

संदेशवाहकों जो पूर्णकालिक सरकारी कर्मचारी हैं, को निम्नलिखित ब्रेतनमान में रखा गया है :—

उप पोस्टमास्टर एक ही 260-480  
व्यक्ति द्वारा चलाए जाने  
वाला डाकघर

विभागीय शाखा पोस्टमास्टर 260-350

विभागीय डाक चपरासी 196-332  
तथा संदेशवाहक

उन्हें समय-समय पर सरकार द्वारा  
बोधित महंगाई भत्ता एवं अतिरिक्त  
महंगाई भत्ता भी मिलता है।

(ख) जी नहीं।

(ग) प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता।

(घ) चूंकि वे विभाग के नियमित  
कर्मचारी नहीं हैं और वे केवल अंशकालिक  
कर्मचारी हैं, अतः सुविधाओं के मामले  
जैसे मकान किराया आदि में उन्हें नियमित  
कर्मचारियों के समकक्ष नहीं माना जा  
सकता है। ऐसा कोई प्रस्ताव सरकार  
के विचाराधीन नहीं है।

#### Production of essential drugs

138. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:  
Will the Minister of CHEMICALS  
AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to  
state:

(a) the reasons for low capacity  
*utilisation* by the drug industries in  
the manufacture of Anti-Malaria,  
Anti-TB. and Anti-Leprosy drugs  
which are very essential for general  
public as against the high capacity  
*utilisation* in the manufacture of Vita-  
min A and other Vitamins and tonics; and

(b) the measures that Government  
are taking to ensure sufficient produc-  
tion of these essential drugs?

THE MINISTER OF CHEMICALS  
AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI VASANT  
SATHE): (a) Capacity utilisation of  
few antimalarial and anti T.B. drugs  
like quinine and PAS is low because  
of their connection with newer drugs.  
Capacity utilisation of other anti mala-  
rial, anti T.B., and anti leprosy  
drugs has been, by and large, steadily  
going up in recent years. Capacity  
utilisation of Vitamin preparations and  
tonics is high because of their larger  
market.

(b) Government is approving addi-  
tional capacities wherever required.  
Necessary approvals are also being  
granted wherever necessary for im-  
port of technology.

#### Electricity Generation in Maharashtra

139. SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAV-  
RAO JADHAV: Will the Minister  
of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that by the end  
of the Sixth Five Year Plan Maha-  
rashtra State will have the capacity  
of generating 6603 MW of electricity;

(b) if so, what progress has been  
made in that regard;

(c) what is the position of power  
generation capacity today and what  
quantity is actually being generated  
against the total installed capacity;

(d) if there is a deficit or gap in  
generation, what are the reasons there-  
for; and

(e) what steps Government intend  
to take to increase the efficiency of  
thermal power stations in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE  
MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI ARIF  
MOHD. KHAN): (a) Maharashtra  
State is expected to have a generating  
capacity of about 6000 MW by the end  
of the Sixth Five Year Plan, excluding  
Central power stations and non-uti-  
lities.