

[श्री सैयद सिल्ले रजी]

है उसको देखते हुए यह जरूरी हो जाता है कि बेगिन से यह पुरस्कार वापस लिया जाय ।

[उपसभाध्यक्ष-(डा० रफीक जकरिया पीठासीन हुए)] ।

अभी तीन महीने पहले जिस तरह से सतारा और साबा कैम्पों में निहत्थे इंसानों, बूढ़ों, बच्चों और महिलाओं का मेसाकर हुआ है और नस्ल को खत्म करने की जो एक तहरीक चलाई गई है उससे सारी इंसानियत का सर शर्म से झुक जाता है । इसलिए मैं इस सदन के माध्यम से यह कहना चाहूंगा कि वह पुरस्कार जो बेगिन साहब को दिया गया है उसको विद्वड़ा किया जाय और हमारे फारेन मिनिस्टर साहब अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मंचों पर जहां भी उनको मौका मिले, इस सिलसिले में कोशिश करें । अगर नोबल पुरस्कार कमेटी के कॉन्स्टिट्यूशन में इस प्रकार का प्रावधान नहीं है कि एक मर्तबा पुरस्कार देने के बाद उसको वापस नहीं किया जा सकता है, लेकिन तब भी विश्व शांति के लिए, विश्व मंत्री के लिए और विश्व दोस्ती के लिए यह जरूरी है कि बेगिन साहब के गले में विश्व शांति का जो पुरस्कार पड़ा हुआ है उसको वापस किया जाय । उनके मुंह पर हजारों हजार फिलिस्तीनियों का खून लगा हुआ है । उन्होंने उनको कुचलने के लिए बुलडाजनों का इस्तेमाल किया । इन अत्याचारों को देख कर किसी भी इन्सान का सर शर्म से झुक जाता है । मैं यहां पर यह भी कहना चाहूंगा कि ईजराइल ने जब फिलिस्तीनियों पर आक्रमण किया तो जब सारा विश्व खामोश था तो मुझे इस बात का गौरव है कि हमारी प्रधान मंत्री ने इसी पार्लियामेंट के अन्दर ईजराइल के खिलाफ बयान दिया और भारत के जनमत को भावनाओं का प्रदर्शन किया । इसलिए मैं यह कहना चाहता हूं कि हमारे

विदेश मंत्री इस सिलसिले में एक तहरीक चलाये और उनको अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मंचों पर इस बात की कोशिश करनी चाहिए कि अगर नोबल प्राइस कमेटी के कॉन्स्टिट्यूशन में नोबल प्राइज मिलने के बाद उसको वापस नहीं किया जा सकता है तो उनको इस बात की कोशिश तो जरूर करनी चाहिए कि नोबल प्राइज लिस्ट में से बेगिन का नाम काट दिया जाय और उनसे यह पुरस्कार छीन लिया जाय ।

उपसभाध्यक्ष (डा० रफीक जकरिया) : क्या इसकी अभी एनाउन्समेंट हुई है ?

श्री सैयद सिल्ले रजी : यह सन् 1978 में दिया गया था । असल में यह प्राइज श्री सादात और बेगिन को आधा-आधा दिया गया था । केम्प डेविड समझौते के सम्बन्ध में यह प्राइज दिया गया था । इट वाज ए जोएण्ट नोबल प्राइज ।

उपसभाध्यक्ष (डा० रफीक जकरिया) : मैं समझता था कि इसकी एनाउन्समेंट अभी हुई है ।

श्री सैयद सिल्ले रजी : यह पुरस्कार सन् 1978 में दिया गया था ।

REFERENCE TO THE REPORTED DEMAND OF THE PEOPLE OF TAMIL NADU FOR A COLOURED FILM PRODUCTION UNIT AT QOTA-CAMUND.

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY (Tamil Nadu): Mr. Vice-Chairman, Sir, I draw th© attention of the Central Government to a matter which has caused much resentment in the minds of the people of Tamil Nadu for the past few days. Sir, the people of Tamil Nadu have been demanding to have a colour film production unit at Ootacamund and they have been expecting that the Government will announce a decision to start that pro-

ject at Oota camund. But, Sir, I understand from the press reports that the Central Government has taken a decision to start this project in Nainital instead of Ootacamund.

Sir, even before the first unit of the Hindustan Photo Films was started at Ootacamund, all the places were studied and it was declared by the experts committee that Nainital and other places were not suitable and that Ootacamund alone was suitable to start such a project. But in the initial stages doubts were expressed whether the project will successfully function. The projects, *i.e.*, the Hindustan Photo Films unit is functioning there very successfully and the infrastructure is very readily available there the technology is there and the experts committee has recently expressed that it will be technically advantageous to have the colour film production unit at Ootacamund. I do not know for what reasons they are now changing the decision. They are going against the opinion of the experts committee. If it is for political reasons, then it is most unfortunate. If they say that Nainital is a backward area, then Ooty particularly is the area where tribals and backward class people who are mostly economically oppressed, are living. There is no industry there and this is the only industry in Ootacamund. I do not know for what reasons they are changing the earlier decision. So, I would like to request the Central Government to reconsider the move, and. . .

SHRI P. RAMAMURTI (Tamil Nadu): , . . abandon it.

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Yes. Ooty will be the correct place for colour film project unit; otherwise that will be a total discrimination against the people of Tamil Nadu. Top leaders give here sermons often that people of Tamil Nadu are not away from the national mainstream and that this is one country. They are giving sermons but at the same time people occupying highest positions in the Central Government forget that Tamil Nadu is also on the map of India. Many projects which are due for Tamil Nadu have been abandoned and are going to other States. This is a very serious matter which is agitating the minds of the peo-

ple, cutting across all sections, and all other political parties and people are very much concerned about the decision. This decision has come as a bolt from the blue. But if according to my friend Mr. Ramamurti they are only thinking, and not yet decided, it is well and good...

SHRI P. RAMAMURTI: Not well and good.

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: If they have not yet taken a decision like that, they should abandon this move and they should sanction the project for Tamil Nadu.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (DR. RAFIQ ZAKARIA): Please conclude; it is only a special mention.

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: I draw the attention of the Central Government, through you; otherwise, Tamil Nadu will be left out of the national mainstream for ever.

STATEMENT BY MINISTER

Flood Situation in the Country.

THE MINISTER OF IRRIGATION (SHRI KEDAR PANDEY): Sir, I rise to make a statement on the flood situation in various parts of the country. In spite of lean and delayed monsoon activity in some parts of the country heavy floods have occurred in Assam, Bihar, Orissa and Uttar Pradesh. Floods of lower intensity have also inundated areas in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Tripura and West Bengal. Based on the information furnished by the State Governments to Central Water Commission, Ministry of Irrigation, the total area affected by floods is about 76 lakh hectares and a population of 335 lakhs. 932 human lives have been lost. The value of total