

कंटरीज में इसकी प्राप्ति अभी तक नहीं हो रही है। मैं सरकार से जानना चाहता हूँ कि जो गारमेंट्स, पांशाक बने बनाये जाते हैं इसकी मार्केटिंग युरोपिय कंटरीज में भी हो। अमेरिकन कंटरीज में भी हो इसके लिये क्या सरकार उनको कुछ छूट देगी जिस प्रकार से हेवी इंडस्ट्रीज को, बड़े उद्योगों को एक्सपोर्ट करने के लिये देती है। उनको बढ़ाने के लिये, मशीन मंगाने के लिये बहुत सी सुविधाएं देनी हैं इसको भी क्या इस प्रकार की सुविधा देगी जिससे ये अपना माल विदेशों में भेज सकें और देश को काफी-काफी फारेन एक्सचेंज मिल सके ?

SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH: Sir, we do export garments to the US and the European countries, and facilities that have been given for the small scale sector are: The limit on capital investment on plant and machinery in respect of small scale units has been increased from Rs. 20 lakhs to Rs. 35 lakhs, category of automatic licences have been abolished. Most of them which appear are of automatic permissible list. This gives a lot of benefit to the small scale sector. Then the import of proto-type facilities continue. The import of capital goods through the NSIC to small scale sector continues. So, (here is) a provision to give impetus, as the hon. Member has in mind.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Question No. 389.

**Financial assistance and loans given under the DRI scheme**

\*389. SHRI RAMSINGH BHAJI PATALIYA RATHVAKOLI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(Y.i) what quantum of financial assistance under DRI Scheme has been given by the various nationalised banks during the period 1st April to 31st July, 1984 to the (i) tribal people, (ii) persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and (iii) weaker sections of society in the Districts of Baroda, Surat, Dangyara, Mandvi Bulsar and Chhota Udaipur in Gujarat; and

(b) what are the plans and programmes of Government to give more such

assistance to such people under the 20-point Programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) and (b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

**Statement**

(a) and (b) The Reserve Bank of India has informed that the present data reporting system does not generate district-wise information on Differential Rate of Interest Scheme (DRI). However, according to the latest information available with Reserve Bank the total advances outstanding in the State of Gujarat under DRI were Rs. 42.62 crores in 3.70 lakh borrowal accounts. Under DRI Scheme the banks have been asked to advance 1 per cent of their total advances outstanding at the end of previous year. This target is bank-wise and there are no Statewise targets. However, in the State of Gujarat the advances under DRI as at the end of December 1983 constituted 2.2 per cent of the total outstanding advances as at the end of the previous year. The advances to the members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes were Rs. 29.39 crores, in 2.59 lakh borrowal accounts, amounting to 64 per cent of the total advances.

The banks will continue to provide loans under the Differential Rate of Interest Scheme to the eligible beneficiaries, including the members of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as per the target assigned by the Government.

श्री रामसिंह भाई पातलीया भाई राठवा : सभापति जी, 'क' का जवाब तो मुझे मिल गया लेकिन 'ख' का जवाब जो दिया गया है वह मैं समझ नहीं सका। इसलिए फिर से मंत्री महोदय 'ख' का जवाब देने की कृपा करें।

SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI: Sir, under the DRI scheme, the target fixed is that one per cent of the total advances to be given to the weaker section. That target has been reached already. Now

the overall performance, the achievement is 1.17 per cent.

श्री रामलाल भाई पातलोया भाई राठवा : क्या मंत्री महोदय यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि क्या भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक के पास ऐसी कोई साइड-बाइन्स है जो ट्री प्लांटेशन करना चाहते हैं उसके अन्दर जो खर्चा होता है उसके लिये कुछ सहायता वे दे सकें ?

SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI: Sir, for afforestation one special programme was introduced in 1983. As per that programme which is identical to IRD programme, about Rs. 600 crores have to flow from the bank and a matching subsidy 1:1 is to come from the Central Government and the State Governments on 50:50 basis. And this is being used for the afforestation in the country.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Next Question-Question No. 390.

#### Demand for Indian goods, in gulf countries

\*390. SHRI C. HARIDAS: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that despite demand for Indian products in the Gulf market there is a slump in their export due to the poor quality and high price of such products; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take in the matter.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

#### Statement

(a) There has not been any slump in our exports to the Gulf region, in spite of severe competition from the advanced countries, there has been an increase in

our exports to the Gulf region as will be evident from the following figures:

(Rs. Crores)	
1981-82	614
1982-83	687
1983-84	710

(b) Among the several measures proposed 10 have been taken to improve our export performance in the Gulf region, following are the more important ones: —

(i) A new export promotion and marketing strategy for Indian goods has been drawn up. Selected countries have been identified as thrust markets for intensive export promotion efforts.

(ii) Similarly, thrust commodities/ product groups have been identified and special measures are proposed to promote their exports.

(iii) Possibilities of link deals invoking linkage of exports with imports, within the framework of the existing policy, are being explored.

(iv) Participation in Exhibitions in these countries. Exclusive Indian exhibitions are being organised in Saudi Arabia and Qatar. In addition Indian Jewellery exhibition-cum-sale is being held in UAE and Kuwait.

(v) Special attention is being paid to promote project exports in the region.

(vi) Promotion of joint ventures between Indian and local parties in these countries.

SHRI C. HARIDAS: Sir, I want to know from the hon. Minister as to what is the demand for the Indian goods in the Gulf. Has the Government received any complaints about the substandard quality of Indian goods?

SHRI P. A. SANGMA: Sir, the main items of exports from our country to the Gulf area have been tea, spices, fruits, vegetables and meal. And now we have also started in a small way the export of engineering goods. There has been at one time a complaint about the quality