167 Re. ghastly tragedy caused by [RAJYA Triple-Antigen and

- (6) Thirty-fifth Report on action taken on 167th Report (Seventh Lok Sabha) regarding Utilisation of Locomotives.
- (7) Thirty-sixth Report on action taken on 178th Report (Seventh Lok Sabha) regarding incorrect Valuation of Unquoted Equity Shares.
- (8) Thirty-seventh Report on action taken on 230th Report (Seventh Lok Sabha) regarding Customs Receipts—Duty-Exemption Entitlement Scheme.
- (9) Thirty-eighth Report on action taken on 217th Report (Seventh Lok Sabha) ragarding Cost of Collection.
- (10) Thirty-ninth Report on action taken on 208th Report (Seventh Lok Sabha) regarding Union Excise Duties-Cosmetics and Supression of Production.

REPORTS OF THE STUDY TOURS OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE WELFARE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

SHRI ROSHAN LAL (Himachal Pradesh): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following Reports of the Study Tours of the Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes:—

- (i) Report of the Study Tour of Study Group I of the Committee on its visit to Bombay-Puna-Bombay-Nagpur and Hyderabad during December, 1985 and January, 1986
- (ii) Report of the Study Tour of Study Group II of the Committee on its visit to Bombay-Calcutta-Ranchi and Patna during December, 1985 and January, 1986

JOINT COMMITTEE ON OFFICES OF PROFIT

SHRI K. GOPALAN (Kerala): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy (in English and Hindi) of the Second Report of the Joint Committee on Offices of Profit

REFERENCE TO THE GHASTLY CAUSED BY TRIPLE-ANTIGEN AND ORAL POLIOMYELITIS VACCINA-TIONS

PROF. (MRS.) ASIMA CHATTER-JEE (Nominated): Mr. Chairman, we express deep concern regarding the death of four infants caused by tripleantigen vaccine on April 21, 1986, In this connection I would like to draw the attention of the Government of through you, Sir, to the "Ghastly Tragedy" caused by triple-antigen and poliomyelitis vaccination. The death of four infants at the Government-run Cama and Albless Hospital in Bombay within an hour of getting a dose of triple-antigen vaccination and oral poliomyelitis vaccination is shocking beyond words. other children also had been seriously ill about the same time due to this vaccination but fortunately they could survive. Still they are under treatment as have not completely recovered from the toxic effect of the drug. The triple-antigen was purchased from the Haffkine pharmaceutical Corporation Limited on April 7 this year.

Sir, this is a serious matter and needs immediate investigation. The Superintendent of the Hospital has submitted a statement mentioning therein that allergy to triple-antigen might be cause of this disaster. But this theory seems far fetched. Even if this be true, why did not the doctors perform any testing or any experiment on the children to see whether the drug exhibits any allergic action or the children have the tolerance to this toxic drug? Henceforth, prior to such vaccination for immunisation the doctors must ensure that the drug will not produce any adverse effect. Sir, it is hardly credible that all of the seven children who were taken to the hospital for immunisation on Monday had been allergic to the same vaccine as stated by the Superintendent of the Hospital. However, the doctors there suspect that the drug might be sub-standard or spurious or might be contaminated or adulterated with some harmful and toxic chemicals which have caused this effect. Now the triple-antigen vaccine has been

sent for analysis. This should have been done earlier and the trace impurity in the drug must be declared as done in other countries. Sir, the purity of the drug is in question.

The Government is therefore requested to appoint immediately an expert committee to probe into the causes of this catastrophe. Similar tragic cases other drugs have been reported in recent past. These were caused by adulterated glycerol which took away the lives of 40 persons. Quality control of the drugs is a serious matter and this should be given proper attention. In the case of toxic drugs for public consumption, very careful testing should be done in the laboratories and also the allergic action should be examined and the trace impurities which can be readily detected by liquid chromatography technique be categorically mentioned.

Sir, the Drug Controllers and the drug licensing authorities in every State must be alert and must not allow sub-standard and spurious drugs to come into the market for public consumption. Also they must take care of the toxic drugs and harmful drugs so that they may not cause such catastrophes in future. Thank you, Sir.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bhandare will briefly associate himself.

SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRA-KANT BHANDARE (Maharashtra): Mr. Chairman, Sir. I am grateful to you for permitting me to associate myself with this very important special mention. As has been aptly said by honourable Mrs. Chatterjee, it is a tragedy which is shocking beyond words. It is clear, Sir, that the drug which was administered to these infants was not a poliomyelitis vaccine but truly a poison. The parents of these children must have taken them and got them vaccinated to ensure that these babies have a protected healthy life free from any attack of polio and other infections diseases. What is more tragic is that this vaccine was supplied by the renowned Haffkine Institute. It is a very serious matter and immediately an enquiry at highest level should be instituted as pro-

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mised this morning by the Health Minister Till then, from this batch no vaccine should be supplied.

We have in India 15 million babies being born every year so much so that we say that we produce an Australia every year. We require 45 million doses for immunising the babies from serious infections. There is an ambitious mass immunisation programme which is covered in the Seventh Five-Year Plan. The production in India is only 1 million doses. Forty-four million doses will be the shortage. I take this opportunity of requesting the Government to devise immediate steps for increasing the production of vaccine so that the immunisation programme is There is no justification in our country not to immunise even a single baby because that is the least that we owe to infants in our country.

There is another aspect which has been referred to by Mrs. Chatterjee. That is, about 13 persons died due to administration of glycerol. This clearly shows that there is rampant use of spurious and fake drugs in our country despite repeated protests and demands by the Members of this House and also by consumer- protection agencies outside. Consumer protection is a vital and essential area. Though in the morning there was said something about quality control, I would request the Government to take deterrant steps because what prevents repetition of such occurrence is that those who are guilty of such adulteration and sell all such spurious and sub-standard medicines аге promptly brought to book and deterrant punishment is awarded to them. In this conection they may also consider strengthening of the laws for consumer protection.

SHRI M. A. BABY (Kerala): Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Sir for giving me an opportunity to raise this.

Before coming to the mention, I would like to utilise this opportunity to associate myself with the hon. Members who have taken up this issue. And I request the media to associate themselves so that proper propaganda can be given through the media in order to demand withdrawal of spurious drugs and as a matter people at large will be warned and made conscious so that tragedies of these types will not occur in future.

[Shri M. A. Baby]

Sir, the shocking and painful death of four kids in the Government run Cams and Albless Hospital in Bombay the other day brings to our attention the callous manner in which things are done in some of our hospitals. They died within an hour of being given the drug due to defective administration of the spurious triple antigen vaccine. I request the Government to constitute a high level enquiry, not a departmental enquiry, so that such incidents can be prevented in future. Though this is a State subject, considering frequent occurrences of similar incidents in different parts of our country. House must express its concern over this and demand effective measures to see that similar incidents do not occur in future.

The news that a five-member committee has been constituted by the Maharashtra Government . . .

MR. CHAIRMAN: You must be very brief. I am only giving you a sort of concession.

SHRI M. A. BABY....does not give much hope. There is no guarantee that this will be prevented in future because we are aware that in the past so many such committees have been constituted and reports have been submitted, but nothing concrete has been done to prevent such incidents. So many incidents occur again and again. Recently in a hospital in Kerala a patient died because he was given blood belonging to another group. So, this is not an isolated incident.

Sir, apart from doing the needful to find out the real reasons of the tragedy in the Bombay hospital the other day. I hope the Government will take sufficient steps to put an end to the unfortunate and unhealthy happening in hospitals in general. It is a matter of agony and shame that the drugs given to children as preventive drugs to immunise them against attack of dangerous diseases become poisonous, which leaves their parents in total darkness and in terrible and irreparable frustration.

MR. CHAIRMAN, Your time is over.

SHRI M. A. BABY: There should be sufficient steps to prevent this. Thank you very much.

REFERENCE TO THE SPURT IN DACOITIES IN BANKS.

[Mr. Deputy Chairman in the Chair]

चत्रानन मिश्र (बिहार): श्रीमन, क छ महीनों में बैंकॉ बाढ सी आ गई है। डकौतियाँ की न सिर्फ पंजाब में दल्कि दिल्ली राजधानी में बम्बर्झ और कलकत्ता हर जगह बैंकों की डकौतियां हो रही है। एसालगता है कि सरकार का बैंक संपत्ति और कर्मचारियों की रक्षा दिषय **नहीं है।** सरकार बार बार आ रही है कि अञ्चासन दोती इसके लिए कछ करेंगे। लेकिन ये घटनाएं दिनों दिन बढ़ती जी रही हैं।

इसी साल बैंक इप्लाईज एसोसियशन ने मार्च 1986 को 21 वित्त गंत्री को एक पत्र लिखा था जिसमें उन्होने मांग की थी कि इस संबंध में आवश्यक कार्यवाही की जाए । पहली बात तो यह है कि आम्ड गार्ड स विद लेटोस्ट वेपंस से इक्विप किए जाए और उनको बैंकों में रखा जाए। वैसे आर्म्ड गार्ड्स एरेकार्ट सभी लोगों को दिए जाए। लेकिन जो बैंक की संपत्ति होती है उसका तो इश्योरेंस होता है, जो कर्मचारी लोग है जो एसी घटनाओं में मारे जाते हैं या घायल होते उनका कोई इंश्योरेंस नहीं होता । इस-लिए म सरकार से उम्मीद करूगा कि उनका ग्रुप इंद्योरेस किया जाए ताकि उनके बाल-बच्चों के लिये सरक्षा भिल सके और जो कर्मचारी घायल हो जाएं मारे जायें उनके परिवार बालों को नौकरियां बैंकों मेदी जाए। इसलिए मैं सरकार का ध्यान इस और आकष्ट करना चाहता हुं कि इस संबंध में जल्द से जल्द कार्यवाही की जाए। सरकारी संपत्ति की जो इस तरह से लुटपाट हो रही है उसको रोकने के लिए अगर सरकार नाम की कोई चीज है तो उसके लिए वह प्रयास कर जिसका नतीजा जल्द सामने आए।