

cieties. We want to start new societies and new norms wherever it is possible to do so.

**श्री राजनारायण :** मैं सरकार से यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि सरकार को इस प्रश्न का उत्तर इस प्रकार से देने में क्या दिक्कत पड़ी क्योंकि किसी के दिमाग में कोई कफ्यूजन नहीं है कि कोआपरेटिव फार्मिंग क्या है और क्लेक्टिव फार्मिंग क्या है। कोआपरेटिव फार्मिंग में खेती अपनी रहती है और क्लेक्टिव फार्मिंग में नहीं रहती है और वह सरकारी खेती है और यह सामूहिक खेती है। सहकारी और सामूहिक दोनों दो शब्द हैं। इसलिये हमारे मित्र को यह कफ्यूजन नहीं रहना चाहिये।

**डा० भाई महावीर :** कफ्यूजन मुझे तो नहीं, आप को होगा। मैंने तो यही कहा कि लोगों के मनो में खतरा है।

**श्री राजनारायण :** कोई खतरा नहीं है। हमारे देश की जनता जानती है कि सहकारी खेती क्या है और सामूहिक खेती क्या है। तो हमारा प्वायट यह है कि जो कोआपरेटिव खेती की बात आज हो रही है यह कोअपरेटिव खेती की बात कांग्रेस पार्टी ने बहुत की और सरकार ने भी बहुत की, लेकिन कोआपरेटिव खेती कहीं सफल क्यों नहीं हुई, इसका कारण क्या सरकार बता सकती है ?

**SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY :** I said, Madam, that people are not very much aware of the co-operative farming societies and the benefits flowing from them. That is one reason. Another reason is, big effort has not been made in the past to sponsor such societies in the areas which require such societies. Thirdly, as I said, some vested interests, to escape land ceiling, from such societies and exploit the co-operative field. There are several reasons. We have already drawn a distinction between joint farming societies and collective farming. Both societies do exist even today and both the types of societies did get assistance in the past. I think the joint farming societies as well as the collective societies will also continue in future.

#### SUPPLY OF FOODGRAINS TO STATES

\*793. **SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS:** Will the Minister of FOOD AND AGRICULTURE be pleased to state

(a) the names of the States which have intimated their requirements of foodgrains to be supplied by the Central Government and the Food Corporation of India in the current year to meet their deficits ;

(b) the extent of demand from each State ; and

(c) the quantity of foodgrains procured both from internal market and external sources to meet the current demand and for the creation of the buffer stock ?

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD, AGRICULTURE, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND COOPERATION (SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE) :** (a) Requirements for the whole year in respect of all foodgrains have been intimated only by the States of Maharashtra and West Bengal. Demands received from other States are either for shorter periods or *ad hoc*.

(b) The total quantities of foodgrains demanded by these States for the calendar year 1969 are —

	<i>In Lakh tonnes</i>
Maharashtra	14
West Bengal	24

(c) During the period January to July 1969 27.94 lakh tonnes of foodgrains was obtained for the Central pool from internal sources and 24.47 lakh tonnes from external sources

**SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS :** May I know from the Minister whether the recent flood and drought that have visited some of the States have been taken into consideration in the matter of evaluation of the available surplus in the country ? Secondly, may I know whether the State of Kerala which has been suffering always from food deficit has given no demand ? If so, does it show that they have turned the corner ?

**SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE :** Madam, as far as the recent floods are concerned, I have said the State Governments

have not indicated to us anything. But we are constantly in touch with them and I do not think the hon. Member should bother about them. Then, as far as Kerala's requirements are concerned, we have been supplying to Kerala . . .

**SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM :** Kerala does not arise here.

**SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE :** The question is regarding all the States. On the basis of availability and import and after taking into consideration the requirements of other States, the reasonable requirements of Kerala are being looked after.

**SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS :** May I know from the hon. Minister what the estimate of import for the current year is, taking into account the production and the natural calamities? Secondly, the Minister must have seen the news item which appeared about three days back that the U. S. A. has reduced its price. Is it going to benefit India, or will it have no effect because the arrangement has already been arrived at with the U. S. A.?

**SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE :** Madam, it is true that the international prices, particularly of wheat, have recently gone down and perhaps we may get some benefit out of it. As far as the import requirements are concerned, we expect to import broadly the same quantity as we imported last year.

**SHRI KALYAN ROY :** Is it a fact that the supply of foodgrains to the State of West Bengal is decreasing every year and, if so, what are the reasons? Secondly, is it a fact that whatever supply was made, a lot of it was unfit for human consumption? Thirdly, in view of these devastating floods in the northern part of West Bengal, is the Government contemplating to rush adequate supplies of foodgrains to the affected people, whose number is nearly one million?

**SHRI ANNASAHEB SHINDE :** Broadly, Madam, I can answer that if there is any natural calamity, it will be our endeavour to help the State Governments concerned.

**SHRI KALYAN ROY :** Madam, I seek your protection. I asked three specific questions (1) whether the supply of foodgrains to West Bengal is decreasing and, if so, what the reasons are; (2) whether a part of the supply was unfit

for human consumption; and (3) in view of this flood, are they rushing some foodgrains to the affected people. He just takes the last part and does not answer the first and second parts.

**SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM :** When the production in West Bengal will be better, when the production of paddy there will be a record production, the supply from the Centre will diminish, the demand from West Bengal will diminish and the off-take from the fair-price shops will diminish. This is a matter of ordinary commonsense.

\*624. [The questioner (Sardar Harcharan Singh Dugal) was absent. For answer, vide col. 6095 infra.]

### दण्डकारण्य परियोजना के अन्तर्गत बसाये गये कारीगर

\*794. श्री राम सहाय : क्या श्रम तथा पुनर्वासि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दण्डकारण्य परियोजना के अन्तर्गत कितने कारीगरों का पुनर्वासि किया गया; उनमें से कितने लोग वह स्थान छोड़ कर चले गये हैं और कितने वहाँ स्थायी रूप में बस गये हैं; और

(ख) स्थायी रूप से बस जाने वाले कौन-कौन से धन्धे कर रहे हैं ?

### †[ARTISANS REHABILITATED UNDER DANDAKARANYA PROJECT

\*794. SHRI RAM SAHAI : Will the Minister of LABOUR AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state :

(a) the number of artisans rehabilitated under the Dandakaranya Project; how many of them have left the place and how many have permanently settled there; and

(b) the vocations adopted by the permanent settlers?]

श्रम, सेवा नियोजन तथा पुनर्वासि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री भागवत झा आज़ाद) : (क) और (ख) जानकारी एकत्रित की जा रही है और सभा की मंज़ूर पर रख दी जायेगी।

†[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND REHABILITATION (SHRI BHAGWAT JHA AZAD) : (a)

†[] English translation.