- (c) what are the reasons for the decline ,in consumption; and
- (d) whether the decline in cotton consumption is leading to decline in production also?

THE MINISTER OF STATE. OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI KHURSHID ALAM KHAN): (a) and (b) No, Sir. The consumption of cotton in the country has been marginally increasing. The figures! of consumption in the country are 84.71, 91.15 and 91.65 lakh bales during 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 respectively.

(c) and (d) Do not arise.

## **Unskilled Indian Labourers in Middle East**

- 1939. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of unskilled Indian labourers at present working in the Middle-East countries including the names of such countries;
- Ob) the (measures proposed to jbft taken by Government to safeguard the interests of such workers and the Indian contracting firms; and
- (c) the assistance rendered by the Indian Embassies in these countries to safeguard their interests?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) About 4 lakh Unskilled Indian labourers are working in the following Middle-East countries:—

Kuwait,, Saudi-Arabia, UAEj Oman, Bahrain, Qatar, Iraq, Libya, etc.

(b) Recruitment  $i_s$  regulated thr ough registered recruiting agencies and employment contracts are duly attested^

(c) The Indian Embassies abroad take up the grievances of Indian with local employers, workers the Labour Courts and the local Govern, ments.

to Questions

## Amount due under ESIS in Orissa

1940. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

- (a) the total amount due to the workers in Orissa on account of Employees State Insurance Scheme;
- Ob) the steps taken t<sub>0</sub> recover the arrears from the companies for payment to the workers; and
- (c) the reasons for delay in making payment to the workers?

THE MINISTER OF iSTATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) The insured persons under the ESI Scheme are entitled to cash benefits in the contingencies of sickness, maternity and employment injury. The amount due to the workers in the above mentioned contingencies are paid to them as and when their claims are finalised. The question of total amount due to the workers does not, therefore arise;

- Ob) The payment to the workers is not dependent on recovery of arrears from the employers. The ESI authorities are, however, taking the following steps for realisation of the outstanding dues from the defaulting establ ishments:—
  - (1) Revenue rtedovjery certificates are being issued under Section 45B of the ESI Act.
  - (2) Prosecution cases are being filed under section 85 of the ESI Act;
  - (3) Complaints are being filed with the Police authorities under section 406'409 IPC for non-payment of employees' share of contribution deducted from the waRes *Qt* the employees;

133

- (4) Damages are being levied for belated payments under section 85B of the ESI Act.
- (c) The delays in settlement of the claims of the .workers are mainly due to following reasons: -
  - (1) Defects in the claims;
  - (2) Delays in investigation of the cases of employment injury/examination of cases of employment injury/Examination of cases by tl«. Medical Boards;
  - (3) Non-receipt of contributory record from the employers, which is necessary for determining the eligibility and the rate of benefit.

## **Beecli Workers**

- 1941. SHRIMATI ELA RAMESH BHATT: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:
- (a) what is the State-wise number of women and! men beedi workers in India;
- (h) out of the total beedi workers how .many women beedi workers

have received Identity Cards and Maternity Benefit in the country;

to Questions

- (c) how beedi workers many (Male|Female) have received the Provident Fund after the latest Supreme Court's Order to that effect;
- (d) whether Government are aware of the contract system and sale-purchase system adopted by the employers to evade legal obligations, if so, what steps are being taken by Government in this regard;
- (e) whether Government are thinking of fixing a national minimum wage for the beedi workers of all the State if so, by when it is likely to come into force; and
- (f) whether Government are are that the beedi workers' coopera tive promoted fafy (his Ministry are facing serious problem in the matter of sales; if so, what step's are being taken to solve their problem?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI j P. A. SANGMA): (a) Th<sup>o</sup> following is the total number of Beedi Workers (men and women) in the various States. No separate figures for men and women are available:

(in lakhs)

|        | Name of                                   | State |     |     |      |     |     |     |       |      |         | Number of Beed<br>Workers |
|--------|---|-------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|---------|---------------------------|
| 1.     | Andhra Pradesh                            |       |     |     |      |     |     |     |       |      |         | 2.50                      |
| 2.     | Bihar .                                   | 30    | 14. |     | 1.0  | 140 | 2   | 4   | 120   | 20   |         | 3.50                      |
| . 3.   | Gujarat .                                 |       |     | 1.0 |      | 20  |     |     | ¥2    | -    | 141     | 0.50                      |
| 4.     | Karnatka                                  |       | *   | *   | N.   | 100 |     |     |       | 4.5  |         | 3.00                      |
| 5.     | Kerala                                    | (*)   | *   |     | 14.7 | 16. | ×   |     | 50400 | *    |         | 1-50                      |
| 6.     | Madhya Pra                                | desh  | (6) | *   | *    |     | *:  | ×   |       | *:   |         | 5.65                      |
| 7.     | Maharashtra                               |       | *   |     | (4)  |     | *   | 196 | (10)  | *    |         | 2.50                      |
| 8.     | Orissa -                                  | - 17  |     | -   | 83   | *   | - 3 | 100 | *     |      | 97      | 1 - 60                    |
| 9.     | Rajasthan .                               | *     | 3   | 250 | *2   | 4   |     | *   | 96    | 24.0 | 181     | 1.00                      |
| 10.    | Tamil Nadu                                |       | 100 | *   |      | *:  |     |     | 2.0   |      |         | 2:00                      |
| 11.    | Uttar Prade                               | sh    |     |     |      |     | ŝ   |     | - 0   |      |         | 4 · 50                    |
| 12.    | West Bengal, Assam, Tripura and Moghalaya |       |     |     |      |     |     |     |       |      |         | 4 - 50                    |
| TOTAL: |   |       |     |     |      |     |     |     |       |      | 32 · 75 |                           |