[Shri D. P. Singh]

Twenty-second report, of the Committee on public undertakings on para 1. 17 of the sixty-third Report of the Committee (Fourth Lok Sabha) on National Industrial Development Corporation Limited. containing the observation "The Committee are of the opinion that they have been misled by the statement of the Managing Director (National Industrial Development Corporation Limited)" and the Minutes of the sitting of the Committee on Public Undertakings (1972-73) relating thereto.

### THE CONSTITUTION (TWENTY-EIGHTH AMENDMENT) BILL, 1972-contd.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM **NIWAS** Sir. the MIRDHA): Mr. Chairman, been discussing the House has Constitution (Amendment) Bill, whose aim is to remove article 314 of the Constitution of India and to add a new article 312A in the Constitution. Well, Sir, a large number of Members have participated in the debate. They have taken great interest in this matter not only at the present moment, but all points of view about along. Varying various aspects of this change have been put forward by hon. Members. One thing that I would like to say is that this is merely an enabling legislation. It means that whatever impediments Parliament had under article 314 of the Constitution to change the service conditions of this special class officers are being removed. This will have to be followed by another legislation which will spell out in clear terms what changes we intend to bring in their service conditions. Well, Sir, the question of removal of these special service conditions has been before us for a long time not only now, but even at the time the Constitution was

being framed. This thing did come up at that time and some hon. Members even then opposed the inclusion of this article in the Constitution. In view of the prevailing circumstances which obtained at that time, it was thought fit that this guarantee should be given and it was in that context that article 314 was made a part of the Constitution. Well, Sir, while most of the Members have welcomed this Bill. Shri Dahvabhai Patel and Shri Babubhai Chinai struck a different note. Shri Dahyabhai Patel said, that, in bringing forward Constitutional amendment, the Government is committing a breach of faith, that we are breaking the pledges that we had made. I would submit that this is not correct. The ICS had a staunch supporter and patron in Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who was mainly instrumental in providing these guarantees in the Constitution. Sardar Patel. in his wisdom and foresight, envisaged a time when Parliament would be in a position to remove these guarantees for special conditions of service to these officers. He said it in so many words while the was matter being debated in the Constituent Assembly. The aftermath of partition had created a serious situation of law and order in the country. administration was under great stress and it was not only desirable but imperative that the bureaucratic apparatus we inherited from the British should be kept intact and in a working order. It was under these circumstances that the special guarantees as provided in Article 314 were incorporated in the Constitution. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel never meant them to be eternal or immutable. So, there is no question of any breach of The or breach of promise. faith behaviour of some members of the ICS fraternity has not strengthened Government's hands in resisting a demand for removal of the special conditions of service. Some ICS officers have behaved like Shylock demanding his pound of flesh. They have fought bitter

battles over wholly preposterous demands like the home leave in England, payment of pensions in sterling and so on. A class of officers that still has elements in it that think in such antiquated manner naturally would not command much sympathy in this House. To make such demands which are completely out of tune with national ethos is one of the of some most objectionable aspects members of this service which happily, has many members who have completely over this mentality. There officers who have adopted themselves to the changed circumstances admirably and have helped the Government in the implementation formulation and progressive policies and I would take opportunity of placing on record their sense of appreciation for our work

I would therefore request hon Members not to indulge in a wholesale condemnation of officers or a particular class. There are exceptions and we are very happy to remember them on this occasion.

So, there is no question of any pledges that were given or any promises that were made. Actually, this change was envisaged even during the debates that 'ook place then so to bring in this thing now at this stage, that what we are doing is not a proper thing, does not stand to reason

Shri Chinai spoke with a heavy heart—It is natural that some hon. Members would feel that way But in view of what I have said, there will be no fear or apprehension that we are doing something which was not contemplated at that time or is completely out of tune with what was thought proper even at the time this guarantee was given.

Well, Sir, there are various things that the hon. Members have said to which I will briefly refer. It has been suggested that the jurisdiction of courts has been ousted and

this has been taken to mean that the Government does not respect the judiciary or that it does these things in a very light. hearted manner. Well Sir, this is not so. We have done this only in very special circumstances. We have ousted the jurisdiction of courts so far as the interpretation of these agreements and covenants between the Government of India and these officers are concerned We do not want that after this Constitutional amendment is adopted there should be still long legal wranglings about some of these conditions of service which we seek to effect in this. And therefore this provision has been made that the courts would not be able to have any jurisdiction so far as any dispute arising out of these conditions of service is concerned. We are not removing or depriving them of their jurisdiction in any broad and summary way. But in so far as the covenants and agreements are concerned. we do not want that they should go to the court of law and bring out small matters and delay or retard the changes that we want to bring about Sir, there is no question of our trying to tamper with the judiciary. Lots of things were said about a committed judiciary and things like that. I do not want to enter into a debate on We have had many occasions that matter. in this House to discuss those matters. They do not arise out of this. Our regard and consideration for the judiciary is very strong and valid We believe in a strong and independent judiciary and the Government has done all in, its power-and will continue to do so-to see that the independence of the judiciary is maintained in cases and matters where we feel that their jurisdiction be removed we say so Therefore, this explanation has to be given that the Government has no intention of tampering with the rights of the judiciary as a whole or its composition or its independence. 1 4 + 1 4

Sir, lot of things were said about the privileges that obtain in the various strata of society. Shri Goray made a very fine and moving speech referring to a new class

[Shri Ram Niwas Mirdha]

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that is arising in this country and even in the Communist countries. It is true that a new class is emerging in our country and this fact has to be taken note of. manner and method of economic development that we followed in the past few years did not result in the creation of an egalitarian society. On the other hand it led to creation of more disparity in certain sections of people. It gave rise to a new class, neo-rich, who have not much to commend them. They are without education, without culture and the obnoxious way in which they flaunt about their ill-gotten wealth is the most disgusting. I do not hesitate to say so. And that is one of the reasons why in our approach to the Five Year Plan we have clearly stated that the way we have developed up till now has not resulted in removal of disparity. Mere growth at a particular rate in our economy does not necessarily result in creating an egalitarian society or in effecting a proper distribution of wealth. Therefore, the main approach in the next Plan is going to be that through special schemes and through special plans we want to halt this process we do not believe that economic growth per se was something desirable without considering as to which class of persons the benefit of the development went. This is a very difficult and tedious task. But the Government is committed to do so. And even as a party, Sir, our party has always been against this ostentatious living or ostentatious show of wealth. The Prime Minister has more than once . . . (Interruption by hon. Members). Our Prime Minister has more than once spoken about it to her colleagues and to others. I do not think any other party has ever made any attempt to create conditions in the country where such ostentatious vulgur show of wealth would be retarded and here they come and tell us what we should do. Here is a party which not only recognises this but is trying to do all in its power to see that a proper social climate is created where mere possession of wealth is not regarded as a sign of

social status. We can only appeal to the friends opposit to co-operate with us in creating a proper climate in the country where mere show of wealth, mere possession of wealth, would not bring prestige or power. This type of climate we want to create in the country. But this is a difficult thing. This has to be done not only by the Planning Commission, by the Governmental apparatus but by the society as a whole, and I do hope all the hon'ble Members will co-operate with us in creating such a climate so that we may really have a society which would be egalitarian and where possession of wealth would not be regarded as a sign of power and prestige.

Sir, Shri Villalan had some objections about the way we bring Constitutional amendments. He said that we should not function in a piecemeal way but bring all the amendments together. We do not bring amendment to the Constitution for the sheer love of it but because we have to do it. We do so because certain situations have developed which necessitate such amendments. And however much we may try to do it at a particular point of time circumstances may impel us to bring more changes. We cannot rule possibility of bringing more amendments. Therefore, this is no question of piecemeal approach. We try to adjust even without amendments.

It is easy to say that this is the 28th amendment of the Constitution. But if we see why all these 28 amendments were necessary and in what circumstances they had to be brought, it would be fully appreciated by the House. They were brought only when the Government had no other way of dealing with the particular situation and for redeeming the pledges that it has made to the country for bringing about much needed social and economic reforms. We do not love amending the Constitution every now and then. But it cannot be denied that the Constitution will have to be amended as and when

things develop and as and when circumstances necessitate it. Actually we would have very much wished that the interpretation of the Constitution had been so dynamic or progressive or in tune with the national ethos that these amendments would not have been necessary. It is only when we come across a blind wall where no progress is possible without amending the Constitution. it is only then and with considerable reluctance and with no pleasure that we resort to amendment of the Constitution But Constitutional amendments are merely an expedient to achieve the broad social objectives to which this Government is committed So there cannot be any objection per se to amending the Constitution and I will request the hon. Member to appreciate the circumstances under which we have to do so

Various other points were also raised, but I will not go into them. This Constitutional amendment, it is said, has come a bit too late. It is true that not many members of this service still remain.

SHRI JOACHIM ALVA (Nominated): Twenty-five years too late

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA. I would give figures to set the record straight as to how many officers are still in the service in this category On the 27th May. 1972, there were in service 81 members of the Indian Administrative Service who, before becoming such members, were members of the Indian Civil Service, including 7 officers permanently seconded to the Indian Foreign Service; 26 members of the Indian Police Service who, before becoming such members, were members of Indian Police; and 4 judges of High Courts who were formerly members of the Indian Civil Service. Thus, on the 27th May, 1972, there were in service 111 officers of this category to whom article 314 applies. The last of them would retire in 1979. It is true that it has taken us some time to bring about this, but this cannot

be made an argument, as some hon. Members tried to do, for not doing anything. We think that it is not desirable in the present changed social conditions of our country to have such a disparity in the working and service conditions of our officers. These special conditions of this service have a historical perspective and we have come here before the House to remove this impediment in the way of Parliament to amend some of the service conditions. As I said earlier, it will be followed up by a law which would spell out in particular details What conditions of service we want to change and in what direction.

Sir, with these words, I commend the Bill for the consideration of the House.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN. The question is:

"That the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, as passed by the Lok Sabha, be taken into consideration"

The House divided

MR. CHAIRMAN; Ayes—180, Noes —2.

AYES-180

Abdul Khader, Shri M. S.

Abudul Samad, Shri A. K. A.

Abid, Shrı Qasim Ali

Abu Abraham, Shri

Ahmad, Dr. Z A.

Alva, Shrı Joachim

Alva, Dr. K. Nagappa

Amjad Ali, Sardar.

Anandam, Shri M.

Anandan, Shri T. V.

Appan, Shri G. A.

Arıf, Shri Mohammed Usman,

Balan, Shri M. C.

Banarsi Das, Shri.

Basar, Shri Todak.

Berwa, Shri Jamna Lai.

Bhagwat Dayal, Shri.

Bhagwati, Shri B. C.

Bhardwaj, Shri Jagan Nath.

Bhatt, Shri Nand Kishore.

Bisi, Shri P. N.

Bobdey, Shri S. B.

Chakrabarti, Dr. R. K.

Chandra Shekhar, Shri.

Chandrasekharan, Shri K.

Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Debiprasad

Chettri, Shri K. B.

Choudhury, Shri N. R.

Choudhury, Shri Suhrid Mullick.

Das, Shri Balram.

Das. Shri Bipinpal.

Dass, Shri Mahabir.

Deshmukh, Shri T. G.

Dikshit, Shri Umashankar.

Dutt, Dr. Vidya Prakash.

Gadgil, Shri Vithal.

Ganguli, Shri Salil Kumar.

Ghosh, Shri Niren.

Goray, Shri N. G.

Gowda, Shri U. K. Lakshmana.

Gujral, Shri I. K.

Gupta, Shri Bhupesh.

Gupta, Shri Shyamlal.

Hathi, Shri Jaisukhlal.

Himmat Sinh, Shri.

Hussain, Shri Syed.

Jahanara Jaipal Singh, Shrimati.

Jain, Shri A. P.

Jain, Shri Dharam Chand.

Jain, Shri Rattan Lal.

Jairamdas Daulatram, Shri.

Joseph, Shri N.

Joshi, Shri Umashanker.

Kalania, Shri I. K.

Kamalanathan, Shri M.

Kanchi Kalyanasundaram, Shri.

Kapur, Shri Yashpal.

Kaul, Shri B. K.

Kemparaj, Shri B. T.

Kesri, Shri Sitaram.

Khan, Shri Maqsood Ali.

Koya, Shri B. V. Abdulla.

Krishan Kant, Shri.

Krishnan, Shri N. K.

Krishnaswamy, Shri K. A.

Kulkarni, Shri A. G.

Kulkarni, Shri B. T.

Kumaran, Shri S.

Kumbhare, Shri N. H.

Lakshmi Kumari Chundawat, Shrimati.

Madani, Shri M. Asad.

Mahanti, Shri B. K.

Mahavir, Dr. Bhai.

Mahida, Shri U. N.

Majhi, Shri C. P.

Malaviya, Shri Harsh Deo.

Mali, Shri Ganesh Lal.

Mandal, Shri B. N.

Maragatham Chandrasekhar, Shrimati.

Mathew Kurian, Dr. K.

Mathur, Shri Jagdish Prasad.

Mehta, Shii Om.

Menon, Shri Balachandra.

Menon, Shri K. P. Subramania.

Mırdha, Shri Ram Niwas.

Mohammad, Chaudhary A.

Mohan, Shri V. R.

Mohideen, Shri S. A. Khaja.

Mukherjee, Shri Kali.

Mukherjee, Shri Pranab Kumar.

Mulla, Shri A, N.

Munda, Shri B. R.

Murahari, Shri Godey.

Murthy, Shri B. P. Nagaraja.

Musafir, Shri Gurumukh Singh.

Nair, Shri G. Gopinathan.

Nandini Satpathy, Shrimati.

Marasiah, Shri H. S.

Narayanappa, Shri Sanda.

Narayani Devi Manaklal Varma, Shrimati

Nawal Kishore, Shri.

Oberoi, Shri M. S

Pai, Shri T. A.

Panda, Shri Brahmananda

Parashar, Shri V R.

Patel Shri D K.

Patel, Shri T K.

Patil, Shri G. R

Prasad, Shri Bhola.

Prasad, Shri K. L N.

Pratibha Singh, Shrimati

Prem Manohar, Shri

Purabi Mukhopadhyay, Shrimati

Puttappa, Shri Patil

Raha, Shri Sanat Kumar

Raju, Shri V B

Ramaswamy, Shri K S.

Ramiah, Dr K

Rao, Shri Katragadda Srinivas

Rathnabai Sreenivasa Rao, Shrimati

Reddi, Shri Papi.

Reddy, Shri Janardhana

Reddy, Shri M Srinivasa

Reddy, Shri Mulka Govinda

Refaye, Shri A. K.

Roshan Lal, Shri

Roy, Shri Kalyan

Roy, Shri Monoranjan

Sangma, Shri E. M.

Sanyal, Shri Sasankasekhar

Saraswati Pradhan, Shrimatı

Sardesai, Shri S. G.

Saroi Purushottam Khaparde, Miss

Satyavati Dang, Shrimati

Savita Behen, Shrimati

Schamnad, Shri Hamid Alı

Sen, Dr. Triguna

Sen Gupta, Shri Dwijendralal

Shah, Shri Manubhai

Shahi, Shri Nageshwar Prasad

Shilla, Shri Showaless K.

Shishir Kumar, Shri

Shukla, Shri M P.

Shyamkumarı Devi, Shrimati

Singh, Shri Bindeshwari Pd.

Singh, Shri D P.

Singh, Shri Inder

Singh, Shri M. B.

Singh, Shri Mohan

Singh, Shri Ranbir

Singh Shri Sitaram

Singh, Shrı Sultan

Singh, Shrı Trıloki

Singh, Dr. V B.

Sinha, Shri Awadheshwar Prasad

Sinha, Shri Ganga Sharan

Sita Devi, Shrimati

Sıvaprakasam, Shri S.

Sukhdev Prasad, Shri

Sumitra Gandhi Kulkarni, Shrimati

Suraj Prasad, Shri

Sushila Mansukhlal Desai, Miss

Swamınathan, Shri V. V

Tanvir, Shrı Habib.

Thakur, Shri Gunanand

Tilak, Shri J. S

Tiwarı, Shri Shankerlal

Tiwary, Pt. Bhawaniprasad

Tombi, Shri Salam

Trivedi, Shri H. M.

Tyagi, Shri Mahavir

Tyagi, Shri O. P.

Untoo, Shri Gulam Nabi

Venigalla Satyanarayana, Shri

Venkataraman, Shri M. R.

Vidyawati Chaturvedi, Shrimatı

Villalan, Shrı Thillan

Vyas, Dr. M. R. Wajd, Shri Sikandar Ali Yadav, Shri J. P.

# NOES-2

Patel. Shri Dahyabhai V. Srinivasan, Shri T. K.

The motion was carried by a majority of the total membership of the House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting.

MR. CHAIRMAN. We shall now take up clause by clause consideration of the Bill.

Clause 2 (Insertion of new article 312A)

GUPTA (West BHUPESH SHRI Bengal): Sir, I move.

- 2. "That at page 1, in line 10, the 'whether prospectively or' be words deleted."
- 3. That at page 2, after line 7. the following provisos be inserted, namely:-

'Provided that no such conditions of service shall permit a member of the I. C. S. to continue in service beyond the age of 58:

Provided further that no I.C.S. after retirement, shall officer. be entitled to a pension exceeding Rs. 675.00 per mensem:

Provided also that all conditions of service for the members of the I. C. S. shall be the same as that of the I. C. S.' "

The questions were proposed.

SHRI BHUPESH **GUPTA:** these amendments speak for themselves. I want the retirement age to be brought to the level of retirement age applicable to I. A. S. officers, that as to say, it should be brought down from 60 to 58. Why should there be a special privilege for ICS people in regard to retirement age,

I do not understand. I do not want to say anything more.

Before I come to the other two provisos. I should only invite the attention of hon. Members to what Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had said about these ICS officers in his Autobiography, Many hon. Members may have forgotten that, Kindly read it nowadays a little. This is 'Autobiography' by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. On page 441 of my edition under the Chapter on Record of British Rule. he says:

> "The American **Economist** Veblen has called the privileged classes 'kept classes'. Ιt would be equally true to call the ICS as well as the other imperialist services are a very 'kept services'. They expensive luxury".

Comment is unnecessary. These 'kept services' were in wedlock with Congress Government immediately after the independence.

> "Ability and efficiency for what? If these ability and efficiency are to be measured from the point of view of strengthening the British Empire in India and helping it to exploit the country, the ICS may certainly claim to have done well. If, however, the test is the welfare of the Indian masses, they have signally failed and their failure becomes even more noticeable when one sees the enormous distance that separates them in regard to income and standards of living from the masses they are meant to serve and from whom ultimately their varied emoluments come."

these quotations of Pandit Sir. Jawaharlal Nehru also apply to the problem that we are facing now. Sir, I will not take much time. But Sir, I will quote something more, because it is good to remember what Shri Jawaharlal

Nehru wrote and what is now forgotten. Sir. he said:

> "It is remarkable how the good of India seems to be tied up with the obvious interests and advancement of these services. If any privilege or prize post of the ICS is taken away, we are told that inefficiency and corruption result. If the reserved jobs in the Indian Medical Service are reduced, this becomes a 'menace' to India's health and, of course, if the British element in the Army is touched, all manner of terrible perils confront us."

Sir, this is how Shri Jawaharlal Nehur spoke about them.

Now, Sir, all that I want to say is with regard to these amendments, when they are considering them, they should keep all these things in mind.

With regard to the other amendments. ... (Interruptions) Sir, the hon. Members should not make noise. If they make a little noise, it becomes voluminous.

Sir. the other amendment provides that no ICS officer, after retirement, shall be entitled to a pension exceeding pension Rs. 675/- p. m. This is the given to the IAS officers. Why then should they get a higher pension? I cannot understand this. Now, Sir, it should really be brought on par with that of the IAS: This is what I want. At present, the ICS officers get a pension of more than Rs. 1,100. This should be stopped.

Finally, Sir, it also provides that the conditions of service for the ICS officers shall be the same as for the IAS officers. What service conditions you are going to provide, you are going to lay down, well, you can think of. But, Sir, certainly they should not be better than or more beneficial to the ICS officers than what are available to the IAS personnel. Therefore, I say that these things should be kept in mind and no special category should be created. If you do not do that then the purpose for which Art. 314 is being deleted now will be defeated. Sir. these are the suggestions that I am making and many other things have been said during the general debate.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, Mr. Minister.

SHKI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: Well, Sir, the honourable Member has suggested four amendments to Clause 2 and the main purpose of the amendment is that the salaries, emoluments, pension, etc. of the ICS officers should be the same as that of the IAS officers.

Well, Sir, the honourable Member also wants that the ICS shall be designated as IAS (Senior). Sir, I may clarify the situation slightly. There is no ICS as such now and it ceased to exist in 1947 and, in 1954 when the new service cadre of the IAS was created, all the former IAS people became part of the IAS. So, strictly speaking there is no person who can be said to be an ICS officer and, therefore to bring about another distinction in the IAS as being Senior and Junior would be, if anything, retrograde and I hope the honourable Member would not insist on that.

As regards the other conditions which the honourable Member has suggested. as I mentioned in my speech some time back, we intend to bring forward another legislation spelling out in detail as to what changes in the service conditions of the former ICS officers we want to bring about and the guggestions that the honourable Member has made. which spell out some of the glaring disparities between the service condition of these two classes of officers, would be seriously considered.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bhupesh Gupta, are you pressing your amendments?

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Just a minute, Sir. Let him finish,

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: I would submit, Sir, that when we consider the new legislation as a follow-up legislation that we want to bring forward, we would consider all these suggestions and see if some of it can be incorporated in the new legislation. I don't think the hon. Member should now insist on his amendment. Moreover, it is not proper to burden the Constitution with these details. As a result of this constitutional amendment, we will bring fresh legislation. Whether it is from the technical point of view of from the point of substance. I do not think the hon. Member should press this. We will consider all these suggestions later on.

SHRI NIREN GHOSH (West Bengal): But do you agree with the spirit of the amendment?

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: More than the spirit. I have clearly said that we will bring follow-up legislation on these service conditions. We will bring forth fresh legislation on this.

I will take this opportunity to thank Shri Bhupesh Gupta and other hon. Members who have helped us in passing this Bill. But for the constant pleadings, goading and the strident advocacy of the hon. Member, probably we would not have been able to bring forth this Bill and pass it as expeditiously a we are doing.

I will request the hon. Member to withdraw these amendments.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: In view of what he has-it seems to be a very sensible reply . . . (Interruptions)—I withdraw these amendments.

The amendments (No. 2 and 3) were by leave, withdrawn.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That clause 2 stands part of the Bill."

The House divided.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Ayes-177, Noes Nıl.

For text of amendments, see debate dated the 30th May, 1972.

### AYES--177

Abdul Samad, Shri A. K. A.

Abid, Shri Qasim Ali.

Abu Abraham, Shri.

Advani, Shri Lal K.

Ahmad, Dr. Z. A.

Alva, Shri Joachim.

Amjad Alı, Sardar.

Amla, Shri Tirath Ram.

Anandam, Shri M.

Anandam, Shri T. V.

Appan, Shri G. A.

Arif. Shri Mohammed Usman.

Banarsi Das, Shri.

Basar, Shri Todak.

Berwa, Shri Jamna Lal.

Bhagwat Dayal, Shri.

Bhagwati, Shri B. C.

Bhardwaj, Shri Jagan Nath.

Bhatt, Shri Nand Kishore.

Bisi, Shri P. N.

Bobdey, Shri S. B.

Burgohain, Shri N. C.

Chakrabarti, Dr. R. K.

Chandra Shekhar, Shri.

Chandrasekharan, Shri K.

Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Debiprasad.

Chettri, Shri K. B.

Choudhury, Shri N. R.

Choudhury, Shri Suhrid Mullick

Das, Shri Balram

Das, Shrı Bipınpal

Dass, Shri Mahabir

Deshmukh, Shri T. G.

Dikshit, Shri Uemashankar

Dutt, Dr. Vidya Prakash

Gadgil, Shri Vithal

Ganguli, Shri Salil Kumar

Ghosh, Shri Niren

Goray, Shri N. G.

Gowda, Shri U. K. Lakshmana

Gujral, Shri I. K.

Gupta, Shri Bhupesh

Gupta, Shri Shyamlal

Hathi, Shri Jaisukhlal

Himmat Sinh Shri

Hussain, Shri Syed

Jahanara Jaipal Singh, Shrimati

Jain, Shri A. P.

Jain, Shri Dharam Chand

Jain, Shri Rattan Lal.

Jairamdas Daulatram, Shri

Joseph, Shri N.

Joshi, Shrı Umashanker

Kalania, Shri I. K.

Kamalanathan, Shri M.

Kanchi Kalyanasundaram, Shri

Kapur, Shri Yashpal

Kemparaj, Shti B. T.

Kesri, Shri Sitaram.

Khan, Shri Maqsood Ali

Koya, Shri B. V. Abdulla

Krishan Kant, Shri.

Krishnan, Shri N. K.

Krishnaswamy, Shri K. A.

Kulkarni, Shri A. G.

Kulkarni, Shri B. T.

Kumaran, Shri S.

Kumbhare, Shri N. H.

Lakshmi Kumari Chundawat, Shrimati

Madani, Shri M. Asad

Mahanti, Shri B. K.

Mahavır, Dr. Bhai

Mahida, Shri U.N

Majhi, Shri C. P.

Malaviya, Shri Harsh Deo

Mali, Shri Ganesh Lal

Mandal, Shri B. N.

Maragatham Chandrasekhar, Shrimati

Mathew Kurian, Dr. K.

Mathur, Shri Jagdish Prasad.

Mehta, Shri Om.

Menon, Shri Balachandra

Menon, Shri K. P. Subramania

Mirdha, Shri Ram Niwas

Mohammad, Chaudhary A.

Mohan, Shri V. R.

Mohideen, Shri S. A. Khaja

Mukherjee, Shri Kali.

Mukherjee, Shri Pranab Kumar

Mulla, Shri A. N.

Munda, Shri B. R.

Murahari, Shri Godey

Murthy, Shri P. B. Nagaraja

Musafir, Shri Gurumukh Singh

Naır, Shri G. Gopinathan

Nandini Satpathy, Shrimati

Narasiah, Shri H. S.

Narayanappa, Shri Sanda

Narayani Devi Manaklal Varma, Shrimati

Nawal Kishore, Shri.

Nurul Hasan, Prof. S.

Pai, Shri T. A.

Panda, Shri Brahmananda

Parashar, Shri V. R.

Patel, Shri D. K.

Patel, Shri T. K.

Patel, Shri G. R.

Pawar, Shri D. Y.

Prasad, Shri Bhola

Prasad, Shri K. L. N

Pratibha Singh, Shrimati

Purabi Mukhopadhyay, Shrimati

Puttappa, Shri Patil

Raha, Shri Sanat Kumar

Raju, Shri V. B.

Ramaswamy, Shri K. S.

Ramiah, Dr. K.

Rao, Shri Katragadda Srinivas

Rathnabai Sreenivasa Rao, Shrimati

Reddy, Shri Janardhana

Reddy, Shri K. V. Raghunatha

Reddy, Shri M. Srinivasa

Reddy, Shri Mulka Govinda

Refave. Shri A. K.

Roshan Lal, Shri

Rov. Shri Kalyan

Roy, Shri Monoranjan

Sakhalecha, Shri V. K.

Sangma, Shri E. M.

Sanyal, Bhri Sasankasekhar

Sardesai, Shri S. G.

Saroj Purushottam Khaparde, Miss

Satyavati Dang, Shrimatı

Savita Behen, Shrimati

Schamnad, Shri Hamid Ali

Sen, Dr. Triguna.

Sen Gupta, Shri Dwijendralal

Shah, Shri Manubhai

Shilla, Shri Showaless K.

Shishir Kumar, Shri

Shukla, Shri M. P

Shyamkumari Devi, Shrimati

Singh, Shri Bindeshwari Pd.

Singh, Shri D. P.

Singh, Shri Inder

Singh, Shri M. B.

Singh, Shri Mohan

Singh, Shri Ranbir

Singh, Shri Sitaram

Singh, Shri Sultan

Singh, Shri Triloki

Singh, Dr. V. B.

Sinha, Shri Awadheshwar Prasad

Sinha, Shri Ganga Sharan

Sisodia, Shri Swaisingh

Sita Devi, Shrimati

Sivaprakasam, Shri S.

Sukhdev Prasad, Shri.

Sumitra Gandhi Kulkarni, Shrimati

Surai Prasad, Shri.

Sushila Mansukhlal Desai, Miss

Swaminathan, Shri V, V.

Tanvir, Shri Habib,

Thakur, Shri Gunanand

Tilak, Shri J. S.

Tiwari, Shri Shankerlal

Tiwary, Pt. Bhawaniprasad

Tombi, Shri Salam

Trivedi, Shri H. M.

Tyagi, Shri Mahavir

Untoo, Shri Gulam Nabi

Venigalla Satyanarayana, Shri

Venkataraman, Shri M. R.

Vidyawati Chaturvedi, Shrimati

Villaian, Shri Thillai

Vyas, Dr. M. R.

Wajd, Shri Sikandar Ali

### NOES-Nil

The motion was carried by a majority of the total membership of the House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bhupesh Gupta, are you moving amendment No. 4?

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Yes, Sir, only to make a remark.

Sir, I beg to move:

- 4. "That at page 2, after clause 2, the following new clauses be inserted, namely:—
  - 2A. 'The members of the I.C. S. shall be designated as the I.A.S. (Senior).
  - 2B. The pay scales of the I.C.S. shall be the same as that of the I.A.S. with effect from the 1st day of July, 1972'."

The question was proposed.

SHRI BABUBHAI M. CHINAI: On a point of order. I would like to know from Mr. Bhupesh Gupta and the hon. Minister whether, when they went into the lobby and were discussing, there was a compromise made. I have heard that the Minister was pressing him to withdraw his amendments.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: I was discussing with Mr. Mirdha...

SHRI K. CHANDRASEKHARAN: The honourable Member, ...

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Chandra-sekharan, please sit down.

SHRI K CHANDRASEKHARAN: I think, is a kept opposition.

(Interruptions)

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: I was discussing with the hon. Minister, Mr. Mirdha, how the evil influence in regard to this matter of Shri Babubhai Chinai...

(Interruptions)

SHRI BABUBHAI M. CHINAI: You are hand in glove with them. Everyone knows about it. So the question does not arise. If you want to withdraw your amendment I will consider...

SHRI BUPESH GUPTA: That I will see. Now, since Mr. Babubhai Chinai has

beaten a thorough retreat, I am not interested in it. The only thing I should like to say with regard to this thing is that he has made a remark. That is why I am saying. He said the I.C.S. is no longer applicable. You will find in the telephone directory and on the nameplates of some people it is written as "I.C.S. (Retired)". Therefore, the Government should do something to completely wipe out even the memory of this. Before you call it I.A.S. (Senior) I would suggest this. That is number one

The second point is not very important. But it should come into effect—the rules and other things—not later than the first of July, 1972. I hope Mr. Babubhai Chinai will support it.

SHRI BABUBHAI M. CHINAI: Mr. Chairman, Sir...

MR. CHAIRMAN: No.

SHRI BABUBHAI M. CHINAI: I have a right to speak on the amendment. You cannot say "No" to me, Sir, I am not one of those who want to waste the time of the House and I will never do it. But he has provocated me.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Provocated?

SHRI BABUBHAI M. CHINAI: Provoked. What I want to say is, it is no use flogging a dead horse. We have just a minute before accepted the whole Bill as such. Only these amendments are in the form of vindicativeness and he has said "Let this Class of people be wiped out" in his own language. What I submit is that this class of people have done extremely good service to this country. There is no doubt about it in my mind and, therefore, the question of wiping it out does not arise. I want them to do their service as faithfully as they have done all these years and be of service to the country as long as they are in service.

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: Well, Sir, the amendment is that this Bill should

be brought into operation within a week of its enactment.

MR. CHAIRMAN: No, no, it is clauses 2A and 2B. You have already replied to it

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: I have already replied to it and I have nothing more to add except to say a few words in reply to what Mr. Chinai has said. There is no question of being vindictive to or wiping out any class. In my own speech I have made references to good officers in this Service who have helped the Government in the formulation and implementation of its policies and I have also appealed to the hon. Members not to denigrate a class of officers as a whole There are good elements in it, indifferent ones and bad ones also as admitted by many Members on the other side also. So there is no question of denigrating anybody I hope Mr. Chinai will appreciate what I said.

MR CHAIRMAN: Mr. Gupta, are you withdrawing the amendment?

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: I am a little perturbed by our friend. I say that in view of his bad health, he is losing his balance. I am withdrawing the amendment, otherwise he will die of heart failure.

\*The amendment (No. 4) was, by leave, withdrwan. Clause 3—Ommission of article 3/4.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That clause 3 stand part of the Bill."

The House divided.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Ayes—180. Noes—Nil.

### AYES-180

Abdul Khader, Shri M. S

Abdul Samad, Shri. A. K. A.

Abid, Shri Qasim Ali

Abu Abraham, Shri

Advani, Shri Lal K.

Ahmad, Dr. Z. A.

Alva, Shri Joachim

Amjad Alı, Sardar

Amia, Shri Tirath Ram

Anandam, Shri M.

Anandan, Shri T. V.

Appan, Shri G. A.

Arıf, Shrı Mohammed Usman

Balan, Shri M. C.

Banarsı Das, Shri

Basar, Shri Todak

Berwa, Shri Jamna Lal

Bhagwat Dayal, Shri

Bhagwati, Shri B. C.

Bhardwaj, Shri Jagan Nath

Bhatt, Shri Nand Kishore

Bisi, Shrı P. N.

Bobdey, Shri S. B.

Burgohain, Shri N. C.

Chakrabarti, Dr. R. K.

Chandra Shekhar, Shri

Chandrasekharan, Shri K.

Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Debiprasad

Chettri, Shri K. B.

Choudhury, Shri N. R.

Choudhury, Shri Suhrid Mullick

Das, Shri Bipinpal

Dass, Shri Mahabir

Deshmukh, Shri T. G.

Dikshit, Shri Umashankar

Dutt, Dr. Vidya Prakash

Gadgil, Shri Vithal

Ganguli, Shri, Salil Kumar

Ghosh, Shri Niren

<sup>\*</sup>For text of amendment, vide col. 173 supra.

Goray, Shri N. G

Gowda, Shri U. K. Lakshmana

Gujral, Shri I. K.

Gupta, Shri Bhupesh

Gupta, Shri Shyamlal

Hathi, Shri Jaisukhlal

Himmat Sinh, Shri

Hussain, Shri Syed

Jahanara Jaipal Singh, Shrimati

Jain, Shri A. P.

Jain, Shri Dharam Chand

Jam, Shri Rattan Lal

Jairamdas Daulatram, Shri

Joseph, Shri N.

Joshi Shri Umashanker

Kalania, Shri I. K.

Kamalanathan, Shri M.

Kanchi Kalyanasundaram, Shri

Kapur, Shri Yeshpat

Kaul, Shri B. K.

Kemparaj, Shri B. T.

Kesri, Shri Sitaram

Khan, Shri Magsood Ali

Koya, Shri B. V. Abdulla

Krishan Kant, Shri

Krishnan, Shri N. K.

Krishnaswamy, Shri K. A.

Kulkarnı, Shrı A. G.

Kulkarnı, Shrı B. T.

Kumaran, Shri S.

Kumbhare, Shri N. H.

Lakshmi Kumari Chundawat, Shrimati

Madani, Shri M. Asad

Mahantı, Shri B. K.

Mahavır, Dr. Bhai

Mahida, Shri U. N.

Majhi, Shri C. P.

Malaviya, Shri Harsh Deo

Mali, Shri Ganesh Lal

Maragatham Chandrasekhar, Shrimatı

Mathew Kurian, Dr. K.

Mathur, Shri Jagdish Prasad

Mehta, Shri Om

Menon, Shri Balachandra

Menon, Shri K. P. Subramania

Mirdha, Shri Ram Niwas

Mohammad, Chaudhary A.

Mohan, Shri V. R.

Mohideen, Shri S. A. Khaja

Mukherjee, Shri Kalı

Mukherjee, Shri Pranab Kumar

Mulla, Shri A. N.

Munda, Shri B. R.

Murahari, Shri Godey

Murthy, Shri B. P. Nagaraja

Musafir, Shri Gurumukh Singh

Nair, Shri G. Gopinathan

Nandini Satpathy, Shrimati

Natasiah, Shri H. S.

Narayanappa, Shri Sar da

Narayani Devi Manaklal Varma, Shrimati

Nawai Kishore, Shri

Nurul Hasan, Prof S

Oberoi, Shri M. S.

Pai, Shri T. A.

Panda, Shri Brahmananda

Parashar, Shri V. R.

Patel, Shri D. K.

Patel, Shri T. K.

Patil, Shri G. R.

Patil, Shri Veerendra

Pawar, Shri D. Y.

Prasad, Shri Bhola

Prasad, Shri L. L. N.

Pratibha Singh, Shrimatı

Purabi Mukhopadhyay, Shrimati

Puttappa, Shri Patil

Raha, Shri Sanat Kumar

Raju, Shri V. B.

Ramaswamy, Shri K. S.

Ramiah, Dr. K.

Rao, Shri Katragadda Srinivas

Rathnabai Sreenivasa Rao, Shrimati

Reddy, Shri Janardhana

Reddy, Shri K. V. Rughunatha

Red dy, Shri M. Srinivasa

Reddy, Shri Mulka Govinda

Refaye, Shri A. K.

Roshan Lal, Shri

Roy, Shri Kalyan

Roy, Shri Monoranjan

Sangma, Shri E. M.

Sanyal, Shri Sasankasekhar

Saraswati Pradhan, Shrimati

Sardesai, Shri. S. G.

Saroj Purushottam Khaparde, Miss

Satyavati Dang, Shrimati

Savita Behen, Shrimati

Schamnad, Shri Hamid Ali

Sen, Dr. Triguna

Sen Gupta, Shri Dwijendralal

Shah, Shri Manubhai

Shilla, Shri Showaless K.

Shishir Kumar, Shri

Shukla, Shri M. P.

Shya mkumari Devi, Shrimati

Singh, Shri Bindeshwarı Pd.

Singh, Shri D. P.

Singh. Shri Inder

Singh, Shri M. B.

Singh, Shri Mohan

Singh, Shri Ranbir

Singh, Shri Sitaram

Singh, Shri Sultan

Singh, Shri Triloki

Singh, Dr. V. B.

Sinha, Shri Awadheshwar Prasad

Sinha, Shri Ganga Sharan

Sisodia, Shri Swaisingh

Sita Devi, Shrimati

Sivaprakasam, Shri S.

[RAJYA SABHA]

Sukhdev Prasad, Shri

Sumitra Gandhi Kulkarni, Shrimati

Suraj Prasad, Shri

Sushila Mansukhlal Desai, Miss

Swaminathan, Shri V. V.

Tanvir, Shri Habib

Thakur. Shri Gunanand

Tilok, Shri J. S.

Tiwari, Shri Shankarlal

Tiwary, Pt. Bhawaniprasad

Tombi, Shri Salam

Trivedi, Shri H. M.

Tyagi, Shri Mahavir

Untoo, Shri Gulam Nabi

Venigalla Satyanarayana, Shri

Venkataraman, Shri M. R.

Vidyawati Chaturvedi, Shrimati

Villalan, Shri Thillai

Vyas, Dr. M. R.

Wajd, Shri Sikandar Ali

# NOES-NIL

The motion was carried by a majority of the total membership of the House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting.

Clause 3 was added to the Bill.

Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Gupta.

# SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: I move:

1. "That at page 1, after line 6, the following proviso be inserted, namely:

Provided that the date shall be appointed within one week of the enactment of the Act."

The question was proposed.

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: Regarding the amendment proposed by the Member, the Government has no desire to delay this but it will take some time because this Bill will be required to be approved by not less than half of the State Legislatures before the Bill is presented to the President for his assent. Because we are making an amendment of that nature, therefore, it will take some time and the moment this procedure is over, and the President has assented to this, we will bring it into effect as early as possible.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: What about retrospectively?

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: That was not in this clause but in the other one. It is not possible to make it retrospective because there are many service conditions like leave, retirement etc. which cannot be changed retrospectively. Retrospective change of certain conditions would not be possible. Therefore it should be left to the Government which conditions it wants to change retrospectively and which prospectively. We have taken powers for both. The hon. Member must bear in mind that there will be a lot of difficulties.

\*The amendment (No. 1) was, by leave, withdrawn.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is-

"That Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title stand part of the Bill."

The House divided

MR. CHAIRMAN: Ayes—185, Noes—Nil.

AYES-185

Abdul Khader, Shri M. S. Abdul Samad, Shri A. K. A.

Abid, Shri Qasim Ali

Abu Abraham, Shri Advani, Shri Lal K. Ahmad, Dr. Z. A. Alva, Shri Joachim Amjad Ali, Sardar Amla, Shri Triath Ram Anandan, Shri M. Anandad, Shri T. V. Appan, Shri G. A. Arif, Shri Mohammed Usman Balan, Shri M. C. Banarsi Das, Shri Basar, Shri Todak Berwa, Shri Jamna Lal Bhagwat Dayal, Shri Bhagwati, Shri B. C. Bhardwaj, Shri Jagan Nath Bhatt, Shri Nand Kishore Bisi, Shri P. N. Bobdey, Shri S. B. Burgohain, Shri N. C. Chakrabarti, Dr. R. K. Chandra Shekhar, Shri Chandrasekharan, Shri K. Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Debiprasad Chettri, Shri K. B. Choudhury, Shri N. R. Choudhury, Shri Suhrid Mullick Das, Shri Balram Das, Shri Bipinpal Dass, Shri Mahabir Deshmukh, Shri T. G. Dikshit, Shri Umashankar Dutt, Dr. Vidya Prakash Gadgil, Shri Vithal Ganguli, Shri Salil Kumar Ghosh, Shri Niren Goray, Shri N. G. Gowda, Shri U. K. Lakshmana

Gujral, Shri I. K.

For text of amendment, vide col.
 180 supra.

Gupta, Shri Bhupesh

Gupta, Shri Shyamlal

Hathi, Shri Jaisukhlal

Himmat Sinh, Shri

Hussain, Shri Sved

Jahanara Jaipal Singh, Shrimati

Jain, Shri A. P.

Jain, Shri Dharam Chand

Jain, Shri Rattan Lal

Jairamdas Daulatram, Shri

Joseph, Shri N.

Joshi, Shri Umashanker

Kalania, Shri I. K.

Kamalanathan, Shri M.

Kanchi Kalyanasundaram, Shri

Kapur, Shri Yeshpal

Kaul, Shri B. K.

Kemparaj, Shri B. T.

Kesri, Shri Sitaram

Khan, Shri Maqsood Ali

Koya, Shri B. V. Abdulla

Krishan Kant, Shri

Krishnan, Shri N. K.

Krishnaswamy, Shri K. A.

Kulkarni, Shri A. G.

Kulkarni, Shri B. T.

Kumaran, Shri S.

Kumbhare, Shri N. H.

Lakshmi Kumari Chundawat, Sharimati

Madani, Shri M. Asad

Mahanti, Shri B. K.

Mahavir, Dr. Bhai

Mahida, Shri U. N.

Majhi, Shri C. P.

Malaviya, Shri Harsh Deo

Mali, Shri Ganesh Lal

Mandal, Shri B. N.

Maragatham Chandrasekhar, Shrimati

Mathew Kurian, Dr. K.

Mathur, Shri Jagdish Prasad

Mehta, Shri Om

Menon, Shri Balachandra

Menon, Shri K. P. Subramania

Mirdha, Shri Ram Niwas

Mohammad, Chaudhary A.

Mohan, Shri V. R.

Mohideen, Shri S. A. Khaja

Mukherjee, Shri Kali

Mukherjee, Shri Pranab Kumar

Mulla, Shri A. N.

Munda, Shri B. R.

Murahari, Shri Godey

Murthy, Shri B. P. Nagaraja

Musafir, Shri Gurumukh Singh

Nair, Shri G. Gopinathan

Nandini Satpathy, Shrimati

Narasiah, Shri H. S.

Narayanappa, Shri Sanda

Narayani Devi Manaklal Varma, Shrimati

Nawal Kishore, Shri

Nurul Hasan, Prof. S.

Oberoi, Shri M. S.

Pai, Shri T. A.

Panda, Shri Brahmananda

Parashar, Shri V. R.

Patel, Shri D. K.

Patel, Shri T. K.

Patil, Shri G. R.

Patil, Shri P. S.

Patil, Shri Veerendra

Pawar, Shri D. Y.

Prasad, Shri Bhola

Prasad, Shri K. L. N.

Pratibha Singh, Shrimati

Prem Manohar, Shri

Purabi Mukhopadhyay, Shrimati

Puri, Shri Dev Datt

Puttappa, Shri Patil

Raha, Shri Sanat Kumar

Raju, Shri V. B.

Ramaswamy, Shri K. S.

Ramiah, Dr. K.

Rao, Shri Katragadda Srinivas

Rathnabai Sreenivasa Rao, Shrimati

Constitution (Twenty-eighth

Reddy, Shri Janardhana

Reddy, Shri K. V. Raghunatha

Reddy, Shri M. Srinivasa

Reddy, Shri Mulka Govinda

Refave, Shri A. K.

Roshan Lal, Shri

Roy, Shri Kalvan

Roy, Shri Monoranjan

Sangma, Shri E. M

Sanyal, Shri Sasankasekhar

Saraswati Pradhan, Shrimati

Sardesai, Shri S. G.

Saroj Purushottam Khaparde, Miss

Satyavati Dang, Shrimati

Savita Behen, Shrimati

Sen, Dr. Triguna

Sen Gupta, Shrı Dwijendralal

Shah, Shri Manubhai

Shilla, Shri Showaless K.

Shishir Kumar, Shri

Shukla, Shri M. P.

Shyamkumari Devi, Shrimati

Singh, Shri Bindeshwari Pd.

Singh, Shri D. P.

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Singh, Shri M. B.

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Singh, Shri Ranbir

Singh, Shri Sitaram

Singh, Shri Sultan

Singh, Shri Triloki

Singh, Dr. V. B.

Sinha, Shri Awadheshwar Prasad

Sinha, Shri Ganga Sharan

Sisodia, Shri Swaisingh

Sita Devi, Shrimati

Sivaprakasam, Shri S.

Sukhdev Prasad, Shri

Sumitra Gandhi Kulkarni, Shrimati

Suraj Prasad, Shri

Sushila Mansukhlal Desai, Miss

Swaminathan, Shri V. V.

Tanvir, Shri Habib

Thakur, Shri Gunanand

Tilak, Shri J. S.

Tiwari, Shri Shankarlal

Tiwary, Pt. Bhawaniprasad

Tombi, Shri Balam

Trivedi, Shri H. M.

Tyagi, Shri Mahavir

Untoo, Shri Gulam Nabi

Varma, Shri Man Singh

Venigalla Satyanarayana, Shri

Venkataraman, Shri M. R.

Vidyawati Chaturvedi, Shrimati

Villalan, Shri Thillai

Vyas, Dr. M R.

Wajd, Shri Sikandar Ali

## Noes-Nil

The motion was carried by a majority of the total membership of the House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting.

Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title were added to the Bill.

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA: Sir, I move--

"That the Bill be passed."

The question was proposed.

SHRI G. A. APPAN: Mr. Chairman, Sir. . . .

MR. CHAIRMAN: I have not called you. I have called Mr. Nawal Kishore.

श्री नवल किशोर (उत्तर प्रदेश):
सभापित जी, यह कांस्टीट्यूशन प्रमेन्डमेन्ट
बिल बड़ी खूबसूरती के साथ भ्रीर करीबकरीब सवंसम्मित से पास हुम्रा, यह बड़ी
खुशी की बात है। मुक्ते मिरघा साहब से
एक-दो दरखवास्ते करनी हैं। एक तो यह कि
इस विधेयक की मन्शा, जहां तक मैं समका,
कोई विन्डिक्टिंग्ड होने की मन्शा नहीं है,
केवल एक चेन्जिंग सोशल भ्रार्डर में जो
चीजें एनाक्रानिज्म है, उनको हटाने की बात
है। मगर, श्रीमन्, श्री भूपेश गुप्त की बातों
से ऐसा लगा कि उनका एटीट्यूड विन्डिक्टिंग्ह है। मैं इसको बहुत उचित नहीं
समक्तता।

निरधा साहव से मुक्ते एक बात यह भी कहनी है कि जिस समय आप कांत्रिहेन्सिब बिल लाए—वैसे तो मैं जानता हूं कि जो भूपेश गृप्त कहेंगे उसी को आप मानेंगे— फिर भी मेहरवानी करके यह इम्प्रेशन न दें कि गवर्मेन्ट का कोई विन्डिक्टिब्ह या रिजिड एटीट्यूड है। किसी आफिसर के या सर्विस्त्र के खिलाफ।

श्रीमन्, कुछ दिनों से मैं देख रहा हूँ इस हाऊस में सरकार की ग्रौर भूपेश गुप्त की एक मिली हुई कुश्ती होती है, जो बातें मिनिस्टर साहब नहीं कहना चाहते हैं, खुद उनके क्वेश्चन कराए जाते हैं इधर से ग्रौर फिर जवाब दिया जाता है। कौन मिनिस्टर रखा जाए कैंबिनेट में, कौन नही रखा जाए, श्रीमन्, मुफे इसमें कोई ग्रापत्ति नहीं है, गवर्मेन्ट हर बात मे भूपेश गुप्त को कन्सस्ट करे इसमें मुफे कोई ग्रापत्ति नहीं है।

श्रीसमापति: श्राप विल के रेलवेन्स में बात कहें तो ग्रच्छा हो।

श्री नवल किशोर : I never talk out of the point. I will have my say. SHRI KALI MUKHERJEE (West Bengal): Mr. Bhupesh Gupta is not on the agenda; the Bill is on the agenda.

SHRI NAWAL KISHORE: I am speaking on the agenda. Don't teach me what I am to say.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Is the Bill related to Bhupesh Gupta?

SHRI NAWAL KISHORE: Yes, it is so. Not only the Bill, even the Government is related to Mr. Bhupesh Gupta.

तो श्रीमन्, मैं यह कहना चाहता था कि गवर्मेंन्ट हर बात भूपेश गुप्त से पूछ कर हर काम करे, मगर मेहरबानी करके यह श्राप हाऊस के बाहर ही करें तो ज्यादा श्रच्छा है, इस हाऊस के श्रंदर उसका डिमान्सट्रेशन न हो, हमारा टाइम खराब न हो, इतना ही निवेदन करना है।

MR. CHAIRMAN: You wanted to say something, Mr. Appan. Take one minute only.

SHRI G. A. APPAN (Tamil Nadu) 1 Mr. Chairman, Sir, the House seems to be very very jubilant to pass this Bill. have voted for the Bill and people feel it is very verv happy for them. worked under some four or five ICS officers I honestly feel that the services of ICS officers, their character, their morals, their standards, their proficiency, their performance have been second to 1 P. M. none. Except for one or two cases of ICS officers, who have removed, the others have worked well. My friend, Mr. Bhupesh Gupta, seems to say that the implementation of this should come within a week. What is it? He is a Barrister. As a Barrister he does not

MR CHAIRMAN: All right,

approval of the States also.

know that it has to go to and get the

SHRIG. A. APPAN: I tell you these ICS officers are a handful now. If they are to be ranked with the present IAS officers, it will be comparing the goats with the sheep or the bullocks with the cows. Mr. Chairman, Sir, I tell you, at least please give them an option to leave their job. I would rather request the ICS officers to go away from their job, rather than subject themselves to this harassment. I have voted for it. I feel that there should be socialism. It should be socialism for us, not Rs. 1001 for the IAS people and ICS people and Rs. 3,000 or Rs. 4,000 for the people in charge of these undertakings.

#### MR CHAIRMAN. Please conclude

SHRIG. A. APPAN: If the service conditions of these people are to be curbed, it could be done only by the person who appointed the n, not by a second or thud party. In these circumstances, 1 ieel that sufficient honour and respect should be accorded to the ICS people.

DR K. MATHEW KURIAN (Kerala). this is your personal view.

SHRIG. A. APPAN: This is my personal view. I have voted and we have voted for it.

SHRIMATI PURABI MUKHOPA-DHYAY (West Bengal): Mr. Chairman, Sir, I congratulate, on behalf of the party, Shri Bhupesh Gupta for raising this issue in this House. On several occasions he impressed upon the Government the need for bringing forward this Bill and I am grateful to Shri Bhupesh Gupta for drawing the attention of the Government to this.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That the Bill be passed."

The house divided

MR. CHAIRMAN: Ayes-188; Noes Nil.

### **AYES-188**

Abdul Khader, Shri M. S. Abdul Samad, Shri A. K. A. Abid, Shri Qasım Ali Abu Abraham, Shri Advanı, Shrı Lal K. Ahmad, Shri Sved Ahmad, Dr. Z. A. Alva. Shri Joachim Amjad Alı, Sardar Amla, Shri Tirath Ram Anandam, Shri M. Anandan, Shri T. V. Appan, Shri G. A. Arif, Shri Mohammed Usman Balan, Shri M C. Banarsı Das, Shri Basar, Shri Todak Berwa, Shri Jamna Lai Bhagwat Dayal, Shri Bhagwati, Shri B. C. Bhardwaj, Shri Jagan Nath Bhatt, Shri Nand Kishore Bisi, Shri P. N. Bobdey, Shri S. B. Burgohain, Shri N. C. Chakrabarti, Dr. R. K. Chandra Shekhar, Shri Chandrasckharan, Shri K. Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Debiprasad Chettri, Shri K. B. Choudhury, Shri N. R. Choudhury, Shri Suhrid Mullick Das, Shri Balram Das, Shri Bipinpal Dass, Shri Mahabir Deshmukh, Shri T. G. Dikshit, Shii Umashankar Dutt, Dr. Vidya Prakash

Gadgil, Shri Vithal

Ganguli, Shri Salil Kumar

Ghosh, Shri Niren

Goray, Shri N. G.

Gowda, Shri U. K. Lak shmana

Guiral, Shri I. K.

Gupta, Shri Bhupesh

Gupta, Shri Shyamlal

Hathi, Shri Jaisukhlal

Himmat Sinh, Shri

Hussain, Shri Syed

Jahanara Jaipal Singh, Shrimati

Jain, Shri A. P.

Jain, Shri Dharam Chand

Jain, Shri Rattan Lal

Jairamdas Daulatram, Shri

Joseph, Shri N.

Joshi, Shri Umashanker

Kalania, Shri I. K.

Kamalanathan, Shri M.

Kanchi Kalyanasundaram, Shri

Kapur, Shri Yeshpal

Kaui, Shri B, K.

Kemparaj, Shri B. T.

Kesri, Shri Sitaram

Khan, Shri Maqsood Ali

Koya, Shri B. V. Abdulla

Krishan Kant, Shri

Krishnan, Shri N. K.

Krishanaswamy, Shri K. A.

Kulkarni, Shri A. G.

Kulkarni, Shri B. T.

Kumaran, Shri S.

Kumbhare, Shri N. H.

Lakshmi Kumari Chundawat, Shrimati

Madeni, Shri M. Asad

Mahanti, Shri B. K.

Mahavir, Dr. Bhai

Mahida, Shri U. N.

Majhi, Shri C. P.

Malaviya, Shri Harsh Deo

Mali, Shri Ganesh Lal

Mandal, Shri B. N.

Maragatham Chandrasekhar, Shrimati

Mathew Kurian, Dr. K.

Mathur, Shri Jagdish Prasad

Mehta, Shri Om

Menon, Shri Balachandra

Menon, Shri K. P. Subramania

Mirdha, Shri Ram Niwas

Mohammad, Chaudhary A.

Mohan, Shri V. R.

Mohideen, Shri S. A. Khaja

Mukherjee, Shri Kali

Mukherjee, Shri Pranab Kumar

Mulla, Shri A. N.

Munda, Shri B. R.

Murahari, Shri Godey

Murthy, Shri B. P. Nagaraja

Musafir, Shri Gurumukh Singh

Nair, Shri G. Gopinathan

Nandini Satpathy, Shrimati

Narasiah, Shri H. S.

Narayanappa, Shri Sanda

Narayani Devi Manaklal Varma, Shrimati

Nawal Kishore, Shri

Nurul Hasan Prof. S.

Oberoi, Shri M. S.

Pai. Shri T. A.

Panda, Shri Brahmananda

Parashar, Shri V. R.

Patel, Shri D. K.

Patel, Shri T. K.

Patil, Shri G. R.

Patil Shri P. S.

Pawar, Shri D. Y.

Prasad, Shri Bhola

Prasad, Shri K. L. N.

Pratibha Singh, Shrimatı

Prem Manohar, Shri

Purabi Mukhopadhyay, Shrimati

Puri, Shri Dev Datt

Puttappa, Shri Patil

Raha, Shri Sanat Kumar

Raju, Shri V. B.

Ramaswamy, Shri K. S.

Ramiah, Dr. K.

Rao, Shri Katragadda Srinivas

Rathnabai Sreenivasa Rao, Shrimati

Reddi, Shri Papi

Reddy. Shri Janardhana

Reddy, Shri K. V. Raghunatha

Reddy, Shri M. Srinivasa

Reddy, Shri Mulka Govinda

Refaye, Shri A. K.

Roshan Lal, Shri

Roy, Shri Kalyan

Roy, Shri Monoranjan

Sangma, Shri E. M.

Sanyal, Shri Sasankasekhar

Saraswati Pradhan, Shrimati

Sardesai, Shri S. G.

Saroj Purushottam Khaparde, Miss.

Satyavati Dang, Shrimati

Savita Behen, Shrimati

Schamnad, Shri Hamid Ali

Sen, Dr. Triguna

Sen Gupta, Shri Dwijendralal

Shah, Shri Manubhai

Shilla, Shri Showaless K.

Shishir Kumar, Shri

Shukla, Shri M. P.

Shyamkumari Devi, Shrimati

Singh, Shri Bhupinder

Singh, Shri Bindeshwari Pd.

Singh, Shri D. P.

Singh, Shri Inder

Singh, Shri M. B.

Singh, Shri Mohan

Singh, Shri Ranbir

Singh, Shri Sitaram

Singh, Shri Sultan

Singh Shri Triloki

Singh, Dr. V. B.

Sinha, Shri Awadheshwar Prasad

Sinha, Shri Ganga Sharan

Sisodia, Shri Swaisingh

Sita Devi, Shrimati

Sivaprakasam, Shri S.

Sukhdev Prasad, Shri

Sumitra Gandhi Kulkarni, Shrimati

Suraj Prasad, Shri

Sushila Mansukhlal Desai, Miss

Swaminathan, Shri V. V.

Tanvır, Shri Habib

Thakur, Shri Gunanand

Tilak Shri J. S,

Tiwari, Shri Shankarlal

Tiwary, Pt. Bhawaniprasad

Tombi, Shri Salam

Trivedi, Shri H. M.

Tyagi, Shri Mahavir

Untoo, Shri Gulam Nabi

Varma, Shri Man Singh

Venigalla Satyanarayana, Shri

Venkataraman, Shri M. R.

Vidyawati Chaturvedi, Shrimati

Villalan, Shri Thillai

Vyas, Dr. M. R.

Wajd, Shri Sikandar Ali

### NOES-NIL

The motion was carried by a majority of the total membership of the House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Now, the other Constitution (Amendment) Bill will be taken up at 2.30 P. M. One hour is allotted for the entire proceedings. Therefore,

Members should be present at the proper time.

The House stands adjourned till 2.30 P. M.

The House then adjourned for lunch at nine minutes past one of the clock.

The House reassembled after lunch at half past two of the clock, MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN in the Chair.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: We now take up the Constitution (Twentyninth Amendment) Bill, 1972.

# THE CONSTITUTION (TWENTY-NINTH AMENDMENT) BILL, 1972

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE AND PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI H. R. GOKHALE): Mr. Deputy Chairman, Sir, with your permission I beg to move:

"That the Bill further to amend the Constitution of India, as passed by the Lok Sabha, be taken into consideration."

SHRI MAHAVIR TYAGI (Uttar Pradesh): On a point of order, Since the establishment of this Parliament it has been a convention that an extract of whatever is proposed to be amended is always given in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, and whatever is to be added is also quoted. In this Bill we are blindfoldedly expected to pass the Bill to change the Constitution and include certain Bills passed by the Kerala State Government without knowing what that Bill is. Sir, the copies of the Bill ought to have been circulated to members so that with our conscience we could go through and see that this Bill deserves to be included in the Schedule.

Sir, in the Statement of Objects and Reasons there are certain points which have struck me. It is mentioned that:

> "Certain crucial provisions of the principal Acts as amended were chellenged in the High Court of Kerala and in the Supreme Court, creating a climate of uncertainty in the effective implementation of land reforms."

We are in favour of protecting the recommendations of the Kerala High Court.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: What is the point of order?

SHRI MAHAVIR TYAGI: It is not that we are opposed to the Bill. We support the Bill. But let at least our conscience be clear. Let us know what we are doing about the Schedule. These are important issues. Naturally, we are interested to know what were the points on which the High Court gave the ruling?

Further it says:

"Although the High Court of Kerala has generally upheld the scheme of land reforms envisaged in the principal Act as amended, a few vital provisions have been struck down by the High Court."

What are those vital provisions which have been struck down? We should know that. They ought to have been given to us, if not the original Bill. The hon'ble Minister could give us a number of important rulings so that we could understand whatever we are passing is fully justified.

There is another mention. It says:-

"It is also apprehended that certain observations of the Supreme Court in the judgements might open the floodgates of litigation much to the detriment of thousands of Kudikidappukars in the State..."