SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHAN-DARI (Utta_r Pradesh): Thi_s could De don_e after the

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; It was to be made. I have allowed him because he was to go somewhere.

STATEMENT BY MINISTER

Commencement of utilization of Bhaskara-I

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE

DEPARTMENTS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND ELECTRONICS **ENVIRONMENT** (SHRI CHANDRA NARAIN PRATAP SINGH): Sir, I have the honour to inform the House that Blhaskara-II, thg second experimental earth resources survey satellite, was launched on November 20, 1981 at 1400 hours 32 seconds 1ST from a Soviet Cosmodrome. The polyhedral shaped satellite weighing around 440 kg. was injected in a hear circular orbit at a height of 525 km. and an inclination of 51 degrees and it is orbiting around the earth every 95 minutes. The satellite is being continuously monitored from ground stations at Srihari-kota, Ahmedabad, Bangalore and also from Bears Lake near Moscow in the USSR. The satellite is functioning well and all the spacecraft systems are working satisfactorily.

Bhaskara-II is an improved version of its predecessor, Bhaskara-I, which was launched on June 7, 1979. The space segment of Bhaskara-II is essentially the same as Bhaskara-I and is designed for a Nominal mission life of one year. Bhaskara-II carries two primary payloads viz., a TV camera system' and a Satellite Microwave Radiometer (SAMIR) onerating at 19. 22 and 31 Gigahertz (GHz). The data from these payloads are intended to be used for various studies of relevance relating to eath resources and meteorological application. The satellite also carries secondary payload systems such as Data Collection Platform (DCP) experiment, Solar Cell and Thermal" Paint experiments. The Data Collection Platform envisages

relay Of meteorological data collected by unattended platform, located in different parts of the country. The Solar Cell and Thermal Paint experiments are continuing efforts for the qualification of indigenously developed Sbla_r Cells and Thermal Paints initiated in Bhaskara-I.

After the launch on November 20, various subsystems have been checked out systematically. On November.22 the satellite was spun up and communication from ground to spacecraft for transmitting commands established. The tape recorder aboard the satellite and two of the three microwave radiometers were switched on on November 23, 1981—the third day of the spacecraft's life. The third 9 radiometer was switched on the next day. Of the . two TV cameras one operating in the visible band was switched on November 27 1981 from Sriharikota during the 106th orbit. Six pictures were also received during ths five minutes camera was on. The second camera was switched on on November 28, 1981 during the 121st orbit and pictures over India were taken. Both the cameras were switch ed on from Sriharikota on November 29 for simultaneous operation during the 136th orbit. This mode o'f operation enables the two cameras which are aligned to take pictures of the" same ground scene covering an areas of 341 km. x 341 km. in two spectral bands thus providing multi-spectral imageries. A total of 12 pictures was obtained m bot_n th_e bands together of which four were relatively cloud-free. All the systems in the satellite have been successfully exercised. Data has been collected from the TV cameras Satellite Microwave Radiometers (SAMIR). Preliminary, indications are that the quality of these data products is good. A Plan for systematic use of this information has been drawn up consultation already in the concerned user agencies. TV data will be useful for forestry, land use, studies, flood and geological snow cover mapping. SAMIR data will

give information or the Sea State, Sea . Surface temperatur and water vapour $_f$ and liquid water c ntent in the atmosphere over ocean areas.

The total amount sptbt on the Bha-skara-II j about 1.6 crores. While some space qualified electronic components have been imported, all sub-system designing, engineering, development and esting have been done in the coultry. The **USSR** through the A:ademy of Sciences provided free of cost the launch vehicle and launch and tracking support. In addition the USSR also provide. 1 fre of cost a few sub-systems like s> lar panels, parts of spin sub-system, c lemical battery and »magnetic tape re order. Additional tracking support ias been obtained from the Ger-.ian Space Agency DFVLR and the French Agency,

CNES.

Bhaskara-II will mark the clos_e of the first phase >f th_e experimental system and lead t< the semi-operational system of generating and utilising satellite based re notely sensed data; "one vital component in this phase will b_e the Indian Remote Sensing Satellite Project 'fo_r which considerable user coordination and design activity has been dpn_e during the past thre_e years

nid project activities are about to ommence.

After AryabhaUa and Bhaskara-I, Bhaskara-II marl 5 aViother important milestone in th continuing Indo-Soviet cooperatio* in Space Research.

The entire nat jn is proud of the contributions and achievements of our scientists, techno^ agists, engineers and the Workers who have made this project $_a$ success ani I hope thi $_s$ august House will join $_n$ in congratulating them.

SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHAN-^ DARI (Uttar Pr: 3esh): Sir, I want to seek on_e clarific;

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; But before you see he clarification, I would, like to ac I to what the Minister has said tha trus House and . ,

श्री नर्रीसह प्रसाद नन्द (उड़ीसा) : हमें कह लेने दीजिए । मैं क्लेरिफिकेशन नहीं मांग रहा हूँ । चुझे इस पर योड़ा बोल लेने दीजिए इन से पहले कि साप...

श्री उपसमापति : ग्रन्छ। कहिए ।

SHRI NARASINGHA PRASAD NANDA: Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir, I fully associate myself with the feelings expressed by the hon. MAiister in paragraph 7 of the statement, L would have liked the Minister to come with this statement a little earlier because the Satellite was launched on 20th November, aVid.it was successfully launched and we were expecting this statement at the earliest. Anyhow, better late than never a*M he has now come with a statement.

Sir, this achievement is a distinct advance in the space science. Somebody day jocularly said that a time will come when even the space would be so overcrowded that it would be very difficult to move a satellite in the space. And since we have already joftied that community in acquiring a place in space, I congratulate, along with the Minister, all our scientists, technologists, engineers and workers who have made this project a success. And I also express our gratitude to the USSR who provided us the launch vehicle and the launch and the tracking support and -gave other support which is indicated in the Statement. I again congratulate our scientists engineers, technicians and workers.

श्री मुन्दर सिंह भंडारी : श्रीमन्, भारकर-2 के सफल परीक्षण के लिए मैं बधाई देता हूं। जिन वैज्ञानिकों ने इस में परिश्रम किया है वे सभी बधाई के पात्र हैं। मुझे घाशा है कि इसली बार जब फिर इस प्रकार का उपग्रह छोड़ने का ग्रवसर श्राय तो भारत स्वयं इस उपग्रह को छोड़ने की व्यवस्था कर सके। इस उपग्रह में भी प्रारम्भिक भाषरेशन रूस के केन्द्रों से हुमा है। मुझे विश्वास है कि मंत्री जी ग्रव इस

[श्री सुन्दर सिंह भंडारी]

वात के लिए ग्राप्यस्त करेंगें कि भास्कर-2 की सभी प्रक्रियाएं केवल भारतद्वारा संचालित हैं और उस के द्वारा प्राप्त किये गये चित्री और उस के द्वारा प्राप्त की गयी जानकारी हम ही को मिलतों है। हमारे द्वारा फिर किसी को दी जाये और उस का उपयोग हो, यह व्यवस्था होनी चाहिए ? मैं ने इस लिए इस बात का उल्लेख किया क्यों कि प्रारंभ में कुछ दिनों तक इस का संचालन और इस को सारा प्रक्रियाओं का परीक्षण रूस के लांचिन स्टेशन से हन्ना था । मुझे विश्वास है कि श्रव उस की कोई आवश्यकता नहीं रही होगी और सारा कुछ संचालन श्रीहरिकोटा से हो रहा होगा। में यह चाहंगा कि मंत्री जो वैज्ञानिकों को इसबात के लिए पूरा श्रवतर दें कि अगली बार जब इस प्रकार का लांचिंग हो तो भारत की धरतो से हो और भारत के वैज्ञानिक अपने साधनों से इस का लांचिंग कर सकें। मैं फिर से भारत के सभी वैज्ञानिकों को इस सफल परीक्षण के लिए बधाई देता हूं।

DR. (SHRIMATI) NAJMA HEP-TULLA (Maharashtra): Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir...

SHRI AMARPROSAD CHAKRA-BORTY (West Bengal) Si_r ...

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; I would lik, to express the sehse of the whole House who join me in appreciating and congratulating the scientists for the wonderful achievement that they have done and we hope and pray for their further successes also.

THE CINE-WORKERS AND CINEMA THEATRE WORKERS (REGULA-TION OF EMPLOYMENT) BILL, 1981— Contd.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The Minister will now reply.

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI VASANT SATHE); Mr. Deputy Chairman. Sir. I wa%n to thank the hon. Members who participated in the discussion on the Bill.

SHRI AMARPROSAD CHAKRA-BORTY (West Bengal); Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir,...

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Let him reply, then we wiU see. There are so matay amendments.

SHRI VASANT SATHE; Sir, this Bill has a limited purpose. We iiave discussed in this House earlier a Bill amendment the the of Cinematograph Act which deals with certification of films, how filma should be made, how they should be certified, what should be the guidelines, what types of films should be produced fti this country and what curbs or restrictions should be put on the films. All this on which yesterday many hon. Members expressed themselves and today also, that would come under the ambit of that Act &*& tnat Bill and that is why I have brought that Bill and the amendment before this House and the House had the full opportunity to discuss that. So, I do not think, although I respect the sehtiments of all our friends, that we should take a fresh note of the feelings of House which is practically unanimous that films distorting social values, deriding our moral ethos, such films should not be allowed to be produced or certified. This has been the general feeling in this House. I shall convey these feelings to the Board of Films Certification to benefit by the views expressed by this House. But may I, in all humi-