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Setting plants in the paper up coumtry

*330. SHRI AJIT KUMAR SHAR)MA: "' " SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to set up paper plants in the country; and
- (b) if so, what places have been selected for thg purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF **INDUSTRY** (SHRI **CHARANJIT** CHANANA): (a) and (b) Government had issued Industrial Licences for a capacity of about 9.80 lakh tonnes, upto 31st De cember, 1980 for setting up paper parts plants in different of the An installed country. capacity of about 37.95 lakh tonnes is held by Letters of Intent issued to various parties. As on 1st January, 1981. there were 136 units in the organised sector manufacturing paper and paper board, with a total installed capacity a total installed capacity of 16.57 lakh tonnes. The Hindustan Paper Corporation, a public sector paper plants enterprise, is setting up at Tuli in Nagaland, and at Jagi and Panch-Road (District Nowgong) (District Cachar) in Assam for gram a total capacity of 2,33,000 tonnes per annum.

regards newsprint, the Kerala Newsprint Project at Velloor, (capa- city 80,000 tonnes the Mysore Paper Mills Newsprint Project at Bhadrava Technology. annum) tonnes per are under plementation.

National Committee on Sciencs I and Technology

*331. DR. (SHRIMATI) NAJMA HEPTULLA:

DR. LOKESH CHANDRA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

· (a) whether the National Committee on Science and Technology has been revived and the Scientific Advisory Committee to the Cabinet set up;

to Questions

- (b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and
- (c) what would be the nature of coordination in the matter beUvetn Universities, various Research Centres, Industries and user Ministries?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) to (c) The term of the last National Committee on Science and iechuology expired in July, 1980. A Cabinet Committee on Science and Technology has been constituted under the Chairmanship of the Prime Minister.

The Government have now set up a Science Advisory Committee to the Cabinet. The terms of reference ox the Committee are as follows:-

- 1. Tendering advice on the for mulation of the Science and Tech nology Policy of Government and on the manner of its implementa tion.
- Identifying and recommending would enhance the measures which country's technological self-re liance, with particular reference the policy of Government on foreign collaboration and import of technology.
- 3. Considering policy issues relating to the development and application of Science and Technology which may be referred to it by the Prime Minister or by the Cabinet Committee on Science and
- 4. Considering organisation aspects of and Technology organisations/institutions, including measures to provide adequate linkages between the scientific community educational institutions, establishments industry Governmental machinery; and
 - Considering—
 - (a) filling critical gaps in national competence;

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(c) other issues conceriiing science in international relations.

The Member incharge of Science in the Planning Commission will be the Chairman of the Committee (*Ex-Officio*).

The Secretary, S&T, will be Member-Secretary of the Committee (ex-offlcio). There will be 18 other members for the present. More names would be added subsequently.

.. Fiiel Briquettes from Coal-Dust

*332. SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHANDARI: SHRI LAKHAN SINGH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

- (a) what are the details of the work done at the Regional Research Laboratory^ Hyderabad and Central Fuel Research Institute, Dhanbad to porduce fuel briquettes from coal-dust, i-icehusk, agricultural residues and civic garbage; and
- (b) what steps Government propose to take to explore the possibilities of production of suf li briquettes on ^ commercial scale?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) Regional Research Laboratory (RRL), Hyderabad and Central Fuel Research Institute (CFRI) Dhanbad have developed the following processes to produce fuel briquettes from char fines, coke breeze, slack coal, middlings and coal rejects:

BRL. Hyderabad

1. Briquetting of char fines using starch based compounds as binder.

CFRI, Dhanbad

1. Weather resistant smokeless hard and mouled fuels from coke-breeze using tar/pitch as binder.

- 2. Agglomerates for use as domestic/metallui-gical fuels using binders.
- 3. Production of formed metallurgical industriial and domestic coke from non-coking coals, coke fines semi-anthracite,
- j (b) The processes are available for ! commercial exploitation through the National Reseaich Development Corporation (NRDC) of India. A process developed at RRL, Hyderabad and two of the processes of CFRI, Dhanbad have already been released to industry for setting up commercial plan's. Several plants have been set up by different parties at different locations.

Residents' Welfare Associations of Government Servants

- *333. SHRI Ng. TOMPOK SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;
- (a) what is the number of Residents' Welfare Associations' Sudhar Samities in Government colonies in New Delhi which are given financial aid by Government;
- (b) what is the number of such As-sociations area-wise which have not been given aid during 1980-81 sO far with reasons therefor;
- (c) whet'ner it is a fact that Government have received complaints against officebearers of some of the Associations for misuse of Government aid and mismanagement;
- (d) if so, what are the details thereof and what action Government have taken against tl'.e office-bearers of such Associations; and
- (e) what steps Government propose to take fOr proper functioning of the activities of these Associations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI P. VENKA TASUBBAIAH): (a) There are ;12 Residents' Welfare Associations in Government Colonies in New Delhi which are recognized and are eligible