

Football stadium at Calcutta

121. SHRI DWIJENDRALAL SEN GUPTA: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether It is a fact that the scheme for construction of a football stadium at Calcutta is pending before Government; and

(b) if so, by when Government propose to take a decision thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM):

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

नई शिक्षा नीति में संस्कृत का स्थान

122. श्री प्रकाशवीर शास्त्री :

क्या शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण तथा संस्कृति मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि केन्द्रीय माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड ने नई शिक्षा नीति बनाने समय संस्कृत की उपेक्षा कर दी है ;

(ख) क्या सरकार को इस सम्बन्ध में ज्ञापन प्राप्त हुए हैं ; और

(ग) यदि हाँ, तो सरकार द्वारा इस सम्बन्ध में क्या कदम उठाए गए अथवा उठाये जाने का विचार है ?

Sanskrit in New Educational Policy

122. SHRI PRAKASH VIR SHASTRI: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Board of Secondary Education has ignored Sanskrit while formulating new Educational Policy;

—ff] English translation.

(b) whether Government have received memoranda in this regard; and

(c) if so, what steps Government have taken or propose to take in the matter?]

शिक्षा और समाज कल्याण मंत्रालय तथा संस्कृति विभाग में उपमंत्रा (श्री डी० पी० यादव) : (क) से (ग). माध्यमिक शिक्षा स्तर पर शिक्षा की 10+2 की नई प्रणाली शुरू किये जाने के निर्णय के परिणाम स्वरूप केन्द्रीय माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड ने, माध्यमिक स्कूल परीक्षा 1977 की कक्षा IX तथा X के लिए नये अध्ययन पाठ्यविवरण तथा पाठ्यक्रम तैयार किये हैं। कक्षा IX तथा X के लिए अध्ययन की इस नई योजना में संस्कृत के अध्ययन की वैकल्पिक आधार पर एक अतिरिक्त विषय के रूप में व्यवस्था की गई है। हिन्दी तथा कुछ अन्य आधुनिक भारतीय भाषाओं के अध्ययन से सम्बन्धित पाठ्यविवरण के अन्तर्गत भी वैकल्पिक आधार पर संस्कृत के अध्ययन की व्यवस्था की गई है।

भाषाओं से सम्बन्धित अध्ययन की इस नई योजना के विरुद्ध कुछ अभ्यावेदन प्राप्त हुए हैं। इसलिए, केन्द्रीय माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड द्वारा इस सम्पूर्ण मामले की फिर से जांच की जा रही है ?

[THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WELFARE AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE (SHRI D. P. YADAV): (a) to (c). Consequent upon the decision to introduce a new pattern of 10—2 at the secondary education level, the Central Board of Secondary Education have formulated new syllabi and courses of study for the Secondary School Examination, 1977 for classes IX and X. The new scheme of studies for classes IX & X provides for the study of Sanskrit on an optional basis as an additional subject. Provision has also been made for the study of Sanskrit on an optional

basis under the syllabus relating to the study of Hindi as well as a few other modern Indian languages.

Some representations have been received against the new scheme of studies relating to languages. The entire matter is, therefore, being reexamined by the Central Board of Secondary Education.]

123. [Transferred to the 24th February, 1975]

Increase of milk production by introducing imported Cattle

124. SHRIMATI LEELA DAMO DARA MENON: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report in the 'Financial Express' of the 7th January, 1975 to the effect that the livestock specialist of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research is reported to have stated that milk production cannot be increased by indiscriminately introducing imported cattle into every part of the country and that high yielding cows can directly be introduced only in those States which have the right agro-climatic conditions; and

(b) whether any study has been made in this regard and if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

Dr. Ehsanullah Khan, a Scientist in the ICAR, who has not specialised in the field of livestock production] animal husbandry, had presented a paper entitled "Palaeontological record of gene-environment interaction and livestock development" in the Indian Science Congress, held at New Delhi in the first week of January 1975. In the paper, he had expressed his view that milk production cannot be increased by the indiscriminate introduction of imported cattle into every part of the country and that

high yielding cows can directly be introduced in those States which have the right agro-climatic conditions. These views were expressed by Dr. Ehsanullah Khan in his personal capacity to stimulate scientific discussions and do not represent the views of the ICAR.

(b) Studies have been carried out on cross-breeding of indigenous cattle with exotic animals in several States and particularly in Kerala, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Haryana, U.P., West Bengal, Gujarat, Rajasthan and Assam. The results of the research work have indicated that imported cattle, particularly belonging to the breeds Jersey, Brown Swiss and Holstein-Friesian, can survive well under different agro-climatic regions. Exotic bulls have hence been used for cross-breeding with indigenous cattle to develop crossbreed animals for improved milk production.

Kerala Government's property in Delhi

125 SHRI K. CHANDRASEKHARAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING be pleased to refer to the reply to starred Question 785 given in the Rajya Sabha on 13th March, 1974 and state:

(a) whether the Central Government have unauthorisedly built barracks in the Kapurthala plot in New Delhi, belonging to Kerala Government; and

(b) whether the Kerala Government have requested the Central Government for handing over the said plot, after demolishing the barracks, to the State Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WORKS AND HOUSING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA): (a) The barracks were constructed by the Government of India during the period of the Second World War, with the permission of the then Government of Travancore.