

urgent military demands for track. These lines were working at a loss since 1936-37 till their dismantlement as per records available. Prior to 1936-37 no record is available. As regards Saraighat Raghupur-Pratapganj line in Bihar, this was abandoned during 1926-27 due to ravages of the Kosi river and other streams in the area which were constantly shifting their course. Its uneconomic operation was not the consideration for closure of the line.

(c) and (d) This was in pursuance of the new approach enunciated in the Budget Speech in Lok Sabha on the 20th February 1973 for opening new lines up to 60 kms where the development of the area would be greatly facilitated, without viewing the expenditure thereon too closely in terms of the prospects of immediate returns on investment.

#### Nitrogen Fertiliser

1159 SHRI N R CHOUDHURY Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided for creation of an additional capacity of two and a half million tonnes of nitrogen fertilisers during the Fifth Five Year Plan and

(b) if so the salient features thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI DALBIR SINGH) (a) and (b) The Approach Document for the Fifth Plan envisages a production target of 39.12 lakh tonnes of fertilizers in terms of nitrogen by 1978-79 and a total capacity build up of 5.5 million tonnes. To achieve this target Government have decided in principle to set up five fertilizer projects of standard size in the public sector during the Fifth Plan period. A few plants are in addition likely to be set up in the private sector for which proposals have been received.

#### Avenues of promotion for observers in Central Water and Power Research Station, Poona

1160 SHRI VITHAL GADGIL  
SHRIMATI SUSHILA SHANKAR  
ADIVAREKAR

Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state

(a) whether the Observers employed in the Central Water and Power Research Station Khadakvasala, Poona are dissatisfied and frustrated because of lack of any avenues of promotion and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take to remove their dissatisfaction and frustration?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (SHRI BALGOVIND VERMA)

(a) and (b) Representations have been received from Observers in the Central Water and Power Research Station, Poona, regarding lack of promotional avenues, as no higher posts exist for them. The Third Pay Commission in their Report have recommended a pay scale of Rs 260-430, as against the existing scale of Rs 110-200 for this category of staff. The Commission have also recommended that in cases where there is stagnation and promotional avenues do not exist selection grade posts should be provided. Further action in the matter will be taken in the light of decision of the Government on this recommendation of the Pay Commission.

#### Surcharge on Railway Fare

1161 SHRI VITHAL GADGIL  
SHRIMATI SUSHILA SHANKAR  
ADIVAREKAR

Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that as a result of the imposition of surcharge on the fare for travelling in the Deccan Queen train, the Railways are losing thousands of rupees every day and

(b) if so whether Government propose to abolish the surcharge?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MOHD SHAFI QURESHI) (a) and (b)

Preliminary assessment reveals that there is reduction in the number of first class passengers travelling in the Deccan Queen trains after the introduction of supplementary charge from 1-4-1973, but it is too early to say if this trend of traffic will continue or that it is attributable solely to the levy of this charge

**केन्द्र द्वारा अपने अधिकार में लिए गये बिजलीघर**

1162. श्री जगदम्बी प्रसाद यादव क्या सिंचाई और विद्युत् मंत्री यह बताते की कृपा करेंगे कि-

(क) केन्द्रीय सरकार ने देश में कितने बिजलीघरों को अपने अधिकार में ले लिया है और उन पर अनुमानित कितना व्यय होता है,

(ख) कितने और बिजलीघरों को सरकारी अधिकार में लेने का विचार है; और

(ग) बिहार राज्य में कितनी केन्द्रीय बिजली परियोजनाएँ निर्माणाधीन हैं और उन पर कितनी राशि खर्च किये जाने का विचार है ?

†[Power houses taken over by the Centre

1162 SHRI J P YADAV Will the Minister of IRRIGATION AND POWER be pleased to state

(a) the number of power houses in the country that have been taken over by the Central Government and the estimated expenditure incurred thereon,

(b) the number of power houses proposed to be taken over, and

(c) the number of central power projects under construction in the State of Bihar and the amount proposed to be spent on them?]

†[ ] English translation.

**सिंचाई और विद्युत् मंत्रालय में उपमन्त्री (श्री बालगोविन्द वर्मा) (क)** प्रमाण विद्युत् केन्द्रों के अतिरिक्त केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा निर्मित निर्माणाधीन विद्युत् केन्द्रों का व्यय उन पर मार्ज, 73 तक किए गए व्यय के साथ नीचे दिया जाता है :—

	करोड़*
1 डी० वी० सी० वि- द्युत् केन्द्र	200 16 74 03
2. नेवेली ताप विद्युत् केन्द्र	74.03
3. बदरपुर ताप विद्युत् परियोजना	46 18
4 सलाल जल विद्युत् परियोजना	7.30
5 बैरा सियूल जल वि- द्युत् परियोजना	10.70
6. लोकतक जल विद्- युत् परियोजना	11.00

\*यह व्यय संयुक्त रूप में भागीदार सरकारों नामशः भारत सरकार, प० बंगाल और बिहार ने किया है।

(ख) पाचवी पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान केन्द्रीय सेक्टर में शामिल जम्मू और कश्मीर में किश्तवार जल विद्युत् परियोजना (330 मै०) और प० बंगाल में इलखोला ताप विद्युत् केन्द्र (240 मै०) को हाथ में लेने का प्रस्ताव है। डी० वी० सी० प्रणाली में भी आगे विस्तार किया जाएगा।

(ग) बिहार में डी० वी० सी० के चन्द्रपुर ताप विद्युत् केन्द्र का विस्तार 120-120 मेगावट की प्रत्येक तीन यूनिटों के साथ 63 64 करोड़ रुपये की अनुमानित लागत पर हाथ में लिया गया है।