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ग्रौर यह बात सभी को मालूम है लेकिन उसका ग्रभी तक एक्चग्रल ग्रपोन्टमेन्ट नही हम्रा है। एक फैसला हुम्रा है ग्रौर उसकी नियुक्ति पर विचार हो रहा है। इसके संबंध में कुछ दोस्तों का ख्याल है कि स्रभी शेड्यूल्ड कास्टम कमिण्नर का जो प्रावधान चल रहा है उसको हटा देने से ग्रौर सिविल राइटस कमीशन की नियुक्ति से सिचुएशन में कोई इम्प्रवमेन्ट नहीं होगी । इस संबंध में शेड्युल्ड कास्ट्रस से संबंधित कई लीडरो के खत मेरे पास ग्राए है। मै उनसे इस संबंध में सहमत नहीं हं, लेकिन मैं समझता हूं कि इसमें कुछ स्धार की म्रावश्यकता होगी। एक्चुम्रली उसका क्या ढांचा हो, कौन-कौन सज्जन उसके मेम्बर होंगे, इन सब बातो पर विचार करने की ग्रावश्यकता है। ग्रभी समय की ें कमी के कारण हम इस मामले में नहीं जा पाये है। लेकिन मैं समझता हूं कि सबसे बड़ा सवाल समाज की वेल्युज का है। सिर्फ कानुन या कायदे बना देने से किसी समस्या का समा-धान नहीं हो सकता है। इसके लिए समाज की तरफ से भी प्रयत्न किया जाना भ्रावश्यक 🗻 है । मैं समझता हूं कि कानून तो एक एनेब्लिग . चीज है। सबसे बड़ा सवाल कानून को एनफोर्स करने का होता है। इस प्रकार की ज्यादातर प्रोबल्म मध्य प्रदेश, बिहार ग्रौर य ० पी ०, इन तीन राज्यों में सामने म्राई हैं। इंसीडेन्ट्स ग्रगेंस्ट दी शड्यूल्ड कास्ट्स ज्यादातर इन्हीं राज्यों में हुई हैं। जो फीगर्स मेरे पास हैं उनसे मालूम पड़ता है कि इन राज्यो में इस प्रकार की घटनाएं हुई हैं (Interruptions) । मैं यह नहीं कहता कि भ्रान्ध्र प्रदेश में इस प्रकार की घटनाएं नहीं हुई है। मेरे पास जो श्रांकड़े हैं उनको देखने से यह मालुम पड़ता है कि इन तीन स्टेटों में ग्रपेक्षाकृत ग्रन्य स्टेटों के इस प्रकार के इंसीडेन्ट ज्यादा हुए हैं। स्नान्ध्र प्रदेश स्रौर तामिलनाड ग्रादि राज्यों में भी हए हैं। मैं चाहता हूं कि बिहार के लोगों को, चाहे वे किसी भी पार्टी के हों, इन घटनाम्रों की तरफ

ध्यान देना चाहिए ग्रौर हमारी सोसायटी म्रान्दर जो यह एक कर्श है इसको मिटाने के प्रयत्न करना चाहिए ।

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Next Shri Sisodia.... qυ∈stion | ruptions). There are various ways of raising discussion on important matters. You can raise them, but not during the Question Hour.

Next question.

SHRIMATI PURABI MUKHO-PADHYAY: I rise on a point of privilege. A new member from Karnataka, who has taken the oath today, has asked a question. The work of this House and every House of the Assemblies also is done in this way. The language that is used by a Member who asks a question, is used by the Member of the Treasury Benches who replies. Have we made Hindi a compulsory language for the Treasury Benches to be superimposed on us in such a way that even if a question is asked in English, it has to be replied to in Hindi? If the Minister says that he does not know English to express himself, it is all right. But if it is an indiosyncrasy of some person to superimpose some language on the rest of the country, we are here to protect the interest of all languages of India,

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: is no privilege involved in this.

Revision of industrial policy

*SHRI SAWAI SINGH SISO-

DIA: †

SHRI PRAKASH MEHRO-TRA:

SHRIMATI LAKSHMI-

KUMARI CHUNDAWAT: SHRI R. D. JAGTAP AVER-GOANKAR:

SHRIMATI SAVITA BEHEN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

†The question was actually asked on the floor of the House by Shri Sawai Singh Sisodia.

- (a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to revise the concept of large industrial houses and to modify the licensing policy in respect of big and medium industries accordingly; and
- (b) if so, what are the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise. R'R TR

SHRI SAWAISINGH SISODIA: I would like to know whether Minister is aware that the Industry Minister, Shri Verma has stated-and the news has appeared in all the national papers—that in his opinion it was proper that the definition of the larger industrial houses was so revised as to raise the value of their assets from Rs. 20 crores to Rs. 50 crores and the medium-sized industries should be abolished. I would also like to know whether any paper in this respect was prepared in the Ministry of industry for the consideration of the Cabinet, whether the thinking of Mr. Verma was in line with the policy of the present Government and whether it is a fact that there was strong reaction by the Janata Party President, Mr. Chandra Shekhar, who said that there was no justification for increasing this limit of assets of the larger houses from Rs. 20 crores to Rs. 50 crores because the disparities had already increased.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: Sir, the question is whether the Government has any proposal to revise the concept of large industrial houses and to modify the licensing policy in respect of big and medium industries. The answer given is that there is no such proposal. If individuals and Ministers have made statements well, those statements have been read by everybody. The question is whether the Government has any policy. The Government has no such policy

SHRI SAWAISINGH SISODIA: I would like to know from the Hon. Minister whether he has read the statement of Mr. Verma, the former Industry Minister, and whether whatever he has said was wrong or was against the policy of the present Government.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: Sir, I read a number of statements. I am concerned with the policy of the Government, and so far as the policy of the Government is concerned, there is no change.

SHRI SAWAISINGH SISODIA: He has not replied to the question whether the has read that statement and is aware of that statement.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I have replied that I read a number of statements but that I was concerned with the policy of the Government in this House and so far as the policy was concerned, there was no change.

SHRI PRAKASH MEHROTRA: Is the Hon. Minister aware that in the past few years the assets of the monopoly houses have increased manifold, and with the increase in the economic power, there has been concentration of political power also in their hands? What specific steps does the Government propose to take to check the concentration of economic power in a few hands and how does it propose to delink political power from money power?

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: Sir, the Government is aware that the assets of the big houses in the country have increased manifold in the last 30 years. We have figures as on March 31, 1977. We are also aware that the big business houses used their economic power for political purposes. We would now like to see how best we can curb the tendencies on the part of the big houses which they have developed during the last 30 years.

श्रीमती लक्ष्मी कुमारी चृंडावत: मैं मंत्री महोदय से यह जानना चाहती हैं कि 1956 में

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इंडस्ट्रियल पालिसी रेजोल्यू शन सरकार ने स्वीकार किया था, क्या मौजूदा गवर्नमेन्ट उसको रिवाइज्ड करने जा रही है? ग्रपनी पार्टी की नयी पालिसी सरकार रखेगी या उसी पालिसी पर चलेगी, जिस पर पिछली गवर्नमेन्ट चल रही थी?

श्री जार्ज फंनैंन्डीज: उपसंभापित महोदय, जो 1956 का प्रस्ताव है वह प्रस्ताव श्रामतौर पर निजी क्षेत्र, सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र, छोटे क्षेत्र, बड़े क्षेत्र, सभी क्षेत्रों पर लागू होने वाला है। जो श्राम प्रस्ताव है, उसमें किमी भी प्रकार के बुनियादी परिवर्तन वाली कात इस समय हमारे सामने नहीं है। ग्रागर कोई विचार उस पर हो जाता है तो उसको लेकर हम सदन के सामने ग्रा जायेंगे।

श्री ग्रार० डी० जगताप ग्रावरगांवकर विया मंत्री महोदय यह वताने की कृपा करेंग कि पिछड़े हुए क्षेत्रों में मध्यम ग्रीर लघु उद्योगों को लाइसेंस देने में मरकार ने क्या कोई खास नीति ग्रपनाई है?

श्री जार्ज फर्नेन्डीच: उपसभापित महोदय, हम ऐसी नीतियों को जरूर अपना रहे हैं। जो बजट पेश किया गया था उसमें भी गांव में विकास के कामों तथा विशेषकर उद्योग, छोटे उद्योगों, कुटीर उद्योगों आदि की स्थापना करने पर अधिक बल दिया गया है। जहां तक गांव में उद्योगों का मामला है यह बात साफ तौर पर सरकार की तरफ से कही गई है कि ऐसे की किसी भी प्रकार से तंगी नहीं आयेगी।

श्रीमती सर्विता बहिन : उपस्मापित जी, मैं माननीय मंत्री जी से जानना चाहती हूं कि क्या इस इंडस्ट्रीयल पालिसी में इस तरह के उद्योग भी रखे गए हैं जिन से कि रूरल इण्डस्ट्री ज्यादा से ज्यादा बढ़े, छोटी इण्डस्ट्रीज रूरल एरियाज में जाएं और वर्कजं को उसमें ज्यादा सिया जाए या बढ़ी इण्डस्ट्रीज श्रीर छोटी इण्डस्ट्रीज में इस तरह की कोई चीज रखी गई है?

दूस री बात जो मैं जानना चाहती हूं वह यह है कि जैसा मंत्री महोदय ने कहा लाइसेंस पालिसी को सामने रखते हुए सिक मिल्स वर्कर्ज को दे दी जाए, इसमें क्या पालिसी लागू करेंगे? जो बिग सिक इण्डस्ट्रीज के वर्कर्ज इसमें इनवाल्वड हैं उसमें क्या करेंगे?

श्री जार्ज फर्नेन्डीज: जहां तक गांव में जाने का सवाल है, मैं बतला चुका हूं कि हमारा कार्य कुटीर ग्रीर छोटे उद्योगों का विकास करना है। इस विकास का यह मतलब नहीं होता है कि जो बड़े उद्योग है. उनसे किसी प्रकार के टकराव की बात है। हमारा देश बहत बड़ा है। इसमें बहत विकास करना है । हर क्षेत्र का ग्रपना≣प्रपना स्थान है । हमारा प्रयास रहेगा कि कम से कम पंजी लगा कर ज्यादा से ज्यादा लोगों को लाभ हो और यह तो छोटे भीर कटीर उद्योगों से ही सम्भव है, इसलिए इस पर ग्रधिक बल दिया जाएगा। जहां तक बीमार कारखानों को मज़दूरों द्वारा चलाने का सवाल है यह बात मैंने संसद में हमारे मंत्रालय की मांगों पर बहस के दौरान कही थी। इस विषय में हमारे पास स्रभी तक मजदूर संगठनों द्वारा कोई ठोस जवाब नहीं स्राया है। स्रपनी तरफ से हम लोगों से बात कर रहे हैं। जहां पर इस प्रकार के बीमार कारखानों को सरकार द्वारा लेने का सुझाव ग्रा रहा है, वहां पर मजदूर संगठनों से इस संबंध में बात की जा रही है परन्तू किसी की तरफ से ग्रभी तक कोई ठोस जवाब प्राप्त नहीं हुम्रा है। 🖖 👺 🐔

श्री हर्षदेव मालवीय: मान्यवर, मैं सबसे पहले माननीय मंत्री जी को उनके द्वारा प्रब्लिक सेक्टर वगैरह के बारे मे, इण्डस्ट्रीयल पालिसी के बारे में संसद् में घोषित की गई बीति पर बधाई देना चाहता हूं। मगर मेरा श्रक्त यह है कि मैंने श्रखबार में श्री बृजलाल वर्मा के वक्तव्य को देखा, उन्होंने कहा मैं तो विग हाऊसिंज को घटा कर 10 करोड़ क्ष्ये पर लाना चाहता था परन्तु ब्यूरोकेमी ने एक ऐसी कंसपिरेसी कर दी जिससे हमारे ऊपर लांछन लग गया श्रीर मुझे हटना पड़ा जिसके फलस्वरूप मुझे हटा कर श्री जार्ज फर्नेन्डीज को उद्योग मंत्रालय सौंप दिया गया। तो क्या मंत्री जी ने ऐसा कोई वक्तव्य देखा है? श्रगर देखा है तो श्रापका क्या कहना है?

े श्री जार्ज फर्नेन्डीज : मैंने ऐसा कोई वक्तव्य नही देखा है।

श्री ह्र्षदेव मालवीय : पुत्रे खेद है मुझे अखबार की तारीख याद नही है ... (Interruptions)

श्री जार्ज फर्नेन्डीज़ : हो सकता ह, मैंने देखा नहीं है।

श्री हंबदेव मालवीय : देख लो महाराज, ¹ ब्लिट्ज में था... (Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Order, please. Shri Dwivedi

SHRI DEVENDRA NATH DWI-VEDI: Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir, I am amazed at the manner in which the hon. Minister has chosen to phrase his replies to the question of Mr. Sisodia as well as to the question just now put by Mr. Malaviya. Right from the beginning, since the installation of this Government, the people of this country have been watching with awe and trepidation the manner in which different Ministers have been speaking with different voices. To a certain extent, it is understandable because this coalition Government is based on the quota system and every constituent unit, the CFD, the Jan Sangh and others, have their own representatives so much so that one of persons who was appointed, Mr. Nanaji Deshmukh, chose his nominee and he was appointed. Now this House is well aware of l'affaire Mr. Brij Lal Verma and Mr. George Fernandes is

giving the impression that he represents Dr. Jekyll while Mr. Brij Lal Verma represents Mr. Hyde. The question that I am raising is of great importance for the parliamentary system. Now this confusion has been worse confounded by a pointifical pronouncement of the honourable Prime Minister the other day that while the Prime Minister represents the viewpoint of the Government and the policy of the Government, every other individual Minister can speak only on behalf of his own Ministry. This is a position which strikes at the very root of collective responsibility of Government. There is a great deal of confusion here. It is not a question that Mr. Brij Lal Verma or for that matter Mr. George Fernandes expressing his own viewpoint. No Minister, so long as he is a Minister, can express publicly his own personal viewpoint and no other Minister can say that it was his personal view. I want a clarification from the Prime Minister who happens to be present here as to whether he has taken this position that no other Minister can speak on behalf of the Government of India and that the Prime can speak out the policy, that the report that has appeared in the press is wrong. This question causing us great anxiety. That is one Number two: In regard to the Industrial Policy Resolution of course, Mr. Fernandes made a statement the other day in the Lok Sabha but those were stray comments: he made points . .

DR. RAMKRIPAL SINHA: Mr. Dwivedi can raise these points in the debate on the Appropriation Bill.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Mr. Dwivedi, please ask your supplementaries on the present question.

SHRI DEVENDRA NATH DWI-VEDI: My Question is: Does the Government intend to bring forward a new Industrial Policy Resolution which will replace the old Industrial Policy Resolution? Does the Government have that proposal before it?

28

Before the Minister answers this question, I would very much like to request, through you, the Prime Minister to clarify the question who represents whom in this country.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: In regard to the last point, Sir, he made a special request to you. Insofar as the first part of his question is concerned I do not think it arises out of the present question. Insofar as the second part is concerned, there is no proposal at the present moment to bring forward any policy resolution amending the 1956 Resolution.

SHRI KALYAN ROY: My question is very simple. Mr. George Fernandes has rightly pointed out the policy of the past regime was to boost up the big monopoly houses and the big business and they increased their getting licences—Birlas, assets by Mafatlals, Goenkas and so on. question is: During the last few months how many licences have been issued to these monopoly houses by the present Government and how many are pending and what is the attitude of the present Government towards these licences to the big businss hous-

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I shall require notice.

SHRI KALYAN ROY: That means some licences have been issued.

SHRIMATI PURABI MUKHO-PADHYAY: Through you, Sir, I want to request the Prime Minister to clarify one thing arising out of the reply given by the Industry Minister. The Industry Minister repudiated the statement given by the previous Industry Minister. It is for the Prime Minister to decide which one of them will correctly tell us the policy of the Government, we will be very grateful if the Prime Minister clarifies the posi-That is number one. Number two: The statement of Mr. Brij Lal Verma who was the Minister of Industry has been repudiated by Mr. George Fernandes, and I congratulate

Fernandes on that because we stand by the public sector and we will help the Government in achieving the target if he wants our cooperation. But since in the system of functioning of the Cabinet one Minister cannot repudiate the other Minister, will Prime Minister tell us whether Mr. Brij Lal Verma is still continuing in the Ministry or whether he has been punished for his past statements and who authorised Mr. George Fernandes to make a statement like this that any person can go to the press and make any statement? We want a categorical assurance from the Prime Minister that there will be a smooth functioning of his Cabinet and that there will be no contradicting statements from one Minister repudiating the other Minister's statements.

SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: I do not think the question calls for an answer.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: The question has been addressed to the Prime-Minister. He is present in the House -I am not saying 'she'. The Prime Minister made a statement that only he can speak for the Government and other Ministers can speak only about their own departments, and nothing else. We should like to know where in the Janata scheme of collective responsibility we stand. This we would like to know: We would like to know whether a Minister, when he goes to a meeting can only speak about his own portfolio and nothing else. What are the norms laid down?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Let us take up the next question.

SHRIMATI PURABI MUKHO-PADHYAY: The Prime Minister was prepared to reply.

Allocation of Newsprint Quota

*94. SHRI SHRIKANT VERMA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state: