Airport (New Delhi) from its piesent site if so, the details thereof, and

(b) the manner in which the land is proposed to be utilised?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION/पर्यटन म्रोर नागर विमानन मजी (DR KARAN SINGH) (a) and (b) All passenger operations with DC-3 and larger autiaft have been transferred from the Safdarjung aerodrome to Palam autport from 1-5-71. The question of the remaining operations is under consideration.

CILLING ON INCOME

740 SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHERJEL

SHRI CHITTA BASU

Will the Minister of FINANCE/वित्त मत्री be pleased to state

- (a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to impose some kind of ceiling on the income of individuals, and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE वित्त मली (SHRI Y B CHAVAN) (a) and (b) No formal ceiling is contemplated However, as a result of changes in the rates of personal income tax and wealth tax in the 1970-71 budget together with the proposed modifications in these rates in the budget for 1971-72, a virtual ceiling has been imposed on uiban incomes. As indicated in the Budget Speech, the Government propose to consult the State Governments for initiating measures to curb income inequalities in tural areas.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK OF INDIA

741 SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE

Will the Minister of FINANCE/ वित्त मत्नी be pleased to state

- (a) whether there are any branch offices of the Industrial Development Bank of India
- (b) if so, what is the number of such branch offices and their location, and

(c) what are the major functions of these offices?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE बिस मत्नी (SHRI Y B CHAVAN) (a) to (c) The Industrial Development Bank of India has so far opened three regional offices at Calcutta, Madras and New Delhi and six branch offices at Patna Chandigarh Frivandrum, Gauhati Bhopal and Bangalore

The main object of opening regional offices is to decentralise work and ensure closer attention being given to the financial and allied problems of industry at the regional level. These offices are expected to develop the necessary local con racts with Central and State agencies and institutions/bodies connected with small and medium sectors of industry. They are empowered to sanction direct assistance and refinance upto Rs 20 lakhs and rediscount assistance upto Rs 5 lakhs for each set of bills Regional Committees have been set up to help and guide the regional offices and to take decisions for sanction of assis-These offices will also initiate developmental and promotional work at the regional level in collaboration with State Industrial Financial Corporations, State Development Corporations and I ead Banks.

The branch offices which are under the overall supervision of the respective regional offices function as information centies and initial contact points for the benefit of entrepreneurs. They also maintain liaison with State and Central Government agencies, banks and other financial institutions and bodies of industrial interests carticularly in the medium and small scale sectors of industry.

ENTRY INTO INDIA BY PROFESSORS, LEFTU-RERS AND TEACHERS FROM EAST BING AL

742 DR Z A AHMAD SHRI KALYAN ROY

Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WELFARF/शिक्षा ग्रीर समाज कल्याण मत्त्री be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government are aware ha a large number of professors, lecture s and

Written Answers

- (b) if so, the number thereof,
- (c) whether Government have received any request from Calcutta University for assistance in order to provide them with temporary jobs; if so, what is Government's reaction thereto, and whether any money has been sanctioned by the University Grants Commission for this purpose,
 - (d) if not, the reasons therefor, and
- (e) whether Government propose to take early steps to provide these men with jobs in various universities and also help them to conduct research etc ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SO-CIAL WELFARE/शिक्षा श्रीर समाज कल्याण मतालय मे उपमती (PROF DP YADAV)

(a) to (e) One of the most unfortunate | a consequences of the violent atrocities committed by the Pakistan army in Bangla Desh has been a large exodus of economists, university professors, college and school teachers, artists and other intellectuals from Bangla Desh to India Government is endeavouring to collect the number of such intellectuals and the respective areas of their competence According to the information furnished by the Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University as on 21-5-1971, 90 university teachers and 700 college teachers had applied to him for employment here Many of these teachers and professors have expressed a desire to work in fields relevant to the future of their country. The Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University had also requested for financial assistance for appointing teachers from Bangla Desh as Visiting teachers in the Calcutta University and colleges This matter is under the consideration of the Government and no final decision has been It is not a question of giving these teachers and professors employment in India or maintenance allowance but of finding out avenues for useful work

1 COME-TAX REFUND CASES

- 743. SHRI R P KHAITAN Will the Minister of FINANCE/विस मती be pleased to state
- (a) what is the number of income-tax refund cases pending in the various circles as on the 31st March, 1971, circle-wise,
- (b) what is the number of such cases pending during the last three years, and
- (c) the various steps taken by Government to dispose of such cases at an early date and the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE/वित महालय मे राज्य मत्रो (SHRI K R GANESH) (a) The total number of income-tax refund

cases pending as on 31st March, 1971 was

Direct Refunds	•	4,088
Refunds arising	out of	
appeal effects etc		7,188
	TOTAL	11,276

The position in respect of various charges is as under.

Charges		Direct Refunds	Other Refunds
Andhra I .		62	136
Andhra II .		19	128
Assam .		1	152
Bihar		11	450
Orissa .		20	724
Bombay City I			41
Bombay City II			78
Bombay City III		246	43
Bombay (Central)			
Poona		207	781
Delhi I .		1	75
Delhi II .		15	4
Delhi III .		10	423
Delhi (Central)			6
Rajasthan .		8	796
Gujarat I		1,141	130
Gujarat II .		659	146
Gujarat III .	•	132	367