

and to accelerate the progress to achieve the MDG goals. Under this programme, the steps taken by the Government to reduce maternal mortality are:

1. Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY), a conditional cash transfer scheme to promote Institutional Delivery with a special focus on Below Poverty Line (BPL) and SC/ST pregnant women. The scheme has brought about significant increases in institutional delivery.
2. Operationalizing Community Health Centres as First Referral Units (FRUs) and Primary Health Centres (24X7) for round the clock maternal care services, including Ante-natal, Intra-natal and Post-natal care.
3. Augmenting the availability of skilled manpower by means of different skill- based trainings such as Skilled Birth Attendant; training of MBBS Doctors in Life Saving Anesthetic Skills and Emergency Obstetric Care including Caesarean Section.
4. Provision of Ante-natal and Post Natal Care services including prevention and treatment of Anemia by supplementation with Iron and Folic Acid tablets during pregnancy and lactation. If a tablets are distributed to pregnant and lactating woman through the Sub-Centre ANMs and through outreach activities at Village Health and Nutrition Days (VHNDs).
5. Referral systems including emergency referral transport, for which the states have been given flexibility to use different models of referral transport to improve access to health facilities and reduce delay in seeking health care.
6. Appointment of an Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA) for every 1000 population to facilitate accessing of health care services by the community;

Abnormal surge in dengue cases in Delhi

93. SHRI JAI PRAKASH NARAYAN SINGH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that South Delhi is the worst-affected with large number of dengue cases reported during the last six months;

(b) if so, how many dengue cases have been reported in South Delhi and other parts of Delhi during the last six months - both in Government and Private Hospitals/nursing homes;

(c) the reasons for abnormal surge of dengue cases in Delhi; and

(d) the steps Government proposes to take to ensure that next year dengue is totally eradicated from the National Capital?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DINESH TRIVEDI): (a) and (b) No. Out of total 5543 dengue cases reported in NCT of Delhi during last six months, 557 cases were reported from South Delhi. The zone-wise dengue cases reported from government and private hospitals/nursing homes in Delhi during the last six months are given in Statement (*See below*).

(c) Dengue infection is endemic in Delhi. The transmission of dengue is greatly influenced by mosquitogenic conditions. Large scale construction activities and extended spell of monsoon and more than average rainfall in Delhi in 2010 contributed to extensive breeding of *Aedes Aegypti* mosquitoes which resulted in more intense transmission of dengue infection in Delhi as compared to previous years.

(d) The most effective measure for the containment of dengue infection is source reduction *i.e.* prevention of breeding of mosquitoes and elimination of breeding sites from high risk areas through anti larval measures. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare will keep working with the Delhi Government, Municipal Corporation of Delhi (MCD) and New Delhi Municipal Council (NDMC) for implementing these measures more vigorously during next year including comprehensive Behaviour Change Communication (BCC) activities.

Statement

Zone-wise dengue cases reported from government and private hospitals/nursing homes in Delhi during the last six months

Sl.No.		May	June	July	August	September	October (till 31st)	Total
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Shahdara (N)	0	0	3	93	194	428	718
2	Shahdara (S)	0	0	0	38	162	227	427
3	Civil Line	0	0	3	103	313	190	609

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	Rohini	0	0	5	90	283	330	708
5	City	0	0	1	8	39	41	89
6	Sadar Pahar Ganj	0	0	2	17	53	64	136
7	Karol Bagh	0	0	0	36	90	171	297
8	West	0	0	0	46	266	267	579
9	Central	0	0	3	144	225	.98	470
10	South	0	0	9	151	308	89	557
11	Narela	0	0	0	15	61	106	182
12	Najafgarh	0	0	0	34	143	161	338
13	NDMC	0	0	11	90	145	58	304
14	Delhi Cant	0	0	1	4	59	5	69
15	Railways	0	0	0	3	7	6	16
16	Airport Authority of India	0	0	0	2	4	0	6
17	Address not traceable	0	0	2	2	5	0	9
18	Others states	0	1	11	9	3	5	29
TOTAL		0	1	51	885	2360	2246	5543

Assistance to Rajasthan under free immunization scheme

†94. SHRI ASHK ALI TAK: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of vaccines and the amount made available to Rajasthan during 2009-10 by the Central Government under free immunization scheme to protect the newly born children from serious diseases;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.