measures for increasing cooperation between non-aligned developing countries and the rapid economic advancement of the developing world.

The Joint Commission reviewed the progress of the recommendations of the first and second meetings and noted with great satisfaction the high level of implementation which had been achieved. It also considered new projects and proposals for future implementation and decided upon a farreaching and wide-ranging programme. Among the fields to be covered are agriculture. irrigation and power, industry, health, mining, planning and education. Expanded and continued assistance will be provided by India to Afghanistan for the Child Health Institute, the Industrial Estate, various Micro-hydel projects, and the Agricultural Research Programme in Afghanistan. New areas of assistance will be in support of the setting up of an Agricultural Research Institute and a Dairy Farm in the agricultural sector, consultancy and supervisory services for the Hari Rud Project, a feasibility study of the Khwaja Ali Dam and the development of the Child Health Institute in Kabul as a centre of higher training and research, in Afghanistan.

The Afghan delegation at the Joint Commission expressed appreciating of the work the Indian experts in Afghanistan were performing. They also expressed their satisfaction at the training opportunities which had been provided in India in various fields in the past. The Third Joint Commission meeting provides for the deputation to Afghanistan of more experts on both long-term and short-term basis and a tgreiater number of training places in various disciplines such as in health, mining, community development, primary education and municipal administration.

The Joint Commission also noted with satisfaction the increase in mutual contacts and collaboration in various other fields such as education, information and culture.

The Afghan Minister of Mines and Industries expressed on behalf of his delegation the gratitude of the Afghan side for the hospitality and welcome extended to them in India. The Joint Commission agreed to hold its next meeting in Kabul at mutually convenient dates in 1976.

Price-hike for wagons

361. SHRIMATI MAIMOONA SULTAN: Will the Minister of HEAVY INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the wagon manufacturers have approached Government for permission to raise the prices of wagons;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

fc) what decision has been taken by Government in the matter'?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRY (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Ministry of Railways had worked out an agreement last year in consultation with this Ministry about the prices of wagons after taking into account certain variable factors like cost of steel, cost of conversion etc. The formula does not cover the increase in the prices of brought out components fully. This question has been taken up with the Ministry of Railways.

Conference of Major Naval Powers and Littoral countries of the Indian Ocean

362. SHRI N. G. GORAY: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have proposed a conference of major naval powers and littoral countries of the Indian Ocean;

(b) if so, whether any response has been received by Government in this regard; and

(c) by when the proposed conference is to be held and where?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SURENDRA PAL SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

fb) and (c) Does not arise.