

(b) whether it is also a fact that the major causes are low fertilizer consumption, inadequate production credit and seed supply;

(c) what has been the supply of these inputs during the past three years in Madhya Pradesh; and

(d) what steps Government propose to take to improve supply of these inputs in the State?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI BUIA SINGH): (a) and (b) Productivity of rice in Madhya Pradesh is among the lowest in the country. This is primarily due to inadequate irrigation coverage, as a result of which fertilizer intake and HYV coverage are also low.

(c) The supply of various inputs during the past three years in Madhya Pradesh is given below-

Inputs	Unit	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85 (Estimated/ Anticipated)
Fertilizer Consumption	Lakh Tonnes	2-43	3-15	3-92
Distribution of certified/quality seeds of paddy	Thousand Qtls.	25-38	21-54	25.29
Credit Supply— Short term loans (Cooperatives)	Rs. in Crores	135-23	13905 (Target) (P)	185.00 (P) Provisional

(d) The Government have already envisaged stepping up the supply of fertilizers for the coming Kharif season by 51.6 per cent over that in Kharif 1984. Arrangements have been tied up with the indigenous manufacturers and the pool handling agencies for supply of indigenous and imported fertilisers to meet the requirements of the State.

In order to boost seed distribution in the States, the Government of India have formulated a 1 (Point Action Programme for increasing the production of Breeder, Foundation and Certified seeds during the Seventh Plan.

Similarly, efforts have been made to increase the financial assistance under non-irrigation cover scheme to District Central Cooperative Banks in Madhya Pradesh to augment the flow of production credit.

#### Oi) Seeds Development in Madhya Pradesh

1416. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the schemes for development of oil seeds in Madhya Pradesh;

(b) what are the item-wise outlays earmarked for them separately for the current year and

(c) what steps Government propose to take to bring out uniformity in the different programmes?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) A National Oilseeds Development Project is under implementation in Madhya Pradesh for the development of oilseeds, namely, rapeseed-mustard, soyabean, groundnut, niger and sesamum.

(b) The item-wise outlays for the current year are as follows: —

Item	Crop	Outlays (Rs. lakhs)
(i) Special Project for Extension of Rapeseed-Mustard	Rapeseed-Mustard	22.175
(ii) Special Project on Soy	Soyabean	444.955
(iii) Intensive Oilseeds Development Programme	Groundnut, Niger & Sesamum	86.455

However, the total budgetary ceiling for all the above programmes has been restricted to Rs. 441.490 lakhs during the current year.

(c) With a view to rationalise different oilseeds programmes in the State till 1983-84, a compact National Oilseeds Development Project has been sanctioned from 1984-85 reorienting and integrating the earlier centrally sponsored schemes and projects for oilseeds development.

#### Requirement and Production of Milk.

1417. SHRI K. VASUDEVA PANICKER: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the total requirement of milk in the country at present;

(b) the total quantity of milk produced in the country at present;

(c) whether the supply of milk was adequate to meet the demand of milk during the last two years; and

(d) if not, the steps taken by Government to obviate the shortfall?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE /AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SUTA SINGH): (a) As per the National Commission on Agriculture Report (1976), the high and low levels of demand projections of milk for the year 1985 are 44.2 and 33.4 million tonnes respectively. The average demand for the year 1985 can, therefore, be reckoned as 38.8 million tonnes.

(b) The anticipated milk production in the country during 1984-85 is 38.4 million tonnes.

(c) and (d) The demand for milk during the last two years has largely been met. Nevertheless, the Government has taken a number of steps to increase the milk production in the country through Central, Centrally Sponsored and State Plan Schemes including Operation Flood Project. Such measures include improvement in the milk production potential of cattle and buffalo through cross-breeding of non-descript cattle with exotic dairy breeds and selective breeding of indigenous Jird buffalo, provision of adequate health cover including control of infectious diseases. Improving nutritional support through development of feed/fodder resources, and creation of assured milk marketing facilities.

#### भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदामों में चोरी

1418. श्री हुक्मदेव नारायण यादव : क्या खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदामों से किस-किस प्रदेश से कितने-कितने खाद्यान्नों तथा अन्य वस्तुओं की चोरी हुई और उसमें कितने सरकारी तथा गैर-सरकारी लोग सम्मिलित थे ; और

(ख) क्या यह सच है कि उन चोरियों में शामिल कई उच्चाधिकारियों के विरुद्ध, मामले वापस ले लिये गये हैं ; यदि हाँ, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री (राज बोरेंद्र सिंह) : (क) और (ख) निगम के मुख्यालय में भारतीय खाद्य