सन्देह नहीं कि ग्रापके सस्दयों के कार्यों में बाधा पड़ेगी ग्रौर उनकी जान भी खतरे में रिहेगी। इसे ग्राप ग्रनसुनी न करें। इसके ऊपर विचार करें ग्रौर देखिये ग्राप हमारे ग्रीधकारों के रक्षक हैं, इस सदन के रक्षक हैं ग्रौर इसके ग्रिधकारों के रक्षक हैं। इसे ग्राप ग्रनसुनी न करें ग्रौर इसके ऊपर विशेष रूप से ध्यान देकर कोई न कोई कदम उठाने की कुपा करें। यही मेरा ग्रापसे निवेटन हैं।

## REFERENCE TO GOVERNMENT LETTERS ADDRESSED IN HINDI TO MEMBERS FROM THE SOUTH

٧. GOPALSAMY Vadu): Mr. Chairman, Sir, I would ke to bring to the notice of the hon'le Members of this House a matter f special importance. The matter is grave concern to the non-Hindi eaking people, a matter which cleardepicts to what extent the Hindi alots, the Hindi fanatics are trying impose, inflict and thrust Hindi on iers by covert methods. I have eived a letter the day before yesday addressed in Hindi. It tten in Hindi. I do not know the guage. I do not understand what been written in it and to whom it addressed. My beloved brother, Lakshmanan, who  $i_{\rm S}$  another .K. Member of this House, has ived another letter. His address so written in Hindi. Another r has been received by him from ndian Posts & Telegraphs Departaddressed in Hindi. The first etters. I mentioned, are from the try of Railways. Another friend eceived a notice from the Life ance Corporation asking for prewhich is printed only in Hindi. ne way? Is it the way to implehe assurance given by Mr. Jawafahru? We apprehend that move to create a sort ndency, linguistic rialism? Do that we are that we the

e are second

rate citizens? Because of this savage linguistic arrogance. I do not feel at home here, I feel a stranger, I feel a foreigner in our own capital city of Delhi. But don't forget that if you try to impose, if you try to threaten us, the more you impose, the more we will reject it lock, stock and barrel. Late Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru realising the threatening, impending danger in imposing Hindi as the sole official language, he gave an assurance to allay the fears of the non-Hindi speaking people that English shall continue as long as the non-Hindi speaking people desire. What happened to that assurance? Our Prime Minister Hon'ble Mr. Morarji Desai also reiterated such an assurance. But what happened to these assurances? Have they gone with the wind? Have the assurances been given an unceremonious burial by this Janata Government? Sir, there is a feeling that because the Janata Party has no foothold in the South, it wants to strengthen its base in the North, in the Hindi belt-where also they are now losing the ground, they are imposing Hindi just to satisfy the passions of the Hindi fanatics. I want to say that these Hindi fanatics are the number one enemies of this country because they are sowing the seeds of separation and balkanization. If you want a united India, then you bury this imposition business under thousand fathoms deep. (Interruptions) If you impose Hindi, if you threaten us with Hindi with the might of majority and authority, then the unity of this country will be the first casualty. Don't forget the revolution which took place in the year 1965 in the South. Don't forget the revolution. Don't forget the valiant Tamilian youths who faced the machine-guns of the Indian Army in the year 1965 on the banks of rivers of blood. 17:

MR. CHATRMAN: Mr. Gopalsamy, it will be clarified. You have brought it to the notice of the Prime Minister. He will clarify.

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI R. DESAI): May I request my hon. friend...

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: I want to mention one more thing about the martyrs.

MR. CHAIRMAN: He wants to reply to you.

SHRI MORARJI R. DESAI: May I request my hon. friend to give me those things so that I can take action against those people who have done it? That is the only way it can be done.

SHRI G. LAKSHMANAN (Tamil Nadu): How many times you have been saying that? What action have you taken? You have said so many times. Can't you give a Constitutional guarantee?

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Remember how the Tamilians faced the Indian Army in the year 1965. In the name of those Tamil martyrs who embraced the flames of death by self-immolation in the agitation. I say until the Tamilian is alive...(Interruptions). Until the last drop of blood of the last Tamilian exists, you cannot impose Hindi. You can march this Hindi imperialism only on our dead bodies. You can take it that every move of Hindi protagonists to impose Hindi will be met and will be torn into pieces like these letters which are torn here in this House.

REFERENCE TO ALLEGED THEFT AND DISAPPEARANCE OF IDOLS AND PIECES OF ART FROM PATNA MUSEUM

श्री शिव चन्द्र क्या (बिहार): सभापित महोदय, मैं श्राप के जिरए इस सदन का श्रौर सरकार का ध्यान एक महत्वपूर्ण विषय की श्रोर ले जाना चाहता हूं। यह बात श्रखबार में भी श्रा गई है कि पटना म्यूजियम से एति-हासिक मूर्तियां, कला की मूर्तियां, गायव होती जा रही हैं, लाखों की मूर्तियां हैं जिन के द्वारा हमें इतिहास का पता चलता है, हमें पुराने जमाने की संस्कृति का पता चलता है श्रौर हमें रोशनी मिलती है । ये चोरियां श्रौर इन मूर्तियों का गुम होना श्राज से नहीं वर्षों से होता चला श्रा रहा है लेकिन इसको रोकने के लिये कोई खाम व्यवस्था नहीं हो रही है, यह बहुत दुर्भाग्य की बात है ।
मैं श्राप के जिरये सरकार को कहना चाहता
हूं कि यह एतिह। सिक मूर्तियां जो गुम होती
जा रही हैं, चोरी होती जा रही है पटना
म्यूजियम से उन के लिये सी० बी० श्राई०
द्वारा जांच करायी जाय ताकि ऐसी घटनायें
भविष्य में न हों। इस के लिये केन्द्रीय
सरकार श्रपनी जिम्मेवारी ले कर कोई खास
व्यवस्था करे श्रीर श्रध्यक्ष महोदय, यह
श्रखबार की रिपोर्ट है। मैं इस को पढ़ कर
मुना देना चाहता हूं। उससे बात साफ
हो जायगी। श्राज के स्टेट्समें न श्रीर टाइम्स
श्राफ इंडिया में बात श्रागयी है। मैं स्टेटसमैंन से पढ़ रहा हं:—

"PATNA MUSEUM PIECES STOLE
Antiques worth several lakhs a
rupees are reported missing fro
the Patna Museum. The Directo
ate of Archaeology and Muset
believes that the antiques have be
stolen.

The stolen antiques include inscribed pedestal of a statue wa fire altar, an unique stone fig of a female of the Maurya per and a stone figure of an elept with a rider of the Gupta perio

The theft of these articles, according ing to the Directorate, took p some time in the early seventies is said that between 1971 and the Archaeological Gallery of Museum changed hands. And incumbent who joined there in detected the loss of the iter January, 1976 when he got the charge of the Gallery. The Cur charge of the Gallery. The Cur report of the theft was sent t Directorate in June, 1976. Bi report vanished before it could the table of any responsible of the Directorate. The Direappears to believe that this fe linked with another thef+ bronze in 1976.

An official of reported to should be per enquiry