हम रं: िक:इनरीज भी एक साथ नहीं इस्टै-ब्लिंग हुई हैं, वे शाँ: शनै: बनी हैं और उनके लिए अभी काफी कुछ करना बाकी है। हमारी रिफाइनरीज भी धीरे घीरे इस्टैब्लिश हो रही हैं और हम टैकर्स का फ्लीट भी घीरे धीरे बढ़ा रहे हैं।

UPLIFT OF BACKWARD CLASSES IN RAJASTHAN

*364. SHRI M. K. MOHTA: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WELFARE / शिक्षा और समाज कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) the total amount allocated to the Rajasthan State for the uplift of backward Classes during the last three years;
 - (b) the amount spent; and
- (c) the reasons for non-utilisation of the full amount allocated.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WELFARE/ शिक्षा और समाज कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (PROF. S. NURUL HASAN) : (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

STATEMENT

So far as the Centrally Sponsored Programme for the Welfare of Backward Classes is concerned the position is as follows:—

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year		Allocation	Expenditure	
1968-69		46.40	45.47	
1969-70		43.55	37.90	
1970-71	•	34.00	31.94	
•				

The shortfalls are due to the following reasons:—

(i) Under the Post-matric scholarships scheme, the expenditure reached at 1968-69 level is borne by

- the State Government from their non-Plan budget. The excess over this is met from the Central funds. During 1969-70 . the State Government had shown more outlays in their non-Plan budget than what they should have provided. This resulted in less expenditure being booked from Central Plan outlays.
- (ii) The State Government did not utilise the full Plan outlays on the schemes of Tribal Development Blocks and Cooperation.
- (iii) The State Government did not start the Pre-examination Training Centre for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Consequently the Plan outlays for this scheme remained unutilised.

SHRI M. K. MOHTA: May I ask the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that on the 30th July, 1971, in reply to a similar question in the Lok Sabha, the figures were given as follows:—

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year			Allocation		
1968-69			•	76	
1969-70				99	
1970-71				94	

If so, how does the hon. Minister explain the discrepancy between the figures given in the Lok Sabha and the figures given now? Secondly, I would like to know what is the total allocation for the welfare of Backward Classes in the whole country and whether the allocation per capita in respect of Rajasthan. . . .

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Mohta, do you want to leave any time for the answer?

SHRI M. K. MOHTA: All right, Sir.

PROF. S. NURUL HASAN: I have here the detailed figures in regard to Rajasthan of allocations in the Central sector. May be, what the hon. Member thought of was the overall thing

These are the figures of allocations in the Central sector for Scheduled tribes which I have stated. I will look into the matter and if there is any discrepancy, I shall make a statement before the House.

Written Answers

MR. CHAIRMAN: The Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

†भूत पूर्व नरेशों के पास क्रुषि-फार्म

- *101. सरदार गुरचरण सिंह टोहड़ा: क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:
- (क) भूतपूर्व नरेशों में ऐसे पहले दस नरेश कौन-कौन हैं जिनके पास सबसे बड़े कृषि-फार्म हैं; और
- (ख) उन फार्मों के संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

‡Ex-rulers having Agricultural Farms

*101. SARDAR GURCHARAN SINGH TOHRA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE | हार्ष मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) what are the names of the first ten among the former rulers who are owning the largest agricultural farms; and
- (b) what are the details with regard to those farms?]

कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री अण्णासाहेब शिन्दे):(क) तथा(क्ष) जानकारी एकत की जा रही है और राज्य सरकारों से प्राप्त होते ही समा पटल पर रस दी जायगी।

‡[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE/ कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री

(SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE):
(a) and (b) The information is being colected and will be placed on the Table of the Sabha.]

INCREASE IN THE COTTON PRODUCTON

*365. SHRI SITARAM JAIPURIA . Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE/ कृषि मंत्री be pleased to state :

- (a) whether it is a fact that cotton production can be raised by 17 per cent to 30 per cent through dwarfing of the plants which was demonstrated by the research scholars of the Punjab Agriculture University in different States;
- (b) if so, whether Government propose to adopt the dwarfing system to meet the shortage of cotton in the country;
- (c) whether the Indian Cotton Mills Federation at its meeting held recently has estimated the requirement of raw cotton to the extent of eight million bales by the end of 1973-74; and
- (d) if so, what steps are being taken to increase the production of cotton?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE/ कृषि मंद्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE) : (a) to (d) A statement is placed on the Table of the Sabha.

STATEMENT

- (a) It has been reported that in experiments conducted by the Punjab Agricultural University, the yields of cotton through dwarfing of the plant has been increased by about 17% by spraying a growth retardant known as cycocel.
- (b) The use of this chemical on large scale is being advocated for raising cotton production in the northern States where cotton attains a rank growth. To encourage its use, a subsidy of 33-1/3% has been provided by the Government of India.
- (c) No official intimation has been received from the Indian Cotton Mills Federation. However, keeping in view the requirements of raw cotton, the Fourth Plan target of cotton production has been fixed at 80 lakh bales.

[†]Transferred from the 18th November, 1971.

^{‡[]} English translation. 2—15RS.S./71