

(c) Yes.

(d) The National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) seeks to provide accessible, affordable and quality health care to the rural population, especially the vulnerable section with special focus on 18 States, including the erstwhile 8 Empowered Action Group (EAG) States, the north-Eastern States, Jammu and Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh.

The Emphasis is on strengthening rural health infrastructure including physical infrastructure, manpower and other facilities.

Under the NRHM the Reproductive and Child Health Programme (RCH) II comprehensively integrates interventions that improve child health and addresses factors contributing to morbidity and mortality.

The key components of child health programme which help reduce child morbidity and mortality are as follows:—

- Establishment of Special Newborn Care Units, Newborn Stabilization Units and Newborn Care Corners at health facilities
- Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) and Pre-Service Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)
- Facility Based Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses (IMNCI).
- Early detection and appropriate management of Diarrhoeal disease
- Early detection and appropriate management of Acute Respiratory Infections and other infections
- Navjaat Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (NSSK), a programme for Basic newborn care and resuscitation
- Infant and young child feeding
- Immunization
- Vitamin A supplementation and Iron and Folic Acid supplementation
- Establishment of Nutritional Rehabilitation Centres.

#### **Measures to control spread of AIDS**

3035. SHRI RAASHID ALVI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of patients of AIDS and HIV in the country in last ten years; and

(b) what steps are being taken to control the spread of the disease?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DINESH TRIVEDI): (a) The total number of patients of AIDS and HIVs in the country in last ten years is as below:—

Year	Estimated No. of PLHA
2000	2410335
2001	2518263
2002	2581733
2003	2608355
2004	2605472
2005	2580155
2006	2539430
2007	2490939
2008	2441645
2009	2395444

(b) Under National AIDS Control Programme (NACP)-III a number of interventions have been undertaken to control the spread of this disease. This includes condom Promotion, Targeted Interventions for high risk group, IEC activities including Red Ribbon Express to spread awareness about the diseases, Counseling and HIV Testing Prevention of Parent to Child Transmission, measures for Blood Safety, treatment of Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) and provision of Anti-Retroviral Therapy (ART) and treatment of Opportunistic Infections (OI). With these interventions, Adult HIV prevalence has shown a decline from 0.41% in 2002 to 0.31% in 2009.

#### **New technologies and equipments for PHCs**

3036. SHRI MANGALA KISAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) when were the Indian Public Health Standard (IPHS) guidelines for subcentres, Primary Health Centres (PHCs) coming under the purview of National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) last revised since 2006;

(b) whether Government is aware that several new technologies and latest medical equipment needs to be provided to PHCs to make them more effective;