

- \* To strengthen the existing monitoring and supervision mechanism for ICDS Scheme, the Government of India has set up of a Central Monitoring Unit (CMU) at National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development (NIPCCD) to monitor the Scheme through independent professional organization/institution in each State/ UT. This is in addition to the monitoring mechanism in place at present.
- \* A National Level Monitoring Committee has also been set up under the Chairpersonship of Minister of State for Women and Child Development (Independent Charge) to oversee the entire functioning of ICDS Scheme and to ensure that the services are delivered to the target groups in an effective manner and the objectives of the scheme are fulfilled within the overall framework of the ICDS Scheme.

**Prestigious Educational Institutions in different States**

**\*6. SHRI PYARIMOHAN MOHAPATRA:** Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Centrally funded prestigious educational institutions like IIT, IIM, IIIT and Central Universities etc., located in different States, State-wise;

(b) the reasons for not establishing a single such institution in Orissa over the last 60 years since Independence;

(c) the norms for establishing such institutions adopted for the Eleventh Five Year Plan; and

(d) the reasons for not considering Orissa as a location inspite of the need to support the State's ambitious industrial development programme as well as education of nearly 40 per cent tribal and SC population of the State?

**THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH):** (a) A Statement showing the State-wise number of Centrally funded prestigious educational institutions is annexed (see below).

(b) It would not be correct to say that due consideration has not

been given to Orissa while establishing prestigious educational institutions. Orissa has various Institutions and Research organizations funded by the Central Government as given below:—

1. National Institute of Technology (NIT), Rourkela;
2. Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar;
3. Regional Research Laboratory (RRL), Bhubaneswar;
4. Biju Patnaik National Steel Institute, Puri;
5. Extension Campus of Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur at Bhubaneswar;
6. Indian Institute of Mass Communication, Dhenkanal;
7. Regional Medical Research Centre, Bhubaneswar;
8. Central Rice Research Institute, Cuttack;
9. Central Institute of Freshwater Aquaculture (CIFA), Kausalyaganga, Bhubaneswar, Orissa;
10. National Institute of Rehabilitation Training and Research (NIRTAR), Olatpur, Cuttack;
11. Water Technology Centre for Eastern Region, Bhubaneswar; and
12. National Research Centre for Women in Agriculture (NRCWA), Bhubaneswar.

Hon'ble Prime Minister during his visit to Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar in August, 2006, has announced the setting up of a National Institute of Science Education and Research (NISER) at Bhubaneswar.

(c) Eleventh Five Year Plan has not yet been finalized. Resources permitting, efforts would be made to address the issue of existing regional imbalances in higher education, including in the State of Orissa, during the Eleventh Five Year Plan.

(d) Same as in (b) above.

**Statement****State-wise number of centrally funded prestigious educational institutions**

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	IIT	IIIT	IISc	IISER	IIM	Central University	NIT
1.	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	3*	1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	1*	-
3.	Assam	1	-	-	-	-	2	1
4.	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
6.	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
8.	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9.	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
11.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
12.	Karnataka	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
13.	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
14.	Madhya Pradesh	-	2	-	-	1	-	1
15.	Maharashtra	1	-	-	1	1	1	1
16.	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
17.	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	1**	1	-
18.	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
19.	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
20.	Orissa	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
21.	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
22.	Rajasthan	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
23.	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	1*	-
24.	Tamil Nadu	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
25.	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	1*	1
26.	Uttarakhand	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1	1	-	-	1	4	1
28.	West Bengal	1	-	-	1	1	1	1
29.	Andaman & Nicobar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30.	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33.	Delhi	1	-	-	-	-	4	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35.	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	1	-

IIT - Indian Institute of Technology

IIIT - Indian Institute of Information Technology

IISc. - Indian Institute of Science

IISER - Indian Institute of Science Education &amp; Research

IIM - Indian Institute of Management

NIT - National Institute of Technology

\* The legislations in respect of the following Central Universities have been enacted only in December, 2006:—

- (i) Rajiv Gandhi University, Itanagar (Arunachal Pradesh);
- (ii) The English and Foreign Languages University, Hyderabad (Andhra Pradesh);
- (iii) Tripura University, Agartala (Tripura); and
- (iv) Sikkim University, Gangtok (Sikkim).

\*\* Decision has been taken to establish an IIM at Shillong.

### **Missing children in the country**

\*7. SHRI K. CHANDRAN PILLAI:  
SHRIMATI SHOBHANA BHARTIA:

Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the NHRC report lists nearly 45000 children going missing every year in the country;

(b) whether according to the report, most children are reported missing from the State where the trafficking of children has become a highly profitable business;

(c) whether it is also a fact that large number of missing children go untraced;

(d) if so, the State-wise details to cases of missing children for the last three years;

(e) whether there is any mechanism to monitor the situation; and

(f) the steps taken to protect the children?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) The NHRC in collaboration with the UNIFEM and the Institute of social Sciences, New Delhi conducted an Action Research on Trafficking in Women and Children in India (ARTWAC), the report of which was released in August, 2004. As per the report, the number of children reported missing from the