CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

REPORTED WAR: (NQ BY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL COMMITTEE OF TI E MUNICIPAL CORPORATION DELHI, FOR ST</T>
PPAOE OF THE SUPPLY OF DRINKING WAT ER TO THE NEW DELHI MUNICIPAL CO IMITTTEE IN CASE OF ITS FAILURE TO PAY THE ARREARS

डा॰ माई महाबोर (दिल्ली): दिल्ली नगर निगम की जल-प्रदाय तथा मल-ब्ययन समिति के चेयरमैन हारा दी गई इस चेटावनी के समाचार की झोर कि यदि नई दिल्ली नगर पालिका 30 सितम्बर, 1970 तक 53.19 लाख छपः की बकाया राणि का भुगतान करने में विफल रहतं है तो उसके झधीन क्षेत्रों में वितरण के लिए उसे पीने के पानी की सप्लाई बंद की जा सकती है, मैं स्वास्थ्य तथः परिवार नियोजन और निर्माण, आवाम और निगर विकास मंत्री का ध्यान दिलाना हो।

THE MINIS TFR OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING A^D URBAN DEVELOP-MENT (SHRI K. K. SHAH): Mr. Chairman, Sir, it ha. been reported in the press that Shri V. D. Sharma, Chairman of the Water Supply Committee of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi has warned that if the New Delhi M inicipal Committee fails to pay the arreat; of charges of bulk supply of water given to it by the Delhi Municipal Corporation b; the end of September, 1970 water supply i) the New Delhi Municipal Committee wi old be stopped. The Water Supply and Si wage Disposal Undertaking have stated tha in the handout for the press, Shri Sharma d d not say that water supply to the New Delhi Municipal Committee would be st >pped. They have further stated that Sh Sharma merely said that some stern measures will have to be taken in dealing with the situation.

The dispui; between the Municipal Corporation (f Delhi and the New Delhi Municipal Co nmittee regarding the water charges to be raid by the latter to the former is an old one Prior to the formation of the Municipa Corporation of Delhi on the 7th April, 1958, filtered water was being supplied in i >ulk by the erstwhile Joint Water and Si wage Board to the erstwhile New Delhi Municipal Committee area through various mains emanating from service reserv >irs where bulk meters were provided to i cord the quantities of water

supplied to the New Delhi Municipal Committee. After the formation of the Corporation, some areas of the erstwhile New Delhi Municipal Committee were transferred to the Corporation and as such a few of the water distribution mains from the reservoirs became common. Since the meters were provided only at the reservoirs, it became difficult to apportion the bulk quantities between the areas ceded to the Corporation and the present New Delhi Municipal Committee area.

The Delhi Municipal Corporation Act, 1957 provided, inter alia that the Corporation shall be bound to make bulk water supply to the N.D.M.C. and for the purpose of measuring and recording the quantity of water supplied to the N.D.M.C, shall affix meters at points of junction between the communication pipes of the N.D.M.C. and the Corporation. Both these bodies mutually agreed on an ad-hoc basis for apportionment of the total bulk supply in the erstwhile New Delhi Municipal Committee area. The agreed formula somehow did not work and dispute arose between the parties regarding quantity of water supplied to the New Delhi Municipal Committee. The Municipal Corporation of Delhi continued to bill the N.D.M.C. according to their own calculations and the N.D.M.C. kept on making payments on ad-hoc basis.

In 1965, both the parties resolved to refer the dispute to the then Chief Commissioner of Delhi for arbitration. The matters referred for arbitration were the quantity of water supplied in bulk by the Corporation to the N.D.M.C. from the year 1958-59 onwards, the correctness of the calculation of the supply of water in this regard, and the proportion in which the cost of disposal of sewage has been apportioned between the two parties from the year 1958-59 onwards and the correctness of the calculation of cost in this regard.

The Chief Commissioner gave his first award which was a part award because it pertained only to the quantity of water supplied by the Corporation to the N.D.M.C. from 1958-59 onwards on 7th June, 1966. The arbitrator divided the Mains in three groups. Under group 'A' were included the Mains exclusively for the N.D.M.C. area, group 'B' comprised the common Mains and in group 'C' were included the Mains exclusively for the Corporation area. The Chief Commissioner directed that the N.D.M.C. will pay for 100% of the quantity of water supplied through the supply lines in Group 'A', 70% of the

[Shri K.K. Shah]

quantity of water supplied through supply lines in group 'B' and that the Corporation will bear full cost of the quantity of water supplied through the supply lines in group 'C. In respect of two particular supply lines where certain ancillary issues were involved the Commissioner indicated scalculations to define liabilities. Chief specific calculations to define liabilities. This award was accepted by the N.D.M.C. but the Corporation represented against it on the ground that it was based on certain factual errors. The Lt. Governor of Delhi, formerly the Chief Commissioner, made an order on the 13th June, 1969 in which he directed the Corporation to complete by September, 1969 the steps necessary for re-arranging the distribution system and affixing suitable meters at all the points necessary in such a way that the system and affixing suitable flicters at an the points necessary in such a way that the supply actually made to the N.D.M.C. thereafter could be correctly and independently measured and until this was done, the basis adopted in his award in June, 1966 would be continued beyond March, 1967. He also re-affixed the calculations given by him in his earlier March, 1967. He also re-affixed the calculations given by him in his earlier award regarding one particular main line. He further determined the rates to be adopted for the cost of supply of water and bulk disposal of sewage. This award was not questioned by the N.D.M.C. but the Corporation represented to the Lt. Governor against it on the grounds that they had completed all the necessary metering before the 1st April, 1969 and I hat they were not agreed to accept the contin-nuance beyond 31st March, 1967 of the basis earlier adopted upto that date

The Lt. Governor made another order on the 19th December, 1969 in which he decided as follows:

- (1) Bill sent by the Corporation which are based on actual measurements recorded from meters fixed after 31st March, 1969 should be paid by the N.D.M.C. as and when received.
- (2) If the N.D.M.C. questions the correctness of the readings of the meters, the Committee should first make payments for bills received and then ask for checking according to the procedure laid down, of the meters considered to be faulty, and
- (3) In respect of the period from the 1st April, 1967 to the 31st March, 1969 the quantity supplied in bulk to the N.D.M.C. should be calculated on the basis of average recordings on the newly installed meters after making allowance for the supply each year having been to some extent in excess of the supply made in the previous years. The details of quantities to be billed for 1967-68 and I

1968-69 will be separately set out and communicated to the two local bodies. The Corporation in the meantime may submit its demands based on actual meter recordings for final adjustment in accordance with the principle enumerated above.

This order was not questioned by the Corporation but the N.D.M.C. represented against this order mainly on the grounds that certain meters had been out of order for long periods, that some meters were I got fixed much later as against the contention of the Corporation that they were in position by 1-4-1969, and that there was duplication in measurements leading to inflated billing.

The Lt. Governor passed another order on the 4th February, 1970 which order was superseded by another order passed on 5th February, 1970. By virtue of the 5th February order, he stayed the operation of his earlier order of December, 1969 on the representation of the N.D.M.C. Thereafter, the Lt. Governor directed the Chief Engineer, Floods, Delhi Administration to carry out checking in the company of the Chief Engineers of the N.D.M.C. and the Corporation or their nominees the claim of the Corporation that all the necessary meters as had been ordered to be installed in his order of the 13th June, 1969, had been installed by the end of March, 1969 and the contention of the N.D.M.C. that this had not been done. After receiving the report of the Chief Engineer, Floods, the Lt. Governor passed another order on the 10th March, 1970 in which the decided:

- (1) That bills sent by the Corporation for the first three quarters of 1969-70 shall be paid by the N.D.M.C. immedia tely. The amount of Rs. 28 lakhs paid by the N.D.M.C. to the Corporation at the instance of the Government of India shall be adjusted towards the dues for supply of water and sewage disposal during the year 1969-70.
- (2) In respect of the period from 1-4-67 to 31-3-69, the Corporation would prepare a revised bill on the basis of average recordings on the newly installed meters during 1969-70. The quantity supplied in bulk to the N.D.M.C. shall be 2% less during 1968-69 and 4% less during 1967-68 as compared to the metered supply 'during 1969-70. The sum of Rs. 20 lakhs paid by the N.D.M.C. to the Corporation earlier shall be adjusted towards arrears for supply of water and the disposal of sewage for the period from 1-4-1967 to 31-3-1969.

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(3) The ra e of payment of water supplied dur; ig the period 1-4-67 to 31-3-69 will b 46 paise per 1000 gallons. The rate for w iter supply during 1969-70 will be 58.6:: per 1000 gallons subject to adjustmen: in the bill for the fourth quarter of 196, 9.70 of 19< 9-70.

This order h s not been questioned by the Corporation but the N.D.M.C. considered it in its meeting dated 3rd April, 1970 and passe a resolution to the effect that the award >f 13th June, 1969 may be considered as final. Accordingly they represented to the Lt. Governor against it mainly on the grounds that the necessary meters had not been installed by the Corporation till laii in the year 1969-70 and that other directions regarding double locking of the meters, etc., given in his order of the 13 h June, 1969 had not been complied with by the Corporation. The Lt. Governor re quested the Chief Executive Councillor to C ill a meeting of both the parties and to hear them. The Chief Executive Coun illor held a meeting on the 6th May, 1970 and thereafter both the parties have sabmitted their respective viewpoints in bl ck and white to him. The matter now re ts there.

Meanwhile tl; Corporation is stated to have sent bills i i the amount of Rs. 42.19 lakhs pertainin; to the period ending March, 1970 aid Rs. 11 lakhs for the period from April, 1970 to June, 1970 making a total of Rs. 53.19 lakhs to the N.D.M.C. for payment. The stand taken by the N.D.M.C. is that the payments made already by then are in excess of what is due from them jpto 31st March, 1970 and unless their I, test representation made to the Lt. Go\;rnor is decided, they are not prepared to make any further payment on this account. The amount due has been calculated by the Corporation on the basis of the Lt. < lovernor's orders of March, 1970 whereas thi N.D.M.C. have calculated it on the basis of his orders of the 13th June, 1969

SHRI S. D. MISRA (Uttar Pradesh): Sir, on a point of order. Asimilar statement was given, I thmk, last week and you were in

MR. CHAIRMAN: No. . . . About this?

SHRI S. D. MISRA: Not about this. It was a big si dement.

The Minister has now taken fifteen minutes to read t le statement. I assume it will be about tight or nine pages and so

many dates and so many figures have been given. How to follow up immediately and put questions. A similar statement was made about another Calling-Attention Notice. We requested you and if I remember, either you

to a matter of urgent

public importance

MR. CHAIRMAN: No.

SHRI S. D. MISRA: Either you were in the Chair or somebody. We had requested that such a long statement should be laid on the Table of the House and only then we should be allowed to put questions.

OME HON. MEMBERS: Yes.

SHRI S. D. MISRA: I do not know if the Chairman has followed all these dates, etc. How can we put questions when we have not followed it? What is your direction in this matter? You said that you would look into the matter.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Not about this. It was about another matter. The matter with which we were concerned before to which you have drawn my attention was a statement made by the Minister not relating to any Calling Attention Motion. So far no question has arisen before me with reference to the Calling Attention Motion, whether the statement can be laid on the Table or not. I understand from my office that so far in no case has any statement with regard to Calling Attention Motions been laid on the Table. But I can say this that the statements which the Ministers have to make should be shorter, if possible.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: Sir, I am bound to carry out your instructions. But the Calling Attention Notice was received on the previous day. All the Members are interested in it. It is an important and urgent matter and if I do not read out all the facts for the information of the House, how will they be able to understand it? It is for you to decide it and I am prepared to carry out your orders.

(Interruptions)

SHRI S. D. MISRA: There can be many suggestions on this. At least today the problem has come before the House. I do not object to such bigger statements; let them be still bigger, 10 pages and more. But there is one suggestion which I want to make. At least those Members who have given notice may be supplied with the statement so that we can borrow from them and understand it. What is the difficulty in circulating the statement to those Members, if not to all?

SHRI PITAMBER DAS (Uttar Pradesh): Thank God, the Minister had only one day to prepare the statement. If he had three days, the statement would have been still longer. (Interruptions)

SHRI K. K. SHAH: The statement contains so many facts and figures. 11' I omit one fact and become unfair to one or the other by omitting something, you will take me to task. This is a matter which has been pending from 1958 to 1970.

(Interruptions) .

भी लाल खाडवाणी (दिल्ली): मैं यह ध्यान दिलाना चाहता हं कि पिछली बार जब यह सवाल खडा हथा . . .

श्री सभापति: सवाल इसके मुताल्लिक नहीं था...

भी लाल प्राडवाणी: वह कालिंग अटेन्शन के बारे में ही पा भीर एक कापी जब उसकी श्री भूपेश गुप्त को मिल गई....

भी समापति : तो मैं नहीं रहा हंगा चेयर में।

श्री लाल ग्राडवाणी: लेकिन वह कालिय अटेन्यन के संबंध में ही या।

MR. CHAIRMAN: I was in the Chair when an oral statement was made by a Minister; it was not on a Calling Attention Motion

SHRI LAL K. ADVANI : I think it was about the Calling Attention Motion.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Anyway, I will look into -it. But I have now said that the statements made by the Ministers in response to the Calling Attention Motions should be as short as possible. Of course I cannot lay down any hard and fast rule about the length of the statements but it is for the Ministers to judge it. But I expect that the statements should be as short as possible.

SHRI S. D. MISRA: Probably I could not make my point clear. I did not mean to suggest that the statement should be short. It should be short, to the extent possible but if the Minister says that nine pages are the shortest possible in the circumstances, in that case, I say that because it is a long statement, you should determine how to proceed so that we know befora-hand how to put questions.

श्री राजनारायण (उत्तर प्रदेश) : श्रीमन् भ्राप खुद ही देखिए, इस बात पर छ: और श्राठ मिनट का समय क्यों ले लिया गया।

श्री समापति: ग्राप बैठ जाइये।

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Misra's point I will consider. I will examine the rules and I will consider it.

[MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN in the Chair].

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN : Dr. Mahavir.

डा० साई महाबीर: श्रीमन, जितना लम्बा वक्तव्य मंत्री महोदय ने दिया है, उतना लम्बा सवाल मैं नहीं पूछूंगा और अगर वे स्वास्थ्य मंत्री नहीं होते तो इतना लम्बा वक्तव्य पढ़ने की उन्हें कठिनाई नहीं होती। लेकिन बाकी विभागों के साथ स्वास्थ्य की भी चिन्ता वे करते हैं, इसलिए वे इतनी दिलेरी से ऐसे ओडियल में से गुजरे, इसके लिए मैं उन्हें बधाई देता हूं। लेकिन जिस प्रकार में इन सवाल को केन्द्रीय सरकार ने अभी तक निपटाया है, लटकाने की कोशिश की है, उसके लिए मैं उन्हें बधाई नहीं दे सकता हूं तथा इसके लिए मुझे खेद हैं।

मंत्री महोदय ने जो बातें कहीं और जितना लम्बा वक्तव्य दिया उतना लम्बा सवाल न पूछते हुए मैं दो तीन बातों की तरफ स्पष्ट और प्वाइंटेड प्रकृत करना चाहंगा। पहले दोनों अध्यक्षों में यानी नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी ग्रीर दिल्ली कार्पोरेशन के बीच झगडा चलता रहा और उसके बाद यह फैसला हमा कि होम से केटरी श्री एल० पी० सिंह इसमें बीच बचाव करेंगे। श्री एल० पी० सिंह के बीच में पढ़ने के बाद दोनों संस्थाओं के इंजीनियरों ने इन व्वाइन्टसों से संबं-धित झगडों का निरीक्षण किया जहां पर मीटर लगे हुए थे। उन्होंने यह देखा कि वहां पर मीटर ठीक तरह से लगे हुए हैं या नहीं । नई दिल्ली म्यनिसिपेल्टी श्रीर कारपोरेशन के वाटर से संबंधित चीफ इंजीनियरों ने इस चीज का निरीक्षण किया, लेकिन निरीक्षण करने के बाद नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपेल्टी के चीफ इंजीनियर ने उस पर दस्तखत करने से इन्कार कर दिया। जब उन से पूछा गया कि माप इस पर दस्तवात क्यों नहीं

करते हैं तो उन्होंने जनाब दिया कि मुझे इस तरह के आदेश नहीं हैं कि मैं दस्तकत करूं। मुझे तो केवल निरीक्षण करने के आदेश हैं और दस्तख़त करने के आदेश नहीं हैं। इसका मतलब यह हुआ कि नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपेल्टी कमेटी के प्रतिनिधि औं उसके प्रधान की ओर से बहां पर गये हुए ये वे इस मामले को निपटाना नहीं चाहते थे बल्कि जो आदेश दिए गये थे उनका भी वे पालन करना नहीं चाहते थे और उससे अपने को अलग रखना चाहते थे। तो मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या यह बात सच है। और अगर यह बात सच है तो इस मामले को निपटाने में बाधा आई या नहीं।

मैं यह भी पूछना बाहता हूं कि क्या यह बात सच है कि 53 लाख ६० देने की बात जो कही गई है वह नहीं दिया गया है। माननीय मंत्री जी ने कहा कि पानी बंद करने की धमकी नहीं दो गई है। मैं समझता हं कि जल प्रदाय तथा मल व्ययन समिति के चेयरमैन की सज्जनता भीर संयमता है जो उन्होंने इस तरह की धमकी नहीं दी है। लेकिन उनकी सज्जनता और संयमता का जो परिणाम हुआ है कि कारपोरेशन को आज इस समय लगभग 2 करोड़ 10 लाख रुपया पानी के खाते में नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपेलिटी से लेना बाकी है । 53 लाख क जो हैं वह तो ए≅ दूसरे एकाउन्ट में उनके नाम पर हैं। क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपेल्टिी जो कि पूर्णतय: एक नामिनेटिड बाडी है उससे कारपोरेशन का जो रुपया श्रभी तक बाकी पड़ा हुआ है उसकी दिलाने की कोणिश करेंगी और इस रूपये को दिलाने के लिए बह कानुनी तौर पर जिम्मेदार है या नहीं ? अगर है, तो मंत्री महोदय का वह कहना कि 1958 से यह मामला लटक रहा है भीर लडका देने की जो नौबत धाई, उसके लिए कानूनी जिम्मेदारी होते हुए भी धाप ने इस तरह की नौबत क्यों मान दी।

भापने एक बार जैसला करके जो कम ज्यादा पैसा होता था भौर जो पैसा मिलना चाहिए कारपोरेशन को वह भापने क्यों नहीं किलवाया ? मैं यह भी पूछना चाहता हूं कि इस तरह क झगड़ा विजली के बारे में है या नहीं । यह दो पैसे प्रति यूनिट टैक्स जो कारपोरेशन लेता है वह नई दिल्बी स्युनिसिपल कमेटी जो अपने इलाके में बिजली सप्ताई करती है लेती है लेकिन वह टैक्स लोगों से ले लिया जाता है, कारपोरेशन को नहीं दिया जाता जबकि कारपोरेशन से बिजली ले ली. जाती है । वह टैक्स भौर दिल्ली के नागरिक देते हैं. नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी के इलाके में रहने वाले लोग भी उस टैक्स को नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी के पास पहुंचा देते हैं लेकिन म्यनिसिपल कमेटी उसको कारपो-रेशन के हवाले नहीं करती । अगर ऐसा है तो ऐसा क्यों है ? अगर टैक्स नहीं देना है तो यह रूपया इकट्ठा क्यों किया जाता है और अगर इकट्टा किया जाता है तो दिया क्यों नहीं गया । इसी तरह इलेक्ट्रिसटी बिल ढाई करोड-पौने तीन करोड रुपये के नई दिल्ली म्यनिसि-पल कमेटी ने म्युनिसिपल कारपोरेशन को दिए हैं या नहीं । इसी-तरह से फायर ब्रिगेड के खर्चे का सवाल है जो कारपोरेशन करता है नई दिल्ली के इलाके में फायर ब्रिगेड को मेन्टेन करने के लिए। आप मुस्करा रहे हैं लेकिन मैं इन बातों को ग्रसम्बद्ध नहीं मानता । इन्हीं बातों पर यहां तक स्थिति भ्राई है कि भ्रापस में चेतावनियां भौर धमकियां देने की नौबत भा चकी है । इसी के साथ जुड़े हुए दूसरे सवाल हैं, जहां नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी से कारपोरेशन को अभी तक पैसा जोकि मिलना है नहीं मिल रहा है। हमारा यह आरोप है कि नामि-नेटेड बाडी का चेयरमैन, गवनंमेंट का सिविल सर्वेट केन्द्र सरकार के इशारे के बगैर इस तरह का रवैया नहीं प्रपना सकता । जो उसने रवैया श्रपनाया है वह धापके प्रोत्साहन पर धौर श्री चह्नाण के बाश्रय के कारण यह जो रवैया वह भ्रपना कर चल रहा है उसका कारण यह है कि केन्द्र सरकार वाटर सप्लाई कमेटी से अपना लोन वापस मांगती है लेकिन नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी से जो कर्जा दिलवाने की उसकी जिम्मेदारी है वह कारपोरेशन को दिलवाती नहीं धीर जब कारपोरेशन पैसा नहीं दे सकता तो ग्राप कहते हैं कि हम कब तक कर्जी देते जायें, निगम पैसा वापस नहीं करता। पैसे की कमी के कारण धाम लोगों को पानी की कठिनाई होती है तो फिर यहां सम्मानित सदस्यों के सामने भी प्रश्न बाता है, इस सदन का समय भी बर्बाद होता है भौर दिल्ली के नागरिकों को कष्ट होता है, परेग्रानी होती है। ग्रगर नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी यह सब भूगतान करने के लिए जिम्मेदार है तो केन्द्र सरकार ग्रपनी जिम्मेदारी से क्यों मुकरती है, उसने क्यों नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी के नामिनेटिड भ्राफीशियल प्रेसिडेन्ट को ग्रादेश नहीं दिया कि जो रूपया बनता है उसको तुरन्त दे दे।

[डा॰ माई महाबीर]

भारवीट्रेणन के जरिए जो फैसला होता है उस पर प्रपील हो रही हैं। उसके खिलाफ अपील हो रही हैं। जब इंस्पेक्शन हो गया तो उसके बाद भी साइन नहीं करते और आखिर में एवाई दे दिया। अभी आपने बताया एक दिन लेफ्टिनेंट गवर्नर ने एवाई दिया, दूसरे दिन बदल दिया और मेरी जानकारी है कि तीमरे दिन फिर बदल दिया और तीनों दिन वह कारपोरेशन के खिलाफ और नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी के पक्ष में होता गया। तीसरे दिन सबसे ज्यादा था कमेटी के हक में और कारपोरेशन के खिलाफ। ये एवाई लेफ्टिनेंट गवर्नर ने हर रोज क्यों बदले ? क्या यह केन्द्र सरकार का दबाव नहीं था? अगर यह केन्द्र सरकार का दबाव नहीं था तो दो पक्षों की प्रापस में लड़ाई में आप तीसरे पक्ष के नाते निष्पक्ष होकर बता सकते थे, लेकिन ऐसा है नहीं।

You are very much a party in the dispute. You are very much a party because the NDMC is wholly and solely a nominated body. The President is an official and he is flouting all canons of official and public behaviour simply because of the encouragement that he has from some highups in the Central Government. So, that is the charge, and I would like the hon. Minister to explain to us why it is that this official is not being made to reconcile himself to the fact that whatever money has to be paid by the NDMC should be paid by them. And the Corporation should not be pressed between two mill-stones; On the one side there is the demand of the Central Government for repayment of loans, and on the other side there is the non-payment of the NDMC.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: Sir, I with great regret must emphatically say that my friend, Dr. Mahavir, is neither serving the Corporation nor the Delhi Administration nor the NDMC because he has made allegations. (Interruptions.) You have made allegations now and you must be prepared to hear me. I have heard you. Now you must be prepared to hear me.

DR. BHAI MAHAVIR: Yes, we want you to speak and explain them.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: His allegation about the Lieutenant-Governor being advised by Chavan Saheb, or the NDMC being asked

by us not to pay, is out of his imagination, because our relationship with the Delhi Administration has been exceedingly good. So far, all disputes, whichever have been brought to us, have been amicably and with understanding settled. There may be sometimes a little politics here and there, but the politics, which my friend has created here, has not so far happend between the Delhi Administration or the Delhi Corporation or the New Delhi Municipal Committee.

Sir, how does my hon. friend say after all these facts which he has not controverted that the first award of June 1969 was not accepted? On the contrary the Lieut. Governor's later awards have been more favourable to the Corporation than to the NDMC so that that allegation also does not stand. When the matter comes to me I will certainly intervene but if they think that Mr. Malhotra can resolve the difference between the two and if he is looking into it I have no objection. Why should I impose myself till it comes to me? I am sure my friend knows that the other party is not here. One party is raising the question on behalf of the Corporation and I think that is not fair. Let us deal with it as an administrative matter; Let us not bring politics into this.

DR. BHAI MAHAVIR: I am sorry my questions have not been replied. The pointed questions I asked was, was there a joint inspection, did the Engineer of the NDMC refuse to sign the Report, are there dues of electricity tax, are there Electricity Boards dues, is it a fact that the NDMC is not paying those dues, is there a dispute about the fire brigade expenses? Now these are the things which have to be answered. It is quite all right for the hon. Minister to say that he is not asking them not to pay but that is not what I said. I said you are responsible for making him pay but you are not doing your duty. Whatever the reasons may be.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: Now my hon. friend himself will be statisfied how politics is injected. For example, I have stated that the Lieut. Governor passed another order on 5th February and by virtue of the order of 5th February he stayed the operation of his earlier order of December 1969 on the representation of the NDMC. Thereafter the Lieut. Governor directed the Chief Engineer, Floods, Delhi Administration, to carry out checking in the company of Chief Engineer of New Ddelhi Municipal Committee and the Corporation of their nominee. The claim of the Corporation

is that all the ne.essary meters that had been ordered to be ii stalled by his order of 13th June had been istalled and the contention of the NDMC is that that had not been done. After reviving the Report of the Chief Engineer, Floods, the Licut.-Governor passed ano her order.

DR. BHAI MAHAV1R: Was that Report signed by the NDMC Engineer?

SHRI K. K. SHAH: When the order has been passed on that Report . .

v DR. BHAI M \(\frac{HAVIR}{}\): You are silent on what I aske, anyway...

SHRI K. K. SHAH: I have not seeathat Report but on iat Report order has been passed.

SHRI LAL K. ADVANI: 1 am sorry that the hon. M nisier should have brought in political insi uiations of the kind that he has done. I « ould only like to draw his attention and a k him whether it is not the responsibilit > of the Central Government to intervene in a matter of this kind and to giv. an award finally. I would hi atteni j>n to section 268 of the Delhi Municipal Corporation Act I says very clearly that if any dispute arises between the Co poration and the NDMC on the payment of any sum demanded by the Corporation and NDMC;,,av r&P'aire the Corporator to reftr the tllatter in dispute, ,y it.-, Ccr!tl.ai Government and the o-'ision 0| nle Central Government tiereon shall be final. This is the first part of the provisior, and the proviso is still more importan. charge is that the Central Govern nent as well as the New "Delhi Municip 1 Committee have been guilty of Bouti g this statutory provision which says: "Provided that where the dispute relates to the liability of the New Delhi Municipal Committee to make any payment u the Corporation the payment shall be made to the Corporation pending the dec [ton of the Central Govern-As the hon. Minister himself has stated, the mat er has been pending since 1958 right up t the present day. Now, the NDMC has tak; n up a certain stand and the Corporatio has taken up a different stand. When ihe two stands vary, the Centra! Govern nc.it has to give an award. Unfortunately, it has been changing this award four tim>:s or five times as the hon. Minister himself has stated. That certainly creates difficul! ss. My question is, why has not the New Delhi Municipal Committee made the payment which it is required to make pending decision on the dispute? This is my caiegorical question. I would 5-16 RS'70

also like to read the second part of this section which says that the Central Government shall consider the statement submitted by the Corporation together with the statement from the said New Delhi Muni-cipal Committee "within six weeks of the date of reference." The statutory provision is that any dispute of this nature should be settled within six weeks.

Here we have a dispute that has beer. pending for years and the Government is unable to take any decision. The Government is unable to make even the NDMC pay the amounts due to the Corporation.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: Here also I regret to say that Mr. Advani is entirely incoi Just listen. The matter was referred to the Lt.-Governor." He is the representative of the Central Government. The award of the Lt. Governor, as I pointed out, was not accepted by the Corporation. Will he not hold the Corporation responsible if the June, 1969 award was not accepted? When the Corporation does not accept the award, you have nothing to say. Now, Mr. Advani, as a Member of the House you must forget that you belong to a particular party and you must try to be fair and just. I exoect you to do that,

SHRI LAL K. ADVANT: I am afraid the hon. Minister has not followed my point. 1 can concede the possibility that after the award is given, all that the Corporation has said is ruled out, that the Corporation's case is not accepted by the Central Government and the NDMC's case is entirely accepted. I can concede that, but the law very specifically provides that until a decision is taken by the Central Government, pending the decision, the NDMC has to I make all the payments.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: I will give j reply. I did not want to give an opinion, but since you are asking my opinion, I give it. The award of the 5th February, 1970 set aside the award of December, 1969, but not the award of the 13th June, 1969. Now, please try to appreciate it. Now, if the award of the 5 th February had set aside the award of the 13lh June, 1969, your contention would have been correct, so far as the NDMC is concerned. Now, please listen and I am sure that in the light of what I say you will be able to advise the Corporation and also the Chief Executive Councillor, because he is looking into it and the matter is with him. The award of the 5th February, as 1 pointed out, set aside the award of December, 1969, but not the 13th June, 1969. The but not NDMC

[Shri K. K. Shah.]

say that they are paying according to the award of the 13th June, 1969. Now, you will see the difficulty. How do you hold the Central Government responsible?

SHRI LAL K. ADVA.NI: I am sorry I have been repeatedly pointing out that the award comes in only as a decision of the Central Government. At the moment, as he has conceded, the award is still pending and it has to be given by the Lt.-Governor on the advice of the Chief Executive Councillor. Pending the award, is it not the statutory obligation of the NDMC to make all the payments demanded by the Corporation? Is it not a stututory obligation?

SHRI K. K. SHAH: 1 think you have not taken into consideration what 1 have said. It is payment according to the decision of the 13th June, 1969...

SHRI LAL K. ADVAN1 : This will come later.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: It has not been set aside. You have left a loophole in the order and the loophole is that the NDMC say that payment is to be made on the basis of the award of the 13th June, 1969, which they have made. According to you, payment should be made according to the order of the 5th February. Now, this is a legal point. So, what can 1 do?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN : Mr. Chandra Shekhar.

श्री ना० कु० रोजवलकर (मध्य प्रदेश): उपसभापति, महोदय, मैं एक बात ही पूछना चाहूंगा।

श्री उपसभापति : मैंने चन्द्रशेखर जी को बुला लिया है। श्रापकी तरफ से दो हो गये। बाद में देखेंगे।

श्री ना॰ फ़ु॰ शेजवलकर : मैं कोई तथा प्रश्न नहीं पुछ रहा हूं केवल एक चीज स्पष्ट करना चाहता हूं।

श्री नेकीराम (हरियाणा) : बाद में कह लेना। बैकार में गड़बड़ी कर रहे हैं।

श्री ना० कु० सेजबलकर: गड़बड़ी होगी तो देख ली जाएगी। मेरा निवेदन है कि माननीय मंत्री महोदय स्पष्ट नहीं कर पाये, मैं भी नहीं समझ पाया हूं। पहले यह बता दें कि क्या अवार्ड फाइनल हो गया है, और अगर अवार्ड फाइनल नहीं हुआ है, चाहे जून 1969 हो, 1969 हो या 1970 हो, अगर एवाई फाइनल नहीं हुआ है तो क्या कारपोरेशन पर यह उत्तरदायित्व नहीं है कि "पैंडिंग अवार्ड पूरी रकम जमा करें, फिर बीच वाला, दिमयानी, जो भाता हो उसके अनुसार पहले जो बिल कारपोरेशन के अनुसार गया है, उसके अनुसार रकम जमा करें। क्या यह अनिवार्य नहीं है।

श्री उपसभापति : इसका जवाब दे दिया है।

श्री ना० कृ० शेजवलकर : उपसभापति महं दय, मैं समझता हं, नहीं श्राया है ।

श्री उपसमापति : अभी 13 जुन को जो इन्टेरिम अवार्ड है उसके मुताबिक पेमेंट कर रहे हैं।

श्री ना० कु० शेजवलकर : इन्टेरिम अवार्ड का प्रण्न नहीं है। मैं इन्टेरिम अवार्ड का प्रश्न नहीं पूछ रहा हूं। मैंने इन्टेरिम अवार्ड के पेमेंट के बारे में कहा...

SHRI. K. K. SHAH: 1 am extremely sorry. Do not try to mix up things. That the Corporation has failed to repay the loan to the Government of India has nothing to do with these dues. I do not want that both should be mixed up. This is not correct. I do not want that politics should should be brought into here. You cannot ask me to sit as a judge and give a decision. Unluckily it has not become a legal issue and it will have to be decided.

SHRI CHANDRA SHEKAHAR (Uttar Pradesh): I am sorry to see this apologetic attitude of the hon. Minister. The first questioner, Dr. Mahavir, said that the NDMC should be pressurised only because an official is the Chairman of the NDMC.

DR. BHAI MAHAVIR: Why because?

SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR: Because an official happens to be the Chairman, so the NDMC should be pressurised by the Government to pay according to the wishes of the Corporation. I should like to know categorically from the Minister if it is not a fact that the NDMC is paying the dues according to the award given by the Lieutenant Governor and the Corporation is demanding more than the award. If it is a fact, what locus standi. Dr. Mahavir or the other friends have before the House to ask the Government to pressuriese the Chairman of the NDMC? The other point is the Minister is expecting justice from the Jan Sangh. They are playing to the gallery I just to gain a political point. Unless and

until! the mati >r comes to the Central Government, ui less and untill the award given by the Lk [tenant Governor is accepted by the Mu licipal Corporation, how can the NDMC be pressurised to pay more according to the wishes of the Corporation because the con lict is on the point of the assessment itself 'Unless and until the assessment is clear, tl; NDMC cannot pay according to the wis les of the Municipal Corporation, and he hon. Minister should not feel shy an I should not be so much afraid of Dr. M ihavir and other Jan Sangh Members.

SHRI K. K. SHAH: I must makeit clear that I am not afraid when justice is to be done. I un afraid of nobody. But my friend's ci itenlion is corrrect. The contention of tie NDMC is that they have paid according I 3 the award of 13th June— I have made it clear—which has not been set aside. Then ore, it is correct.

श्री राजनारायण: श्रीमन्, ज्यामधर मिश्र जी की बात पहले मान ली नई होती तो ज्यादा अच्छा होता। मगर मैं यह पूछना चाइता हूं कि क्या-सरकार यह बतायेगी कि कारपोरेशन का नई दिल्खी स्युनिसियल कमेटी पैसा नहीं दे रही है, इसका रेफरेन्स किस तारीख की पहली बार किया। सेन्द्रल श्वनंमेन्ट को कारपोरेशन ने रेफरेन्स कब किया...

SHRI K. K. SHAH: The fact that the Lieutenant Gov:rnor...

श्री राजनारायण : उधर मत जाइए बैठिए, बैड मैनर्स

SHRI K. K. SHAH: L hope my hon. friend will kno i how to behave. He has no business to ask me to sit down. It is for the Chair to ask me to sit down.

श्री राजनारायण : चेयरमैन की विना इजाजत के ग्रगर कोई मंत्री उठ कर, खड़ा होकर, बोलने लगे, बिना सवाल पूरा हुए, तो उस मेम्बर का कर्लब्ध है कि उसको बैठाए।

श्री चन्द्र शेखर: राजनारायण जी, ग्रपनी गलती को पालियमेन्टरी पद्धति नहीं बनाइए। चेयर की कृपा को पालियमेन्टरी पद्धति न बनाइए कि जब चाहें ग्राप खड़े हो जायें। We also know how to ask you to set down.

श्री राजनारायण : श्रीमन्, हमारा भी इस संबन्ध में जो पालियमेन्टरी प्वाइट है उसको सुना जाना चाहिए। मैं आपके सामने दिल्ली म्युनिसिपलिटी ऐक्ट जो है उसमें से एक अंश पढ़ देना चाहता हूं जो इस प्रकार से

"(I)If any dispute arises between the Corporation and the New Delhi Municipal Committee of, as the case may be, the Military Engineer Services as to the liability of the said Committee or Services to pay any sum demanded by the Corporation or as to the right of the said Committee or Services to any refund, or as to the amount of any refund, from the Corporation, then, the New Delhi Municipal Committee or, as the case may be, the Military Engineer Services may require the Corporation to refer the matter in dispute to the Central Government and the decision of the Central Government thereon shall be final:"

मेरा प्रकृत यह था कि स्रगर नई दिल्ली म्युनिसियिलिटी सौर कारपोरेशन के बीच कोई झगड़ा है और उसका कोई फैसला नहीं होता है, तो कारपोरेशन उसको सेन्ट्रल गवर्नमेन्ट के पास रैफर करेगी। या फिर स्वयर नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपैलिटी का कोई झगड़ा कारपोरेशन के साथ हो और उसका फैसला न हो तो वह उस मामले को सेन्ट्रल गवर्नमेन्ट के पास रैफर करेगी। मैंने सवाल किया था कि कारपोरेशन को नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपैल्टी ने उसका पैसा नहीं दिया, तो इसके बारे में फर्स्ट रैफरेंस कब किया गया।

अब मैं इसके आगे चलता हूं और वह अंश पढ़ता हूं।

"Provided that, where the dispute relates to the liability of the New Delhi Municipal Committee or, as the case may be. the Military Engineer Services to make any payment to the Corporation, the payment shall be made to the Corporation pending the decision of the Central Government."

हो सकता है कि सेन्ट्रल गवनंमेन्ट का एजेन्ट रिप्रे-जेटेंटिव यहां के लेफ्टिनेन्ट गवनंद हो और सेन्ट्रल गवनंद मेंट किसी झाडंद या नियम के मातहत लेफ्टिनेंट गवनंद को अपना अधिकार दे देती है। यह एक बात जानकारी में आ जानी चाहिये। मगर इसमें यह लिखा हुआ है कानून में कि जब इस तरह का झगड़ा होगा तो म्युनिसि-पैल कमेटी कारपोरेंशन को पैसा दे देगी और जब

श्री राजनार।यण]

फाइनल एवाई होगा तो उसके मुताबिक जितना उनका निकलेगा यह मांग लेगी। इस कानून की पूर्ति नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपैल्टी ने नहीं की। सीधी सी बात है और इस चीज को लम्बा करना और पेचीदा बनाने की आवश्यकता नहीं है। मैं यह बात जानना चाहता हूं कि इसमें "जैल" एवाई लिखा हुआ है: "shall be made to the Corporation pending the decision of the Central Government".

सेन्द्रल गवर्नमेंट के फैसले होने तक कारपोरेशन को वह पेमेंट हो जाना चाहिये था। प्रगर हुम इस कानून की तह में, उसकी गहराई में जायें तो हर एक व्यक्ति इसी राय का होगा जिस राय का मैं हूं। हमने जो प्वाईट बतलाया है उसके मुताबिक नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपैल्टी कारपोरेशन की कानून की धारा 268 का उल्लंघन करती है यह जानते हुए भी कि वह एक नामिनेटिड बाडी है और सेन्द्रल गवर्नमेन्ट उसे नामिनेट करती है। तो मैं सरकार को यह सुंआईव देना चाहता हूं कि वह इस कमेटी को भंग क्यों नहीं कर देती है।

जो कमेटी कानून की मान्यताओं की तह में काम नहीं करती उस कमेटी को रखने का श्रीचित्य क्या है? एक वात मैं और कहना चाहता हूं। यहां बहुत से लोग हैं जो जनतन के मौखिक हिमायती है, उनसे मैं यह कहना चाहता हूं कि नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल क्यों है ? किसी कारपोरेजन में डब्ल एडमिनिस्ट्रेशन है? जनतंत्र के हिमायतियों, जनतंत्र का मखौल मत करो। मैं चाहता हं कि सरकार इस बात को समझे और नई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी को हमेशा के लिए भंग करें और सारी रेस्पांसिविनिटी, सारी जिम्मेदारी म्यनिसिपल कारपी-रेशन को दिलवाए। जब कारपोरेशन है, इलेक्टेड बाडी है तो वह मुत्रीम है, मगर उस कारपोरेणन पर इनडाइ-'अटली ग्रपना कन्ट्रोल रखने के लिए ग्राधिक दृष्टि से इस सरकार ने जनतंत्र की हत्या करके नामिनेटेड बाडी बना रखी है जो कानून की तह में काम नहीं करती और कारपोरेशन के काम में नित्यप्रति बाधा पैदा करती रहती है। इसलिए उन तीन सवालों का जवाब दीजिए कि ए 🕫 की पात्रन्दी नशें नहीं हुई, न ई दिल्ली म्युनिसिपल कमेटी को बस्तित्व में रखने का श्रीचित्य क्या है जन-तंत्रीय दृष्टि से और इसी अपराध को ले कर उस कमेटी को भंग क्यों न किर दिया जाय । इन सवालों का सीधा जवाब दे दें।

SHRI K. K. SHAH: Sir, the hist question was: when was the reference made? In December, 1959 a meeting was held by Mr. Malhotra, the then President of the New Delhi Municipal Committee with the officers of the Municipal Corporation, In that meeting, among other decisions, from 1st April, 1958. This has been going on since then, ft was the contention of the Corporation that 23 per cent, and not 35 per cent., as decided, was supplied. This is number one.

श्री राजनारायण : श्रीमान, श्राप मुनते जाडण, हमारे सवाल का जवाब यह नहीं है। हम इन श्रांकड़ों में नहीं जाना चाहते, हम श्रांकड़ों के जंगल में फंसेंगे नहीं, हमारा केवल यह कहना है कि जब रिफेंस हो गया तो टिल पेंडिंग दि डिसीजन म्युनिसिपल कमेटी ने कारणोरेशन को पैया क्यों नहीं दिया। पाइन्ट यह है।

श्री कें के शाह: यह भी गलत है। मैंने सभी घापको बताया, स्रायने मुना होगा, यदि श्राप एवाई की बात करते हैं Then award is the final decision.

श्री राजनारायण: एवार्ड की बात नहीं करता हूं, एवार्ड तो फाइनल डिसीजन है। श्रीमन्, फिर मंत्री महोदय कन्पयूज कर रहे हैं। कानून में लिखा है—साहे उसको आप एवार्ड कहिए, चाहे फाइनल डिसीजन—गवर्नमेंट का फाइनल डिसीजन न होने तक यह पैसा दे देगा और वाद में जो भी डिसीजन होगा उसको मानेगा। कानून की भाषा मंत्री न समझें तो मेरा अपराध नहीं है। मैं फिर पढ़ता हं—

"Provided that where the dispute relates to the liability of the New Delhi Municipal Committee or, as the case may be, the Military Engineering Services to make any payment to the Corporation, the payment shall be made to the Corporation pending the decision of the Central Government."

क्या मतलब हुआ।

श्री के • के • शाह: मुझे इसका पता नहीं कि राज-नारायण जी एवार्ड ग्रीर डिसीजन में फर्क करते हैं या नहीं। एवार्ड का माने डिसीजन हो गया।

श्री राजनारायण : वही तो मैं भी कह रहा हं।

श्री के० के० साह : श्रभी मुझे बोलने दीजिए, श्रापको मैंने मुन िया। 13 जून, 1969 का एवाई डिसीजन है एक दूमना डिसीजन है श्रीर फिर 5 फरवरी, 1970 का एवाई है: 5 फरवरी 1970 का एवाई दिसम्बर, के एवाई को सेट एसाइड करता है, जून 1969 के एवाई को सेट एसाइड नहीं करता है। यह लीगल क्वेण्यन है...

श्री राजनारायण : श्रीमन्, मैं फिर ग्रदव से साथ ग्रजं करना चाहना हूं कि सदस्यों ने जिल्होंने कार्लिंग ग्रटेंगन दिया है उनके श्रीधकारों की ग्राप रक्षा करें।

श्री उपसमापति उनका इहना है कि 13 जून, का एवाई फाइनल है।

श्री राजनारायण : हम फाइनल नहीं कह रहे हैं, हम कहते हैं कि एवार्ड कभी भी हो, एवार्ड के लिए ६ वीवन लिखा हुआ है, उस पर हम नहीं जा रहे उस पर बाद में जाएंगे। ब्राज मैं इतना बहना चाहता हूं कि जब सामला रिफर हो गया तो then and there that amount shall be paid to the Corporation. एवार्ड बाद में हो, इसलिए लिखा हुआ है कि पेंडिंग एवार्ड कारपोरेजन को वह पैसा मिल जाना जरूरी है। आगे कहा है:—

"The Centr: 1 Government shall consider the statement together with like statement rece ved from the said Committee or Services within six weeks of the date of th; decisions."

SHRI RAJNA IAIN : Was any payment made?

SHRI K. K. SHAH: But not after the decision.

(Interruptions)

में यह जातना चाहता हूं कि जब पहला रिफरेंस हुआ तो उसके ६ हफ्ते के अन्दर सेन्ट्रल गवनेमेंट ने कोई फैमला किया या नहीं, यह एक अलग चीख है, मगर उस फैसते के होने तक कीजी कमेटी को स्पया दे देना जरूरी था एकाहिंग टू दि ज्वट।

श्री के० के० शाहं: डिसीजन हो नया। डिसीजन नहीं होता तो क्या बात थी। ग्राम इसे पढ़िये। श्री के • के • काह: डिसीजन हो जाने के बाद की बात है। क्या बात करते हो भाई।

श्री राजनारायण : इसीलिए सदन का समय बचाने के लिए हमारे मित्र श्यामधर मिश्र जी ने कहा या, चेयर से पहले ही निवेदन किया था कि इतना लम्बर स्टेटमेंट है। हम तो सरकार की मदद करना चाहते हैं; मगर सरकार है कि अपने जाल में खूद उलझ गयी।

श्रो उपसभापति: श्राप का सवाल हो गया और जवाव भी हा गया। श्रव द्वाप वैटिए।

श्री राजनारायण: जवाब श्रा गया? विकत जवाब ठीक नहीं दिया है।

थी एस० डी० मिश्र : मैं एक सीधा या सवाल पुछना चाहता हं कि क्या एदाड जब दिया जाता है तो क्या दोनों पार्टीज को यह छट है कि उस को माने या न माने या सरकार यह समझती है कि दोनों पार्टीज कारपो-रेणन ग्रीर म्यनिसिपल कमेटी उस को स्वीकार करें या नहीं, क्योंकि इतने लम्बे ब्यान में जो माननीय मंत्री जी ने दिया उस में तमाम तारीखों में एवाई दिये गये भ्रोर न केवल दिये गये बल्कि वे बदलते रहे हैं। तो भ्रव भी अगर कोई एवाई देने बाले हीं तो बाद में वे उस को कब तक बदलते रहेंगे और कब उस को फाइनल समझेंगे। मैंने तो एवाई के भावने यह समझे हैं कि जो पंचनामा हो गया वह फाइनल हो गया। लेकिन तीन तारीखें माननीय मंत्री जी ने दीं कि जिन में एवाई बदलते रहें हैं और प्रभी भी वह फाइनल नहीं है। तो सरकार क्या समझती है। क्योंकि लेफ्टिनेंट गवर्नर जो कोई ऐक्जन करता है वह सेन्ट्रज गवर्नमेंट की छोर से फाइनल ऐक्लन होता है उन्होंने एक फैसला दिया, प्रमुक तारीख के बाद वह क्यों नहीं फाइनल समला गया और क्या जरूरत थी लोगों के उस पर रिप्रेजेंटेशन लेने की ? क्या जरूरत थी उन पर विचार करने की। क्या इस के मायने यह होंगे कि तब तक यह फाइनल नहीं समझा जाएगा जब तक कि म्यानिसिपल कारपोरेशन और नई दिल्ली म्यानि-सिपल कमेटी दोनों के उस पर हस्नाक्षर न हों जायं कि हम इस से संतुष्ट हैं?

श्री के के काह: मुझे साज्जुब होता है। प्रपने दोस्त को मैंन बताया कि 7 जून, 1969 को एवाई

[श्रीके० के० माही

According to the award of the 7th June, 1969, payment has been made. According to that award, nothing remains due. II is not the contention of the Corporation that according to the award of the 7th June, 1969, anything is due.

श्री एस॰ डी॰ मिश्र : मैं कारपोरेशन की ओर से नहीं बोलता। और म्युनिसिलपल कमेटी की ओर से भी नहीं बोलता। मैं कहता हूं कि वह सीधा सा जवाब क्यों नहीं देते एव ए मिनिस्टर कि एक फैसला हुआ और वह फैसला यह है। आप कंप्यूजन क्येट करना चाहते हैं।

श्री के० के० शाह: मैं कन्पयूज नहीं त्रियेट करता। यह हो गया है और यह साप के सामने रखा है।

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: All right, that is enough, I think. Papers to be laid on the Table.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

THE DRUGS AND COSMETICS (SECOND AMENDMENT) RULES, 1970

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING AND WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOP-MENT (SHRI K. K. SHAH): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, under section 38 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, a copy of the Ministry of Health, Family Planning, Works, Housing and Urban Development (Department of Health) Notification S.O. No. 2008, dated the 26th May, 1970 (in English and Hindi), publishing the Drugs and Ccsmetics (Second Amendment) Rules, 1970. [Place in Library see No. L.T.-3892/70].

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS (1968-69) OF THE NATIONAL MINERAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIOL LTD, AND RELATED PAPERS'

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS, AND MINES AND METALS (SHRI NITI RAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY; : Sir, I bet to lay on the

Table, under sub-section;!) of section 6I9A if the Companies Act, 1956, a copy each of the following papers (in English and Hindi):—

on the Table

- (i) Eleventh Annual Report and Accounts of the National Mineral Development Corporation Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1968-69, together with the Auditors' Report on the Accounts.
- (ii) Review by Government on the working of the Corporation

[Place in Library. See No. LT-3922/70 for (i), and (ii).]

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1962

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI K. R. GANESH): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, under section 159 of the Customs Act, 1962, a copy each of the following Notifications (in English and Hindi) of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue and Insurance)—

- (i) Notification G.S.R. No. 1033, dated the 11th July, 1970, together with an Explanatory Memorandum thereon.
- (ii) Notification G.S.R. No. 1095, dated the 25th July, 1970, together with an Explanatory Memorandum thereon.

[Placed in Library. See No. L.T.-3966/70 for (i) and (ii)].

ANNOUNCEMENT RE ARREST OF SHRI SURAJ PRASAD

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I have to inform Members that I have received the following telegram dated the 9th August,' 1970, from the Sub-divisional Magistrate, Dumraon:

"Shri Suraj Prasad, M.P. has been arrested to-day, the 9th August at 11-20 a.m. under section 151 Cr. P.C. while going to commit cognisable offence, i.e. criminal trespass, with purpose to forcibly occupy private land which might have led to serious clash."