

than national Gross Enrolment Ratio, are in minority concentration districts. Similarly out of 57 minority concentration districts eligible for polytechnics 36 districts have already been covered under the Sub-Mission on polytechnics.

Closure of SMEs

3522. DR. K.V.P. RAMACHANDRA RAO: Will the Minister of MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that about 4,80,000 small and medium enterprises were closed during the last five years period;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether it is also a fact that this sector contributes about 8 per cent to the GDP; and
- (d) if so, the steps being taken to create and strengthen institutions for development of micro, small and medium enterprises?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES (SHRI DINSHA J. PATEL): (a) and (b) Information on the number of registered and unregistered Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises in the country is at present assessed through periodic conduct of All India Census for the sector. The latest All India Census of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) was conducted with reference year 2006-2007. As per the 'Quick Results: Fourth All India Census of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises 2006-2007', the number of closed Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises in the country are 4.81 lakhs. The details are given in the Statement (See below).

(c) and (d) The share of the MSME sector in Gross Domestic Product(GDP) of the country during 2007-08 (latest available) is estimated at 8 %. The Government is conscious of the vital contribution of the MSME sector in the GDP of the country and has set up an elaborate institutional mechanism both at the central and state level for facilitating the growth of the sector. At the central level, the Ministry of MSME implements plans and programmes for the development of the sector through its attached offices and autonomous bodies/institutions such as Office of Development Commissioner (Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises), Khadi & Village Industries Commission (KVIC), Coir Board, National Small Industry Corporation (NSIC) etc, each of which has a wide

network of field offices in different parts of the country. The Government has also set up Small Industry Development Bank of India (SIDBI), which is the apex institution for catering to the credit needs of the MSME sector. At the State level, the Government assists the growth of the sector through the State Industry/Small Industry Department and its field outfit at the district level (District Industries Centre). There is also a plethora of other institutions/organizations at the state level such as State Financial Corporation, State Small Industry Development Corporation, State Industrial Infrastructure Development Corporation, State Industrial Technical Consultancy Bureau, Entrepreneurship Development Institute etc. to help and promote the development of the sector. The Government continuously reviews the performance of these institutions/organizations and strengthens their activities through new schemes and programmes and expansion of the network with the objective of increasing their efficacy for promotion and development of the MSME sector.

Statement

State-wise distribution of closed MSMEs as on 31.03.2007

Sl.No.	Name of the State/UT	Number of enterprises closed down as on 31.03.2007
1	2	3
1	Jammu & Kashmir	2313
2	Himachal Pradesh	3883
3	Punjab	22072
4	Chandigarh	513
5	Uttarakhand	7485
6	Haryana	10655
7	Delhi	408
8	Rajasthan	15950
9	Uttar Pradesh	75659
10	Bihar	15136
11	Sikkim	86

1	2	3
12	Arunachal Pradesh	167
13	Nagaland	2256
14	Manipur	929
15	Mizoram	657
16	Tripura	412
17	Meghalaya	665
18	Assam	5919
19	West Bengal	8881
20	Jharkhand	4577
21	Orissa	5310
22	Chhattisgarh	15088
23	Madhya Pradesh	35082
24	Gujarat	33228
25	Daman & Diu	789
26	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1309
27	Maharashtra	37525
28	Andhra Pradesh	13370
29	Karnataka	42315
30	Goa	3224
31	Lakshadweep	25
32	Kerala	34418
33	Tamil Nadu	79778
34	Puducherry	621
35	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	241
ALL INDIA		4,80,946