There has been an increase in production of both castings and forgirtgs in 1972 compared to that in 1971 though it is still less than the installed capacity.

- (b) Yes, Sir. Pig iron required for iron castings and tested quality carbon steels, low alloy constructional steels in the shape of blooms, billets, squares. rour>ds, Hats etc., required for forgings were not available in sufficient quantities.
- (c) The shortfall in the indigenous availability of raw materials is being met by imports as per policy. A Committee has been set up under the Chairmanship of the Iron & Steel Controller to assess the requirements of pig iron for the consuming industries and to lay down suitable guidelines for allocation. For conventional types of castings and free fogings, creation of further capacity is not being encouraged.

CHRISTIAN MISSIONARIES IN TRIPURA

- 807. SHRI M. K. MOHTA; Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the press report which appeared in the 'Hindustan Times' of Janu ary 2, 1974 to the effect that anti-India views were being preached by the Christian Missionaries particularly by the doctors and priests of foreign origin among the tribals in Tripura; and
- (b) if so, the steps taken by Government in the matter ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) and (b) Government have seen the relevant news report published in the 'Hindustan Times' dated the 2nd January, 1974. According to information received from the Government of Tripura, there is no specific information to substantiate the allegation made in the news report. 1 hey have also reported that neither any doctor nor any priest of foreign origin has remained in Tripura since the beginning of this year. The State Government are, however, maintaining the utmost vigilance.

F.M. (FREQUENCY MODULATION) PROORAMME

808. SHRI M. K. MOHTA Will the Vlinister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be'pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the proposal for installation of F.M. (frequency modulation) broadcasting transmitter at Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras by the end of 1973 has since been shelved; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and its impact on the radio producing units in the country?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) A scheme for installation of F.M. broadcasting transmitters at Bombay, Calcutta and Madras was included in the Fourth Plan and was expected to be completed by the end of 1973. The implementation of the scheme has, however, been delayed as it was intended to use only indegenously manufactured transmitters by Bharat Electronics which have not yet commenced production of this equipment. The scheme has not been shelved.

(b) Does not arise.

REDUCTION IN POWER RATES IN RAJASTHAN

- 809. SHRI M. K. MOHTA . Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP MENT AND SCIENCE AND TECHNO LOGY be pleased to state :
- (a) whether a study team sponsored by Industrial Development Bank of India and Reserve Bank of India etc., had suggested reduction in the power rates by the Raias-than Government for attracting industrial units in that State; and
- (b) if so, the broad features of the suggestions made by the team and whether Government have obtained the views of Rajasthan Government in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) and lb) The Industrial Potential Survey on Rajasthan sponsored by IDBI, RBI. IC1CI. IFC and AFC in their Report finalised in August 1972 had suggested power tariffs in the State to be reviewed *vis-a-vis* the rates prevailing in other Slates, particularly because exploitation of the State's mining resources is contingent upon the availability of power at reasonable rates. Large-scale industries based on electrothermal or electro-matailurgical process also needed cheap electrical power. The report suggested that the electric powei rate for such units should be in the range of 3 paise to 5 paise per KW and individual cases should be examined with regard to tariff rates by the concerned authorities on their merits. The Rajasthan Stale has yet to take a final view in the m.ijter.

PRODUCTION OF CALCIUM CARBONATE ELECTROLYTIC MANGANESE DIOXIDE

810. SHRIMATI KUMUDBEN MANI-SHANKAR JOSHI: Will the Minister of INDUSTR'AL DEVELOPMENT AND SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleas ed to state:

(a) whether it is a fast that the power cut had affected the production of calcium carbonate and there has been shortfall in the production of electrolytic manganese dioxide during the last two years; and

Written Answers

(bi if so, to what extent and the steps Government have taken in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M. B. RANA) : (a) There are 4 units which are engaged in the manufacture of calcium carbonate. Their total production during the year 1971, 1972 and 1973 was as follows:-

1971			į.	Tonnes 13,827
1972			Ç	15,121
1973	٠,			14,461

The production of one of these units which is located in Uttar Pradesh was adversely affected due to power cut during the year 1973.

As regards electrolytic manganese dioxide. there is only one unit which is engaged in its manufacture. It started production from July, 1971. Its production during the last three years is indicated below :-

Tonnes

1971 (from July'71 onwards) 374 445 1972 1600 1973 .1479

The firm did not report short fall in production due to power cut. It appears that accumulation of stock was probably the reason for their comparatively smaller production during 1973.

(bi It is not possible to assess the exact quantum of loss in production due to power cut alone as there are various factors which contribute to the final output. The following steps have been taken IO increase production of power:—

- 1. Maximisation of generation of power of all existing units:
- 2. Exchange of powers from neighbouring systems where surplus power is available;
- 3. Accelerating the commissioning of the units which are in advanced stage of construction: and
- 4. Arranging supply of coal and spa^e pans needed by generating units on priority basis.

EXPORT OF FEATURE FILMS

811. SHRI M. K. MOHTA • Will the Mnusle,- of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

ths* number of Indian feature films exported so far through the State Trading Corporation since their canalisation and the names of the countriis to which these films were exported and the foreign exchange earned as a result thereof?

THE DEPUTY MIN'STER IN THH M1NISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SIN HA.): A statement is attached.

STATEMENT

Number of feature films exported from 1-11-1973 to 31-10-1973—587.

nes of countries/'places to which the Films were exported

Afghanistan. Aden, Asmara, Albania. Arabian Gulf, Algeria, Behrain. Beirut Brazil. Bangla Desh, Barundi Benghazil, Cambodia. Dubia. C'urbalanka, Canada Dkibuati, Doha, Ethiopia, Equador Fiji.
Freetown. France, GDR, Guyana, Ghana.
Hong Kong, Hodeidh, Italy, Iran, Indonesia,
Israel, Iraq, Ireland Jordan, Libya. Lebanon,
Latin America, Japan, Laos. Mauritious.
Malaysia, Maragon, Mayica, Nairohi, U.S.A. Malaysia, Morocco, Mexico. Nairobi, U.S.A.. Nigeria, Peru, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Somalia, Stockholm. Spain, Sudan. Switzerland, Thailand. Trinidad, Tanzania, U.K., U.A.R.. U.S.S.R., Vcni-zuela, Vietnam and Yaman.

Vahie of the films exported is Rs. 595.5 lakhs a proximately.

ATOMIC POWER STATION AT KALPAKKAM

- 812. DR. MATHEW KURIAN: Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to
- (a) whether it is a fact thai Ihc prospects for getting power from the Atomic Power Station at Kalpakkam, originally scheduled next year, have, now been pushed to 1977 or even beyond; and
 - (b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY (SHRI MAT! INDIRA GANDHI); (a) According to the present schedule, the first unit of the Madras Atomic Power Project (MAPP) is expected to attain criticality in 1977 and the second unit in 1979. Full commissioning is expected some months after criticality.

- (b) The main reasons for delay in the commissioning of MAPP are as follows:
 - i) Delays in the delivery of equipment by foreign as well as Indian suppliers;
 - (ii) Delays *due* to various technical problems encountered during construction;
 - (iii) Delays due to efforts made towards indigenisation;