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RAJYA SABHA

Thursday, the llth July, 1978/the 5th Sravdn'a, 1900 (Saka)

The House met at eleven the clock, Mr. Chairman in the Chair.

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Thefts in the Bombay Port ..

*241. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state;

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item appearing in the 'Sunday Standard', Bombay of the 18th June, 1978 under the caption "Thieving in Dock" regarding organised theft of imported goods in the Bombay port;
- " (b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and
- (c) what action Government propose to take to prevent such thefts?

THE MINISTER OP STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) A copy of the news item is placed on the Table of the House.
- (c) The Chief Vigilance Officer, Bombay Port Trust, had already written to the author, of the news item to assist him in the investigations but there has been no response t.ill 24 July, 1978.

Security and prevention of thefts are the joint responsibility of the Police and the Port authorities. Suitable measures are always taken by the Port Authorities to prevent thefts from the Bombay Dock Yards. These are part of a continuing process and measures to improve the position are taken from time to time.

NEWS ITEM Thieving in the Dock

By Raja Chandran

Sunday Standard, Bombay, 1978 June 18, Dock workers call her "Kayamchi Garodar Bai", the permanently pregnant woman. For 24 years she has been pregnant'and her "special delivery" consists of stolen articles worth thousands of rupees.

Without the slightest hesitation, the middle-aged woman, walks past the security at the Yellow Gate who let her out without hesitation, too.

All eyes are on her the moment she comes out of the docks. Her every step is watched-from the clutter of shops as well as the high-rise buildings nearby.

For the ordinary passer-by, the sight of this 50-year-old pregnant woman may present a curious spectacle, nothing more. But for some scores of men watching with hidden eyes, her ambling walk to Goa street ten minutes away is a viable business proposition.

This correspondent who smuggled himself into the dock and later followed her on her seemingly pointless journey was struck by the calculatedness of the entire operation.

At Goa Street, she paused and stopped at a shop. The pot-beffied shopkeeper did not bat an eyelid as she dug her hand deep inside her saree and took out a bundle. She placed it neatly beside an assortment of other electronic gadgets spilled allaround.

For the woman, delivering the goods meant her role was over. Soon agents and other "shylocks" in the booming "dock thieving syndicate" wiH hawk the wares for a fantastic fee.

The "Garodar Bai" is just one of the countless carriers who have made stealing a noble profession. She has five helpers who too are women. Though not always pregnant they are "able" to carry stolen articles out of the dock with the greatest of ease.

Police, Customs and various enforcement authorities, paid to check

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A visit to the dock not only confirmed official co*inivance but also revealed the existence of several "thieving syndicates" which ensure that goods supposedly in the safe custody of the authorities are pilferred with masterly efficiency.

A 12-foot high wall, seemingly impregnable, encloses the dock area. The broken glass pieces atop and the wired fencing only fool the gullible. The massive Customs baggage counter is just four yards from the wall.

And yet, this spot is reportedly a heaven for dock thieves. The wall is scaled by thieves with tremendous ease and the goods thrown over the wall into waiting vans below

This section of the wall has become so used to the contraband carriers that tell-tale marks $_{\rm a}$ re visible $_{\rm 0}$ n close examination leading right upto the fence. Even the fence tilts towards the lane below as if a symbol of defeat

Another exit point is a lane where there is a Port Trust security chowkie. Here, straight pay-offs and outs ensure quick passage of the stolen goods for which according to insiders "strict security" is provided by the security officers themselves. Often a taxi cruises along screenches to a halt at the chowkie and discharges the goods to be picked up by carriers who are often in tattered clothes. The quantity discharged may be small but the activity is large.

At the Blue"*Gate o_n D'Mello Road in front of the Dental College, it is "open sesame," for urchins and lepers who infest the area. They Seep making regular forays int₀ the dock after greasing the palms of security men.

A sleepy-eyed policeman Became instantly »lert when he saw a five-year-

old girl trying to gain entry. This correspondent watching the "operation" a few yards away, saw the cop go back to his sleep moments after the girl handed him some coins.

She went inside the dark pedestrian corrider and returned minutes later with milk cane. She ran and gave the cans to a couple of youths sitting under a tree. She was ample rewarded with currency notes.

The Blue Gate, insiders say, it is ideal for quickly-disposable goods and the main carriers here are urchins and lepers who are the cops' best friends in the docks and their worst enemies when drives> against them are launched

No one knows how many lakhs worth of property are pilfered from the dock despite the Government setting up an elaborate system of four independent security agencies. The Vigilance Officer is a Deputy Inspector-General of Police. There is the Deputy Commissioner of Police who with his staff controls the Yellow Gate. Then there is the Chief Security Officer with the raink of Assistant Commissioner with his men, besides separate dock security watchmen who are controlled by various sections.

Not all these agencies are totally corrupt. Talking to some officials, this Correspondent was surprised to find an open admission of large-scale thieving.

Asked what the security agencies were doing, they said there were "inadequate transport facilities" and also that the telephones went out of order "now and again". But an engineer who has been watching these "shoddy goings on" for years asked: "Why d_0 they want transport and phones? A man with two feet can preve'nt thieving".

From what insiders disclose, the dock thieves are so well-organised that during big operatings, all the phones in sensitive areas go dead.

Many insiders are scared to talk about the ramifications of the "syndicates". They hint that some kind of official patronage from the "very top" is always there.

Rumours abound the docks which has become the breeding ground of Ha ji Mastans. One of them teVids to suggest that a new syndicate -may soon find an exclusive way to smuggle out goods—through ^a tunnel which starts in the Mobile Crane Section and ends up nearby hospital. In olden times, it was reportedly one of Shivaji's exit routes and now the Great Maratha warrior must be turning i_n his grave!

Whenever there is a theft of Bombay Port Trust property, a complaint is promptly lodged with the Yellow Gate Police. But in the event of theft of private property from the ships, not always a complaint is lodged by the party concerned.

The Yellow Gate Police to whom thi_s correspondent talked to plead ignorance to the number of private cases pending with the m. According to the insiders, recently in an export consignment of tractors it was detected that some electrical accessories worth Rs. 20,000 were stolen.

The exporting party was diffident about lodging a complaint as the consignment would be delayed for investigation. There are reportedly many racketeers who take advantage of this diffidence. Reliable sources said there are still many who exploit import consignment which are under-invoiced.

"We are thoroughly demoralised", lamented a dock worker who has seen thieving and smuggling taking place so brazenly for years. "Though negligible compared to the total turnover at the dock, labour productivity is going down", he said.

 $\begin{array}{ccccccc} Why & doesn't & th_e & labour & protest? \\ I & asked. & Man_v & quoted & blood-curdling \\ stories of ruthlessness. & The most re- \end{array}$

cent "disappearance" making th* rounds is that of a technical supervisor wh_0 had complained to the police about these nefarious activities. He has not been heard of since and bis family at Tirpav nea_r Chembur has all but given up hope.

A knowledgeable insider echoing the fears of many disclosed: "When omoney does not buy silence, death is the inevitable outcome."

SHRI VIREN J. SHAH: Sir, the particular news item which the hon. Minister has laid on the Table contains such things that it is a matter which requires serious attention.

Mr. Chairman, I wiH read out only two Or three things. The first item is this:

"Dock workers call her 'Kayam-chi Garodar Bai', the permanently pregnant woman. For 24 years she has been pregnant and her 'special delivery' consists of stolen articles worth thousands of rupees."

This is known to all the officers who watch everything. The three agencies involved are the Customs, the $P^{\circ t}$ Trust and the Bombay City Police.

A much more serious thing is this. This correspondent went and spent a day in the docks. This is what he has reported:

"There is a calculatedness i_n the entire operation. There are countless carriers who have made stealing a noble profession.

"Police, Customs and various enforcement authorities, paid to check thieving, actuary encourage it. There are no questions asked a/id watching these carriers flit in and out, the dock gives the impression that they possess permanent passes. He says that 'there are thieving syndicates' and goes on to say—

"...straight pay-offs and cuts ensure quick passage of the stolen goods for which strict security is provided b_{ν} the security officers themselves."

Sir, I would like to mention one or two more points to which the Minister might give specific answers. One is that there are some syndicates for which some kind of official patronage from the very top is always there.

The report goes on-

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- " 'We are thoroughly demoralised', lamented a dock worker who has see, thievi'ng and smuggling taking place so brazenly for years.
- " 'Why does not the labour protest?' I asked. Many quoted blood-curdling stories of ruthlessness."

Th_e last point is about the most recent disappearance of a technical supervisor who had tfie check to complain about these activities; he has disappeared and has not beevi found.

In the context of these revelations, merely appointing Vigilance Officers and saying that they are keeping a continuous watch, etc. I d₀ not thrnk is the answer. Is the hon. Minister going to make any specific attempt to find out which are the syndicates, who are protecting them and what is the pay-off and how is he going to solve this problem in a drastic manner?

SHRI CHAND RAM: I do that the contents of this news item are very serious but often there have been various kinds of action taken. Seme steps are taken by the Bombay Port Trust. For example, surprise checks are being carried out. And the BPT has also established special magistrate courts. An Anti-Pilferage Committee has also been set up. As a matter of abundant caution, lockfasts are provided at all the transit sheds and warehouses for the storage of valuable cargo. For preventing thefts of cargoes by hired women and to prevent the entry of women, a special women police wing also exists at the port.

Apart from these, I have also ordered strong action to be taken against the Chief Security Officer. And I have also suggested to the Bombay Port Trust Chairman that

he can suspend the Chief Security Officer and also take other kinds of strong action, if found necessary.

to Questions

SHRI VIREN J. SHAH: Would the hon. Minister state whether there is a closer liaison established with the Maharashtra Police for getting their help in this thing? Has he got figures of the reported and unreported amount of goods stolen every day every month?

SHRI CHAND RAM: I have got some figures for the last five years. They run into 63 lakhs of rupees and out of this, 69 per cent has been recovered. Action has been taken against the erring employees. Some 65 employees were under suspension out of which 17 have been dismissed.

SHRI ARVIND GANESH KUL-KARNI: Sir, what the hon. Minister is stating here might be due to ignorance.

MR. CHAIRMAN: This is not a supplementary. Ask a question.

SHRI ARVIND GANESH KUL-KARNI: I was told by the small scale industries organisation that their goods were not being exported. I had the occasion of visiting the Port Trust incognito. It took me four hour_E to move about

the area. What I want to tell vou is that you are trying to apply ointment when an operation is neeessary. There are permanent people who go to j'ail because they have made it their business to go to jail and to come out of jail. It is a syndicate as rightly pointed out by Shah. Anything from chiffon sarees to other costly items can be taken away. That is why I said at the outset that it might be due to ignorance that you are stating this. officers might have given you this information. Well an operation is necessary for this purpose. My suggestion is that you appoint some military personnel for one year, find out how much you recover and then take the next step. Otherwise, this cannot be done. It is an empire of smugglers, killers and what not. Thty are in collusion with the officers and inspectors.

SHRI CHAND RAM: Sir, in fact, he has suggested certain measures to be taken. I can assure the hon. Member that we are thinking of appointing Industrial Security Force in place of State Police as well as Port Trust Security Officers.

श्री प्रेम मनोहर: श्रीमन्, मैं मन्त्री महोदय से यह जानना चाहता हूं कि गोदी में जो चौरी होती है, उसका ग्रापको $\frac{1}{10}$ भी पता नहीं है। जो सामान दूसरे देशों से लुज हालत में ग्राता है, हिन्दस्तान में, उस सब की डिलीवरी डाक्स पर हो जाती है और वहां जो इंडेंटिंग एजेण्ट्स हैं वह सब मिल कर वैगन्स पर दो-दो, तीन-तीन टन कम माल लादने हैं। जैसा कि श्री वीरेन जाह जी ने कहा है कि वहां पुरा क्लिक बना हन्ना है भीर इसलिये वहां की चोरी की सचना आपके पास तक नहीं आ पाती । जो डिलीवरी डाक्स पर है वह एक्स-डाक्स है, उसका भी कोई निर्वाह नहीं हो रहा है। लाखों रुपये की चोरी महीने में यहां डाक्स पर हो रही है। तो क्या मन्त्री महोदय ऐसी व्यवस्था का निर्माण करेंगे कि जिस सामान की हिलीवरी डाक्स पर की जाती है, लज करडीशन में जैसे सल्फर फास्फेट राक्स और जो दूसरे सामान हैं उसमें चोरी न हो। जब यह माल बैंगनों में लादा जाता है तो हर बैगन में दो-दो तीन-तीन टन कम माल लादा जाता है और वह सब माल चोरी होकर बम्बई के बाजारों में चला जाता है। तो क्या मन्त्री महोदय ऐसी व्यवस्था करेंगे जिससे कि चोरी में कमी हो धौर इसे रोका जा सके।

श्री चांद राम : माननीय सदस्य ने जो कहा कि ऐसा होता है मैं असकी जांच कराने के लिए तैयार हूं और कराऊंगा लेकिन वैसे सन् 1973 में जो आफेंसेज बाम्बे पुलिस एक्ट के मातहत रिक्टिंड हुए हैं उनकी संख्या 2118 है, सन् 1974 में 2956 हुए, सन् 1975 में 3872 हुए, सन् 1976 में 4455 हुए और

1977 में 5547 हुए । यह चाहे प्राइवेट प्रापर्टी हो या पब्लिक प्रापर्टी हो जो बेफट के केसेज हैं वे रिजस्ट हें होते हैं। अगर कहीं कमी भी हो जाती है तो भी बाम्बे पुलिस एक्ट के मातहत केस रिजस्ट हें होते हैं। उन का बाकायदा इंग्योरेंस कम्पनीज से क्लेम भी लिया जाता है।

SHRI KHURSHED ALAM KHAN. Sir, I may remind the hon. Minister for Shipping and Transport that last year he had gone on an extensive tour of foreign countries to study the working of ports and many other allied matters. May, I know, with his enhanced knowledge of the working with which he has come back, what arrangements he has made to prevent such happenings? Is it fact that these thefts regular feature of the Bombay Port, Bombay Port but Besides, I would not only of the other ports also? like to know what amount of compensation was paid during the last three years in respect oif consignments which were lost or which were reportedly removed from the premises or custody of the Bombay Port Trust.

SHRI CHAND RAM: Sir, the Bombay Port Trust does not pay any compensation. It is just a bailee. The compensation is paid by the insurance company. As I have just assured the hon. House, we are thinking of appointing or substituting in the place of the Bombay Port security staff as well as the State Police, the Industrial Security Force staff. I think when we appoint that Force, tilings wiH improve.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Have you brought any particular information after your study abroad? That is what he wants to know.

SHRI CHAND RAM: Sir, that pertains to the easy handling of the cargo and other allied matters.

SHRi GURUDEV GUPTA: Question No. 264 may also be taken along with Question 242.

MR. CHAIRMAN All right. They relate to the same subject.

Managament of larg^e industrial houses

*242. SHRI ARVIND **GANESH** KULKARNI: SHRIMATI LEELA DAMO-DARA MENON: SHR1 GURUDEV GUPTA: PROF. D. P. CHATTO-

PADHYAYA:

SHRIMATI USHI KHAN: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have recently taken a decision to evolve a scheme for breaking family hold on management in large industrial hous-
- (b) if so, what are the salient features of the scheme; and
- (c) what are the names of the industrial houses which will be covered under the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHR1 GEORGE FERNANDES): (a) No. Sir.

(b) and c) Do not arise.

Growth of large busines, houses

*264. SHRI GURUDEV GUPTA: * SHRIMATI LEELA DAMO-DARA MENON: SHRI SAWAISINGH SISO-DIA:

PRAKASH MEH-SHR1 ROTRA;

SHRIMATI HAMIDA HABI-BULLAH:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken any fresh measures to curtail the growth of large business houses,

fThe question was actually asked on the floor of the House by Shri Arvind Ganesh Kulkarni.

fThe question was actually asked on the floor of the House by Shri Gurudev Gupta.

with a view to encouraging small entrepreneurs and widening the scope of the public sector; and

to Questions

if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES); (a) and (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

(a) and (b) Apart from the restricand the curbs to regulate the tions large houses as growth of already provided in the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, and the criteria being followed dealing with the proposals from large houses for expansion/establishment of new undertakings under the aforesaid Act, the 'Statement on Industrial Policy' laid before the Parliament 23rd December, 1977 spells out further measures undertaken by Government in relation to growth of large houses a_s also to promote the small scale and tiny sectors and expand the role of the public sector. Government are also considering further steps to be taken on these issues to bring about the desired results.

High Powered Expert Committee under the Chairmanship of Shri Justice Rajinder Sachar is also reviewing the Companies Act, 1956 Monopolies and Restrictive and the Trade Practices Act, 1969 and their report is expected to be submitted to Government before the end of August, 1978

Further steps on these which wiH involve amendment of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969 can be taken only after all the issues involved have been examined and the Report of the Justice Sachar Committee is received by the Government.

SHR1 ARVIND GANESH KUL-KARNI: What is the reply to Question No. 242?