[12 AUG. 1986] Education Programme to 346 appear in X Class Exams.

345 Re. need to permit students under Adult

MR. CHAIRMAN: All right, let us hear the couplet now.

SHRI K. VASUDEVA PANICKER (Orissa): It is her maiden mention, Sir.

कु० सईदा खातूनः

''बन्दे हैं तेरे कर दे इतना करम खुदारा, इल्मों प्रदब से दामन भर जाए ग्रब हमारा पाइन्दे उम्म देखों, ये इल्म तो नहीं है जिस उम्म में हो सीखों, हम सब का यह यकी हैं दिखाये इल्म का तो मिलता नहीं किनारा बन्दे हैं तेरे कर दे इतना करम खुदारा।" बस इतना कहते हुए मैं ग्रापको धन्यवाद देती हूं और समाप्त शरती हूं।

REFERENCE TO THE REPARTED PROPOSAL TO EXPAND MATHURA REFINERY ENDANGERING TAJ MAHAL

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARA-JAN (Tamil Nadu): Sir, I would like to draw the attention of the House to the item reported in the Indian Express, of Friday, the 8th August regarding the reported expansion of the Mathura refinery. It has been repeatedly pointed out in this House and elsewhere that the emissions and the pollutants that are being emitted by the Mathura refinery pose not only a serious health hazard to the people who live around but also to our national heritage, the Taj Mahal.

[Mr. Deputy Chairman in the Chair]

Sir, it is well known that the sulphur dioxide that is emitted by the Mathura refinery reacts with atmosphere to create sulphuric acid sulphuric acid reacts on marble to **cir**eate calcium sulphate causing stains in the marble. On 18-10-1985, in an interview to an official Patriot, of the Central Pollution Control Board admitted that the yellow stains in the marble in

the Taj were caused by sulphur dioxide in the atmosphere. On 7-4-1986 the 'Indian Express' reported that the National Laboratory for Conservation in Lucknow was conducting a survey to consider the yellow stains in the marble caused by the emissions from the Mathura refinery. We don't know yet as to what happened to the report. Express' Again, the 'Indian dated 8th August says that under production of six expansion the million metric tonnes would become 7.5 million metric tonnes per amount of sulphur annum but the dioxide would be strictly controlled. I say that even if the emission strictly controlled, it stands to reason that over a period of time, over constant exposure, the yellow stains in the marble will definitely increase. suggestion to the Therefore. my would be to seriously Government consider the chances of moving the Mathura refinery. to a spot down blow the Taj because, if they could remove the TV tower so that it would not spoil the look of the Taj, it would impossible to remove refinery which is causing hazard to the marble itself. My second suggestion to the Government would this. I am told authoritatively sulphur is emitted only by the imported crude which is used in Mathura Refinery. The Bombay High crude which accounts for 50 per cent, does not have any sulpher. Therefore, if the refinery cannot be shifted. I suggest that the Government should at least consider using 100 per cent Bombay High crude so that sulphur dioxide is not emitted.

DEFERENCE TO THE PUBLICATION
OF MALAYALAM VERSION OF A
BOOKLET ENTITLED "ROLE OF
A TEACHER IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CHILD" JOINTLY BY
UNICEF AND NCERT CONTAINING MIS-LEADING INFORMATION

SHRI T K. C. VADUTHALA (Kerala): Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir, I am thankful for the opportunity