और उनका स्वचालन और या यात की सवि-धाएं जैसे कई साधनों का सामहिक योगदान रहता है। इन सभी तथ्यों ने यातायात इका-इयों में उत्पादन बढाने मे अपना अंशदान किया है। इनके अलावा, वेतन आयोग जैसे विशेषज्ञ निकायो की सिफारिश पर रेल कर्मचारियों के वेतन और भन्ने तथा सेवा की अन्य गर्ते भो इस प्रकार लागू को गयो हैं जैस कि सभा केन्द्रीय कर्मचारियों पर लाग होता है। पिछले कुछ वर्षों में कर्मचारियों की औसत परिलव्धियों में लगातार वृद्धि होती रही है। उपलब्ध साधनों की सोमा में कर्मचारी कल्याण कार्यो के विस्तार पर अधिकाधिक ध्यान दिया जा रहा है और रेल कर्मचारियों को दिये जाने वाले लाभो में काफी बद्धि होती जा रही है।

†[THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI L. N. MISHRA): (a) and (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

The increase in output is the collective effect of increased capital investment, improved technology, rationalisation of work systems, modernisation and automation of equipment and traffic facilities. All these factors have contributed towards an increase in output in traffic units. Further, the pay and allowances and other conditions of service of railway employees are patterned on the recommendations of expert bodies like the Pay Commissions, applying equally to all Central Government employees. There has steady increase in the average emoluments of the staff over the years. Increasing attention is also being paid to expansion of staff welfare measures within the resources available, adding sizeably to the benefits enjoyed by the railway employees.]

†Research and development schemes in Drugs and Pharmaceutical units

*70. SHRI DEVENDRA NATH DWIVEDI:

DR. K. MATHEW KURIAN: SHRI VISWANATHA ME-NON:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that his Ministry has directed the large drugs and pharmaceutical units to give priority to research and development scheme in their units; and
- (b) if so, what are the details there-of?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN): (a) and (b) The concerned drug manufacturing units have been advised as follow:

- (i) Industrial units with a turnover between Rs. 1 to Rs. 6 crores per annum should establish fulfledged formulation and packaging development laboratories with facilities for toxicological and bio-availability studies and process improvement measures;
- (ii) Units with turnover of Rs. 6
 crores and above should set up
 their own facilities for the above
 purposes and also for develop ment of design, engineering, and
 scale-up activities;
- (iii) Large units with turnover of Rs. 10 crores and above should establish their own fulfledged research centres with full facilities for progressive and innovational types of programme as well.

*304 [Transferred to the 9th August, 1974.]

^{†[]} English translation. ‡Transferred from the 24th July, 1974