

## विवरण

भारत की 1951, 1961, 1971 और 1981 की जनगणनाओं के अनुसार निरक्षरों की संख्या को दर्शाने वाला संदर्भित व्यौरा

जनगणना वर्ष	निरक्षरों की संख्या	ग्रामीण निरक्षरों की संख्या	शहरी निरक्षरों की संख्या
1	2	3	4
1951 * क	29,390,404	25,595,269	3,795,135
1961	333,709,021	291,848,745	41,860,276
1971	386,744,642	334,848,441	51,896,201
1981†	424,256,000	357,090,814	67,165,186

\* इसमें दादरा और नागर हवेली, गोवा दमन और दीव और पाण्डिचेरी के आँकड़े शामिल नहीं हैं। ये वर्ष 1951 की जनगणना के समय भारत में नहीं थे। इसी तरह से इसमें जम्मू और काश्मीर और अरुणाचल प्रदेश के आँकड़े भी शामिल नहीं हैं। यहाँ पर वर्ष 1951 में जनगणना नहीं की गयी थी।

(क) वर्ष 1951 की जनगणना के आँकड़े विस्थापित व्यक्तियों को छोड़कर 10 प्रतिशत नमूने पर आधारित है।

† वर्ष 1981 के आँकड़ों में असम शामिल नहीं है। वर्ष 1981 की जनगणना के समय वहाँ पर व्याप्त अशांत परिस्थितियों के कारण जनगणना नहीं हो सकी।

#### Re-employment of teacher beyond age of 65 years in University of Calcutta

1735. DR. R. K. PODDAR: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to the reply to Starred Question 42 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 20th November, 1985 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the University Grants Commission has asked the University of Calcutta to re-employ a teacher, not only after the period of superannuation but also beyond the attainment

of the age of 65 years, to continue as the Co-ordinator of a DSA programme, which is an administrative position with responsibilities to handle the funds; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE (SMT. SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) and (b) The University Grants Commission has agreed to the continuation of the Programme Co-ordinator for the DSA programme on Chemistry of Natural Products, in the Department of Chemistry, Calcutta University upto March, 1990, as a special case. Such an arrangement is visualised in the guidelines for the implementation of the programme. Further, in this case, the services of the programmes coordinator are available to the University without payment of any remuneration, and therefore it is not strictly a case of re-employment.

#### Imported mobile hospitals lying unused.

1736. SHRI RAMCHANDRA BHARADWAJ:  
SHRI BHAGATRAM MANHAR:  
SHRIMATI MAIMOONA SULTAN:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether fully equipped mobile hospitals furnished with operation theatre facilities, were imported during 1977-78;

(b) If so, how many such hospitals on wheels were imported and at what cost;

(c) whether it is a fact that most of these mobile hospitals are lying out of use; if so, reasons for which they were imported; and

(d) how many of them are lying idle and since when?

**THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR):** (a) to (d) 318 Mobile Clinics were received by the Government of India each costing Rs. 8.50 lakhs under the U.K. Aid Programme. Three mobile clinics were supplied to each medical college to provide health care services to rural and semi-rural population. The use of the mobile clinics varies from institution to institution depending on a number of factors including the terrain, nature of existing rural health services and the availability of supplementary resources etc. Wherever possible these clinics are also used for other National Health Programme. Government are continuously monitoring the utilisation of these clinics.

**Construction of new International Airport Terminal in Madras**

**1737. SHRI R. SAMBASIVA RAO:** Will the Minister of TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to construct a new international airport terminal at Madras airport; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER):** (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The new international terminal building shall cover an area of approximately 9960 sq. mt. of which 7000 sq. mt. shall be provided on the ground floor and 2960 sq. mt. on the first floor. The Terminal shall have the capability to handle 6.82 lakh passengers annually. This corresponds to a peak hour handling capability of 1382 passengers i.e. 616 arriving, 616 departing and 150 transiting passengers.

1468 RS—3

sengers. The building is likely to be completed in the year 1987-88 and it will be adequate to meet the requirements of anticipated passenger traffic upto 1990-91. The project will be implemented after securing the necessary approvals.

**Bilateral agreement with USSR for collaboration in science, technology and social sciences**

**1738. SHRI R. SAMBASIVA RAO:** Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India and USSR have recently agreed to develop bilateral institutional collaboration in science, engineering and technology and social science; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE (SMT. SUSHILA ROHATGI):** (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A statement (*see below*) indicating the areas agreed to for developing programmes of bilateral cooperation between the two sides is attached. It has been agreed that the Indian side would send proposals in some of the agreed areas to the Soviet side and a collaborative programme for a specified period would then be drawn up by the participating institutions and submitted to the implementing agencies, namely, the University Grants Commission in India and the Soviet Academy of Sciences and Ministry of Higher and Specialised Secondary Education in USSR.

**Statement**

(A) Areas agreed with the Soviet Academy of Sciences for Developing Programmes of Bilateral Cooperation

**(1) SCIENCES ENGINEERING**

**(1) Bio-Technology and Genetic Engineering**

(i) Expression of cloned Genes in Heterologous Systems.