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raw material conversion cost utilities, bonus intrest, etc.

SI.	No.		Na	me of	Vitar	nins								Date of Notification
1	Vitamin A	Acetate D	ry	Powd	er (0.5	MIU	/gm)						*	12-4-85
2	Vitamin A	Palmitate	1.0	MIU	gm	(ii	*00	×	1	*		1341	*	12-4-85
3	Vitamin A	Palmitate	1.7	MIU	gm	14			9	*	3		8	12-4-85
4	Vitamin E		*	2.	É	ě	*	ý,	25	1.61	*	2	51	20-7-82
5.	Vitamin C	Plain	**	×	38	*	*	(8)	**	196	**	×	100	27-3-85 11-6-85
6	Vitamin Bl	Hel (Am	p)	q.	*	7	0.00	×.	4	4		g.		3-9-85
7	Vitamin B	2 .	*	9	è	3		ě	.2	185		.4	15	3-7-86
8	Vitamin Be		×	*	0,00	8	9	**	196	(*);	*)*	130	18-6-85
9	Folic Acid		¥1					(*)	*	s	**		100	4-10-80
10	Vitamin D	3			2	1,2		×	9	1				7-8-84

सरकारी क्षेत्र को बिजली की निरंतर सप्लाई की संभावनाएं

2032. श्री रशीद मसुद: श्री ग्रजीत सिंह :

क्या ऊर्जी मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकारी क्षेत्र को बिजली की निरन्तर सप्ल.ई हो। विद्युत कोष की संभावनाधों का पता लगाने के लिये किसी पैनल का गठन किया गया है :
- (ख) यदि हां, तो उसः। ब्योरा क्या है : ओर
- (ग) क्या सरहार कृषि क्षेत्र के लिए भी विद्यत के सुरक्षित कोष बनाने के लिए प्रभावशाली अदम उठाये ही ग्रौर यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण

ऊर्जा मंत्रालय में विद्युत विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती सुशीला रोहतगी): (क) ग्रीर (ख) केन्द्रीय विद्यत केन्द्रों से उतादित विद्यत की कुछ माता को, सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उद्यमों, प्रथमत: प्रमुख क्षेत्र को सप्लाई करने के लिए धारिक्षत रखने के प्रश्न पर इस प्रयोजन

के लिए स्थापित की जाने वाली समिति द्वारा विचार किए जाने का प्रस्ताव है।

(ग) अन्य बातों के साथ-साथ कृषि क्षेत्र में भी ऊर्जा के संरक्षण हेत् पप्प सैटों की दक्षता में सुधार करने के लिए उपाय किए जा रहे हैं।

Underground fires in Jharia coalfield

2033. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that because ol the underground fire raging for decades in the Jharia Coalfields, thousand's of residents of the township and its neighbouring' areas are uprooted annually and that huge loss is being suffered due to the destruction of coal by fire and also by way of blockage from extraction;
- (b) if so, what is the estimated number of persotig that have been uprooted so fat as a result thereof and what is the estimated loss suffered annually by Government to burning of coal by fire and due to blockage flop! extraction; and
- (c) what steps have been taken by Governnieut so far to rehabilitate the uprooted persons and to contain the fire in the Jharia coalfields sta'ing the results achieved and whether any short/long term measures

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have been drawn up by the Government to sav_e the township from threat of subsidence'?

Written Answers

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF COAL IN THE ML NISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI C. K. JAFFFR SHARIEF)-. (.a) to (c) There were about 70 fires in 40 collieries of Jfearia Coalfields covering an area of 17.32 sq. Kms which have existing since ong before nationalisation. The first fire was reported in 1916 in Bhowcah Colliery of this area. The total loss of coal due to < Id fires in Jharia Coalfields is estimated a 1 about 37 million tonnes since 1916 and total reserves of about 1864 million tonnes are blocked form extraction due to these fires. It is difficult to assess the annual loss but the quantity of coal being lost due to fire is now substantially less than what is v as earlier due to the measures being taken to control rh> fires.

After nationalisation, concerted efforts are being made to control and extinguish these fires. Five have been extinguished through implementation of fire projects. 20 projects covering 42 fires have been sanctioned and are in various stages of implementation. Another six fires have been covered in Mukunda Advance Action Plan. Two project reports dealing with the remaining 17 fires have also been approved by the Board of Directors of Bharat Coking Coal Ltd. recently.

An amount of about Rs. 68 crores hw\ been spent for controlling the fires so far. The Jogta p-roject has resulted in a saving of coking coal worth Rs. 560 crores. All these fires are expected to be controlled/ extinguished by the end of 8th Plan through the implementation of various projects

Under the fire control projects, the following 'short and long-term measures are being taken for combating, fires:—

- (i) Cutting of trenches by heavy earthmoving equipment to isloate fires;
- (ii) Filling of developed galleries below ground;
- (iii) Hydraulic sand stowing[hydropueumatic stowing;

- (v) Inert gas injection;
- (vi) Water infusion;
- ,(vii) Surface sealing with 'Fautli' cap;
- (viii) Digging of the fires by heavy earth moving equipment.

It is not a fact that thousands of residents is uprooted annually due to fires. Shifting of population from particular areas » being done when such shifting becomes necessary for carrying out fire control operations on the surface or where subsidence of the surface due to underground fire's is apprehended. The population shifted due to fires since 1981 is estimated to be about 2400. Coal companies and State Government authorities have advised the residents not to take up construction activities over the areas declared undue to subsidence.

Proposals to detect sickness of industrial units

2034. SHRI D. B. CHANDRE GOWDA:

> SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have proposal to detect the sickness of in dustrial units at the incipient stage so that corrective measures could be initiated in time;
- (b) if so, -what steps Government propose to take to detect the sickn ss of industrial units in th_€ country; and
- (c) how will Government help to restore sick units to health?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF (SHRI INDUSTRY M. ARUNA-CHALAM): (a) to (c) The financial institutions have been adopting various strategies to detect incipient sickness. These include: