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(b) if so, by when this scheme is likely to be intioduced?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (RAO BIRENDRA SINGH: (a) anti (bj. A well-knit Public Distribution System for making: 'available certain essential commodities to all sections of population is in operation throughout the countiy. No proposal is at present under th» consideration of the Central Government to 'segregate any section of population from the benefits of . Distribution System.

## Cheating by Ex-ICS Officer

1089. SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which) appeared in the Hindustan Times of the 12th April, 1985 under the heading ex-ICS dupes forty families in the Capital depriving them of crores of rupees;
- (b) whether any inquiry has been conducted; and
- (c) what action Government have taken in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING (SHRI ABDUL GHAFOOR): (a) Yes, Sir, we have seen the news item.

(b) and (c) The news item mentions about some Sona Apartments. MCD have reported that neither any application has been received nor any plan sanctioned in the name of Sona Apartments. Hence the question of inquiry and any other ac-tii in the matter may not arise.

## Damage to fish slock due to pollution in Patalgana.

SHR1 MUKHTIAR SINGH 1090 MALIK: Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether recently there has been large scale damage to the fish stock in the Patalganga near Bombay due to high pollution;

- (bj if so, the estimated loss as a result thereof; and
- (c) what action Government have been to avoid pollution in Patalganga and save fish stock?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDULAL CHANDRAKAR): (a) Yes, Sir. There has been a case of fish mortality due to pollution in River Patalganga near Bombay.

- (b) The Government of Maharashtra !have estimated the loss of about six tonnes of fish due to pollution in Patalganga.
- (c) Government of Maharashtra have taken immediate action to prevent recurrence of pollution in the River Patalganga under Maharashtra Prevention of Water Pollution Act, 1969.

## Rural Indebtedness

1091. SHRI SHANTIMOY GHOSH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to

- (a) the details of rural indebtedness in the country;
- (b) the extent of the said indebtedness during t'ne various plan periods; and
- (c) the details of the efforts made by Government to reduce the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHAN-DULAL CHANDRAKAR): (a) and

(bj The Third All india Debt and Investment Survey. 1971-72 conducted by the Reserve Bank of India had indicated the total debt liabilities of all rural household.; at Rs. 3921 crores. The Report of the Fourth Survey conducted by National Sampe Survey Organisation (NSSO) from January to December. 1982 which is awaited, would indicate the latest status of rural • indebtedness in the country. The plan wise details of rural indebtedness were not collected in the said surveys.

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(c) Debt relief is a State subject (vide entry 30 in the State List of Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India). The Government of India had, however, issued guidelines to all fee State Governments and Union Territories in 1975 to enact appropriate legislation to liquidate non-institutional debts of rural poor comprising of marginal farmers, landless labourers and rural artisans; and also to scale down the non-institutional debts of smnll farmers. All the State Government and Union Territories have enacted suitable legislation giving relief to the weaker sections on the' basis of the above guidelines. In January, 1984, the then Minister of Agriculture had again requested the Chief Ministers of all the State Governments and Union Territories to review the implementation of the debt relief measures in their States and also to tone up institutional agencies in order to minimise the dependence of weaker sections in rural areas on non-institutional sources of credit.

## Fall in the Price of Agrcultural Commodities

1092. SHRI SHANTIMOY GHOSH: SHRI SURESH PACHOURI;

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government are aware of the steep fall in the prices of agricultural commodities like potatoes, oilseeds, tobacco and cotton recently throughout the country;
- (b) whether Government are also aware that the real loss is being borne by the agriculturists of the lower category:
- (c) whether Government are planning for paying adequate compensation to the agriculturists for the loss suffered by them due to fall in the prices; and
- (d) if so, the details of the said scheme of paying compensation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHAN-DULAL CHANDRAKAR): (a) The index numbers of wholesale prices in respect of agricultural commodities including foodgrains, oilseeds, cotton, tobacco and potato during the period January to mid-April, 1985 reveal a mixed picture. While foodgrains have remained steady, oilseeds group showed some decline in the index in January, thereafter becoming steady for some time and firming up recently. However, the prices of rapeseed and mustard have declined recently in some markets. Cotton prices declined in the early part of this year but have firmed up from mid-March, 1985. Tobacco prices have ruled steady to firm during the period. Potato prices had the normal seasonal dip in prices because of the peak marketing season, but lately these prices also have started firming up from the beginning of April, 1985.

(b) to (d) It is a declared policy of the Government that the interests of all classes of farmers are protected and, as is well known, the Government have been fixing support prices of various agricultural commodities and have also been organising market support operations in order to ensure that the prices do not fall below the support levels. The prices so fixed by he Government cover cost of production and also provide a reasonable incentive margin of profit to give to farmers for investment and adopof improved technology. The Food Corporation of India, the Cotton Corporation of India, the Jute Corporation of India, the Tobacco Board, NAFED and State level cooperative marketing federations organise market support operations in the interest of the growers of foodgrains cotton, tobacco, potato, etc. Thus, appropriate and effective steps are being continuously taken by the Government to protect the interest of the farmers of all classes and ensure them remunerative prices. In view of recent decline in prices of rapeseed and mustard in some markets, NAFED and State cooperative agencies have been asked to intervene and make purchases at support prices announced by the Government.