

(ख) छात्रों ने मांग की थी कि :

(1) डी० एच० एस० डिप्लोमा (लगभग पांच वर्ष का पाठ्यक्रम) के स्थान पर बी० एच० एम० एस० अथवा जी० एच० एम० एस० डिग्री पाठ्यक्रम ।

(2) छः महीने का रिफ्रेशर कोर्स समाप्त किया जाय ।

(3) डाइसेक्शन और प्रैक्टिकल की सुविधायें कालेज में ही उपलब्ध की जायें ।

(4) कालेज में छात्रावास की व्यवस्था ।

(5) एक पुस्तकालय की व्यवस्था जिसमें पर्याप्त संख्या में पुस्तकें हों ।

(6) कालेज में लड़के और लड़कियों के लिए अलग-अलग कामन रूम की व्यवस्था ।

(7) कालेज तथा अस्पताल भवन को पूरा किया जाय ।

(8) सफाई का समुचित प्रबन्ध ।

(9) कालेज के लिए प्रधानाध्यापक सहित नियमित तथा दक्ष स्टाफ ।

(10) औषधालय के लिए सुयोग्य डाक्टर ।

(11) फर्निचर, पंखे तथा पूर्ण प्रकाश आदि की व्यवस्था वाले व्याख्यान कक्ष ।

(12) 'न लाभ न हानि' आधार पर कालेज द्वारा एक सस्ती एवं अच्छी कैटीन ।

(13) फीस कम की जाय ।

(ग) यह एक प्राइवेट संस्था है । प्रबन्धकों द्वारा छात्रों की उचित मांगों को पूरा करने के आश्वासन के आधार पर प्रबन्धकों तथा छात्रों के बीच कोई समझौता हो गया लगता है ।

†[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) The students of the Nehru Homoeopathic

Medical College, New Delhi, a private institution, were on strike from the 21st January, which was called off on 14th February, 1970.

(b) The students had demanded :

(1) Change over to B.H.M.S. or G.H.M.S. Degree Course from the D.H.S. Diploma (a maximum of five years course).

(2) Closure of six months refresher course.

(3) Facilities for dissection and practicals in the College premises only.

(4) Hostel accommodation to be provided in the College premises.

(5) Library with sufficient number of Books.

(6) Common Rooms (for boys and girls separately) to be provided in the College.

(7) College & Hospital Building to be completed.

(8) Proper sanitary arrangements.

(9) Regular and efficient staff with a principal for the College.

(10) Qualified Doctors for the Dispensary.

(11) Lecture rooms with furniture, fans and proper lighting arrangements etc.

(12) A cheap and good canteen to be run by the College on 'No-profit no Loss' basis.

(13) Fees should be reduced.

(c) This is a private institution. An agreement appears to have been reached between the Management and the students following an assurance from the Management for fulfilling the reasonable demands of the students as soon as possible.]

होम्योपैथिक डिप्लोमाओं को मान्यता

1270. श्री सूरज प्रसाद : क्या स्वास्थ्य तथा परिवार नियोजन और निर्माण, आवास और नगर विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि किसी राज्य के होम्योपैथिक विश्वविद्यालय से सम्बद्ध तथा उस राज्य की सरकार के रजिस्ट्रीकृत और सहायता प्राप्त कालेज द्वारा दिए गए

†[ ] English translations.

डिप्लोमा को, दूसरे राज्य की सरकार होम्योपैथिक विधि से चिकित्सा कार्य करने के मामले में मान्य नहीं ठहराती ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि एम० बी० बी० एस० की डिग्री को सम्पूर्ण भारत तथा अन्य देशों में भी मान्यता प्राप्त है ;

(ग) यदि उपरोक्त भाग (क) तथा (ख) के उत्तर 'हां' हों, तो होम्योपैथिक डिप्लोमाओं को मान्यता प्रदान न किये जाने के क्या कारण हैं ; और

(घ) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार भारत के सभी राज्यों को इस आशय के आदेश जारी करने का विचार रखती है कि भारत के विभिन्न राज्यों द्वारा दिये गये होम्योपैथिक डिप्लोमाओं को मान्यता प्रदान की जाये ?

†[RECOGNITION OF HOMOEOPATHIC DIPLOMAS

1270. SHRI SURAJ PRASAD : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the diploma awarded by a homoeopathic college registered and aided by one State Government and affiliated to a Homoeopathic University of the same State is not recognized by the State Government of another State for the purpose of allowing (of homoeopathic medicine) practice;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the M.B.B.S. degree is recognised in the whole of India as well as in other countries;

(c) if the reply to parts (a) and (b) above in affirmative, what are the reasons for not recognising the homoeopathic diplomas; and

(d) whether the Central Government propose to issue orders to all the States in India to give recognition to the diplomas in homoeopathy awarded by various States in India?]

स्वास्थ्य तथा परिवार नियोजन और निर्माण, आवास और नगर विकास मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बी० एस० मूर्ति) : (क) जी हां।

(ख) भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद् अधिनियम, 1956 की अनुसूची में सम्मिलित एम० बी० बी० एस० की डिग्री को सारे भारत में मान्यता प्राप्त है। इस अधिनियम के अधीन भारत सरकार के साथ जिन देशों ने पारस्परिक व्यवस्था स्वीकार की हुई है, वहां इस डिग्री को औपचारिक रूप से मान्यता प्राप्त है।

(ग) विभिन्न राज्यों के होम्योपैथिक कालेजों में चलाये जाने वाले डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों में एकरूपता नहीं है। उनकी पाठ्यकार्या और शिक्षा काल भिन्न-भिन्न हैं और इस कारण उनकी पारस्परिक मान्यता में कठिनाइयां उत्पन्न होती हैं।

(घ) भारत सरकार ने सभी राज्य सरकारों के साथ-साथ राज्यों के होम्योपैथिक बोर्डों को यह सुझाव पहले ही दे दिया है कि वे होम्योपैथिक सलाहकार समिति द्वारा तैयार किये गये तथा केन्द्रीय स्वास्थ्य परिषद् द्वारा अनुमोदित डी० एच० एम० एस० के चार वर्षीय डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम को समान रूप से अपनाये। इन समान पाठ्यक्रमों को क्रियान्वित करना अब राज्य सरकारों का काम है।

जैसा कि भारतीय चिकित्सा एवं होम्योपैथिक केन्द्रीय परिषद् विधेयक, 1968 संबंधी संसद् की संयुक्त समिति ने सुझाव दिया है, होम्योपैथी के लिये एक पृथक् परिषद् का गठन करने के हेतु एक विधेयक का प्रारूप तैयार किया जा रहा है। संसद् द्वारा इस कानून को पारित कर लिये जाने तथा होम्योपैथिक परिषद् की स्थापना हो जाने पर विभिन्न राज्यों के डिप्लोमाओं की पारस्परिक मान्यता संबंधी यह कठिनाई दूर हो जायेगी।

†[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) Yes.

(b) The M.B.B.S. degree included in the Schedule to the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956, is recognised in the whole of India. This degree is formally recognised in those foreign countries which have reciprocal arrangements with the Government of India under this Act.

(c) The Diploma Courses conducted in the Homoeopathic Colleges in the different States are not uniform. They vary in content and in duration thereby causing difficulties in reciprocal recognition.

(d) Government of India have already recommended to all State Governments as well as State Homoeopathic Boards to adopt the uniform 4 year Diploma Course of D.H.M.S. prepared by the Homoeopathic Advisory Committee and approved by the Central Council of Health. It is now for the State Governments to implement these Uniform Courses.

As recommended by the Joint Committee of Parliament on the Indian Medicine and Homoeopathy Central Council Bill, 1968, a draft Bill for the constitution of a separate Council for Homoeopathy is under preparation. When this Legislation is passed by the Parliament and Council for Homoeopathy is established, this difficulty of reciprocal recognition of the different State Diplomas will be removed.]

#### MERGER OF N.B.C.C. WITH HOUSING CORPORATION

1271. SHRI SITARAM JAIPURIA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any proposal to merge the National Building Construction Corporation with the proposed housing corporation;

(b) if so, the details thereof ; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The functions of the two agencies are different : The N.B.C.C. undertakes construction works of government and

public sector undertakings as a contractor. The proposed Housing and Urban Development Finance Corporation will mainly finance housing and urban Development programmes through the agencies of State Governments and Union Territories Administrations; it may also, in selected cases considered necessary, directly undertake the establishment of housing estates, but no decision has been taken about the agency that will execute such projects.

#### ALLOTMENT OF PLOTS ON PRIORITY BASIS

1272. SHRI SITARAM JAIPURIA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have taken a decision to allot plots on priority basis to persons not owning any house or plot anywhere in India;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken in this direction?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI B. S. MURTHY) : (a) Yes. Other things being equal, it has been decided to give preference in the matter of allotment of plots to those who do not own a house/plot anywhere in India.

(b) and (c) The details have not yet been finalised.

#### D. A. MERGER WITH PAY

1273. SHRI S. A. KHAJA MOHI-DEEN : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the merger of dearness allowance with pay had adversely affected thousands of employees of the Central Government; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by Government in this regard to give some sort of relief to those affected employees ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI P. C. SETHI) : (a) and (b) With the treatment of a portion of Dearness Allowance as pay, wherever there is a pay limit for eligibility to allowances/concessions like House Rent