 31.12.87 as against 78 with 1.08 lakh workers on 31.12.85. There is no proposal to alter the present textile policy since it contains many significant features aimed at the integrated and harmonious growth and development of all sectors of the textile industry.

Subsidy on Janata Cloth

1392. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Maharashtra Government has requested the Government of India to raise the subsidy on Janata Cloth; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and the action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) and (b) Government of Maharashtra have written to the Government of India sug-