- (ख) कितने चाय बागानों के मालिकों का इन्हें सहयोग मिल रहा है ; धौर
- (ग) विद्रोही नागाश्रों के श्रातंक से गांव वालों को बचाने के लिये भासाम के सीमावर्ती गांवों में क्या विशेष व्यवस्था की गई है?

†‡[NAGA MILITARY CANTONMENTS IN ASSAM

260. SHRI SUNDAR SINGH BHANDARI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the parts of the State of Assam where the hostile Nagas have set up their military cantonments;
- (b) the number of tea estates whose proprietors are extending cooperation to them; and
- (c) what special arrangements have been made in the border villages of Assam for protection of villagers against the terrorist activities of the hostile Nagas?]

गृह-कार्य संत्रालय मे राज्य मंत्री (श्री विद्याचरण शुक्त) : (क) स्रासाम के किसी भी भाग में विद्रोही नागास्रों द्वारा स्थापित कोई छावनियां नहीं हैं।

- (ख) हमें ऐसे किन्ही चाय बागानों के मालिकों के बारे में ज्ञान नहीं है जो भूमिगत नागात्रों की महायता कर रहे हों।
- (ग) ग्रामाम-नागालैण्ड सीमा पर रहने वाले ग्रामीणों की नागा विद्रोहियों की लूट-मार से रक्षा के लिये उचित सुरक्षात्मक प्रबन्ध किये गये हैं।

‡[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA):
(a) There are no cantonments established by hostile Nagas in any part of Assam.

(b) We are not aware of any proprietors of tea estates who may be helping the underground.

(c) Adequate security measures have been taken to protect the villagers residing on the Assam-Nagaland borders against any depredations of Naga hostiles.]

†WAGE BOARDS FOR JOURNALISTS, ETC.

286. DR. (MRS.) MANGLADEVI TALWAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Wage Boards constituted for working journalists and non-journalists have submitted their reports; and
 - (b) if not, the reason therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND REHABILITATION (SHRI L. N. MISHRA): (a) Not yet.

(b) The Wage Boards have to consider complicated question with large financial implications. The usual procedure of collecting the information through questionnaire and other sources has to be followed, and the oral evidence of the parties has also to be heard. The members of the Wage Boards are busy non-officials and the meetings have to be arranged keeping in view their convenience. This places limitations on the frequency and duration of the meetings.

CALLING ATTENTION TO A MAT-TER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

THREATENED STRIKE BY WORKERS IN VARIOUS MINES IN INDIA

SHRI D. L. SEN GUPTA (West Bengal): Sir, I beg to call the attention of the Minister of Labour and

†Transferred from the 30th May, 1967.

^{‡[]} English translation.

Rehabilitation to the threatened strike by six lakh workers in the various mines in India over their demands for the implementation of the Wage Board's recommendations and introduction of statutory rationing.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND REHABILITATION (SHRI L. N. MISHRA): Sir, the Central Wage Board for Coal Mining Industry submitted is report to the Government on 13-2-1967. The Wage Board has evolved a new wage structure. The report is unfortunately not unanimous.

As the hon. Members know, the recommendation for a new structure in the Coal Industry have important financial implications not only for the coal mining industry but also for important consumers of coal like the Railways, the Iron and Steel industry and the electricity undertakings. The selling price of coal is fixed by the Government and an increase in costs may necessitate some increase in the prices. The Tariff Commission was requested in August 1966 to go into the cost structure of the industry; the Wage Board's recommendations have also been brought to the notice of the Commission and the cost implications of these are being worked out. In view of the vital position of the industry in the country's economy, the Wage Board's recommendations call for a careful consideration. As stated in reply to a question in Lok Sabha on 5th April, 1967, Government's decisions will be announced as early as possible.

A notice has been served by the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, threatening to call a strike in 121 collieries in Bihar, after 12th June, 1967, to press the demand for early implementation of the Wage Board's Report and introduction of statutory rationing. As I have stated the Wage Board's Report is engaging Government's attention and I hope the Unions will not take

any action which may disturb industrial peace and dislocate production.

As regards statutory rationing, the hon. Members are already aware of the Government's policy that it should be introduced in stages consistent with the availability of stocks with the State Governments to fulfil the rationing commitments. Besides other places Assansol-Durgapur industrial complex in the coal mining sector has so far been covered by statutory rationing.

SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS (Orissa): In which month did the Coal Wage Board give their report?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Some time in February of this year. I will give the date. It is 13th February, 1967.

SHRI D. L. SEN GUPTA: Sir, I would like to correct one statement of the hon. Minister and say that the notice does not relate only to 123 collieries. I can refer him to today's 'The Statesman' where you have a PTI message saying that the number of collieries involved is 431. Statesman' of today contains item. But my point is not about the collieries as such. The Government of India appointed more than one Wage Board for the mining industry, one for coal, another for and yet another for iron ore and so But none of the decisions of these Wage Boards has been implemented. So the question now before the Minister is this. Has 'he Government accepted the decisions of the Wage Board for the mining industry? That is my first question My second question is, how many workers involved in the different mines in India. My third question, Sir, is what the Government proposes to do in the event of the employers not implementing the Wage Board's decisions. I shall put my other questions later.

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Sir, as I have said, notice of strike has been received from the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh in respect of 121 collieries. But I do appreciate the point that a strike

[Shri L. N. Mishra.]

when it takes place will not remain confined to these collieries alone. It may involve 800 or more collieries and it may cover all 'he workers also. I do appreciate that point. But I can say that so far as the implementation of the Wage Board's recommendations is concerned, we have implemented the recommendations of most of the Wage Boards, barring one or two, whose recommendations are under consideration. The Coal Wage Board took five years to submit its report. It had made two interim reports and we implemented those interim commendations. On the final recommendations we hope to be able to give a final decision in the course of a month.

SHRI D. L. SEN GUPTA: Sir, the Minister has not yet answered question. My question is: What do the Government propose to do respect of those recommendations which were accepted by the Government but not implemented by the employers?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: The first point is, as you know yourself, Sir, what is causing headache to the Government is that most of the Wage Boards have not become statutory. except in the case of the Working Journalists. So the decisions have to be implemented by the managements through the agency of the State Governments and we are trying to get them implemented. This question is engaging our attention, namely, how to get the recommendations implemented. I may report that the results have not been so bad as the hon. Member seems to make out here. I may say that in the case of the Wage Board for the engineering industry-and that is the Wage Board which perhaps has met with the severest resistance from the employers—the implementation has been more than 80 per cent. In the case of other Wage Boards also their recommendations have been implemented.

SHRI D. L. SEN GUPTA: Sir, he has not said yet what the Government propose to do in respect of

those employers who do not implement the Wage Board decisions.

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: The question is this. The Wage Board recommendations are tripartite recommendations; the employees, the Management and the Government come to certain decisions. When the recommendations announced, we request management to implement them and we use the Sate Governments to look after the implementation. At the moment we have no statutory power for enforcing implementation of the recommendations of the Wage Board. That has been one Of points under consideration by Government for some time past. As I said, at the moment we have no statutory powers to force the employers to implement the recommendations of the Wage Board.

SHRI M. P. BHARGAVA (Uttar Pradesh): May I know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that if the Wage Board recommendations are accepted in toto, it would mean that the coal will be selling at Rs. 10 per the serious maund and whether labour situation prevailing in Bengal and Bihar today has anything to do with the Wage Board recommendations or are the reasons for that situation somewhere else serious because the hon. Minister aware that there have been even political murders in labour areas during the last two months?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: It is a fact that our experience so far has been that whenever there has been a rise in wages-whether as a result of the recommenda ion of the Wage Board or not-there has been simultaneous rise in prices also. As I stated earlier, when we implemented the first interim recommendation there was a rise in price; again when we implemented the second interim recommendation there was a rise in price. So whatever . . .

NIREN GHOSH (West SHRI Bengal): On the basis of what information do you assert that the rise in wages leads to a rise in prices? On the contrary, I say that it is due to the Government's policy of . . .

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: I am only telling you that this has been our experience that whenever there has been a rise in wages there has been a rise in price. It is a different thing whether I subscribe to this view or not.

(Interruptions.)

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA (West Bengal): Sir, what is this? What is he saying? The statistics provided by the Ministry show that the wage rise limps behind the rise in prices.

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Mr. Bhupesh Gupta, I appreciate your point. That might not be the case but our unfortunate experience has been that whenever we have tried to raise the wages there has been a demand for raising the price also. You must be knowing; you are the workers' representative. You were also there in the Wage Board for the coal industry and you must be knowing this.

MR. CHAIRMAN: All right; Mr. Chordia.

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: But let me finish my answer to Shri M. P. Bhargava's question.

question important It is a very about the labour situation in the coal mining areas of Bihar and Bengal, I must say that we are very unhappy at what is happening there. As he said, it is not related to the recommendation of the Wage Board. Some kind of political agitation is going on in that area and it is a fact that there murders have been a number of there was a Recently also there. brutal murder of an S. S. P. leader, Mr. B. P. Jha. He was the leader of the H. M. S. and he was murdered by some people led by a Member of Assembly Bengal Legislative the belonging to the Left Communists.

public importance
That kind of thing is going on there and the situation is very bad. Therefore I would appeal to hon. Members to take a sympathetic view of the situation and not to precipitate matters. I would appeal to them...

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Are you sure of the statement you are making?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Yes, I am sure of the fact, that . . .

(Interruptions.)

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Would you give all the information or shall I give you some information?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: That is what I have got with me.

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Then why do you say like this?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: The hon. Members there asked the question and I have got to give the reply.

SHRI M. P. BHARGAVA: May 1 know from the hon. Minister whether any representations have been received in the Ministry of Labour and Employment about the situation in the Bihar and Bengal mining areas and whether these representations have been received from any particular trade union or from several trade unions?

SHR L. N. MISHRA: We have received a number of representations from trade unions and from managements also. It is a fact that there is demand for the implementation of the recommendations of the Wage Board and the working class has got a case also because of the rise in prices. I have been to the area recently and they are having a very bad time. I have every sympathy for the workers

[Shri L. N Mishra]

and the Government is very serious to implement the recommendations of the Wage Board So far as the representations are concerned, many of the trade unions have been writing to us and sending us telegrams about the aggressive attitude of some of the other trade unions which are determined to oust them from the field.

श्री विमलकुमार मञ्जालालजी चौरडिया श्रीमान ने बताया कि वेज (मध्य प्रदेश) बढाने के बाद प्राइसेज भी बढेंगी । मगर ग्रसली बात तो यह है कि हमारी सरकार की जो अर्थ-नीति आजतक चली आ रही है उससे महंगाई बढ़नी है महगाई से वस्त होकर मजदूर ऋाप से वेज मांगता है। तो इस दृष्टि से मल में ग्नाह है केन्द्र सरकार की नीतियो का। मै जानना हुं आप "एज भलीं ऐक पा-सिबल" उस पर निर्णय करके इम्पलीमेंट करना चाहते हैं, ग्राप बहुत सीरियस भी है, लेकिन ग्रमी तक कुछ हो नहीं पा रहा है। भापने कासोलियेशन करने की कोशिश की, वह भी ग्रापका शायद सफल हो नहीं पाया। यह सारा होते के बाद 12 जून नजदीक आ गया । भ्रापका क्या योजना है जिससे झगड़ा भी टल सके और वेतन भी उनको ठीक मिल सके?

दूसरी बात, जैसा कि माननीय भागंध माहब ने कहा कि बेज बोर्ड की सिफारिशों को पूरी तरह से इम्पलीमेट करने से कोयला 10 हु॰ मन हो जायेगा, तो क्या यह बात मही नहीं है कि यदि मजदर लोग निश्चय कर ले, और लोग निश्चय कर ले कि हम काम नहीं करेंगे, 'गो म्लो वर्क', करेंगे, तो स्या नैसा करने से कीमत 15 हु॰ मन नहीं बढ सकती ? क्यो नहीं हमारी मरकार बीच में एक एजेंसी का काम करती, मजदूरों और मालकों के बोच ऐमा नालमेंल बिठाती, जिससे हडताल भी टल, जिससे मंहगाई भी नहीं हो और उत्पादन भी बढ़ सके—इमके लिये मरकार स्या सोच रही है ?

श्री लजित नारायण निश्र : जहा तक हड़ताल टालने का सवाल है हमने उत्तर में भी कहा है । हमने मजदूर नेताग्रों से बात-चीत की, उनसे मुलाकात की, ग्रौर पिछले हफ्ते उनसे भ्राग्रह किया कि हडताल थोड़े दिन के लिये बद करो। जहा तक वेज बोर्ड के रिकमेडशन का सवाल है हम उसको कार्यान्वित करना चाहते हैं ग्रीर यह देखना चाहते है कि इस महीने, जुन के अन्त तक, जरूर इसको कुछ न कुछ कार्यान्वित कर दें, भ्रौर करने वाले है। जहाँ तक कीमत बढ़ने का प्रश्न है, भागव साहब ने सही कहा। एक ग्रजीब सा मामला है जिसको हम व्हिशस सर्किल कहते हैं। हम वेज बढाते हैं तो कीमते बढ़ती हैं श्रीर कीमतें दिती है तो वेज बढ़ाने की बात कही जाती है। हम यह नही समझते दोष कहा है। लेकिन ग्रीर कोई उपाय नही। श्रभी गजेन्द्रगडकर कमीशन की रिकमन्डेशन श्राई है डियरने। "यलाउना को बायत यह मैं मानता हं, कीमत बढा देने से, मजदूरी बढा देने से होता कुछ नही है। मजदूरी बढ़ा देने से कीमत बढ़ती है स्रीर मजदूरी बढ़ती है तो कीमतें बढ़ती हैं। इसका एक तरीका हो सकता है कि दैनिक जीवन की वस्तूएं सही दाम पर दी जायें स्रौर उनकी हालत मे सुधार हो । हमने कोलियरीज मे बहत सी कोग्रापरटिव्ह फेयर प्राइस शाप्स हैं भौर माननीय सदस्य को खुशी होगी जान-कर कि जहा 10 लाख रु० की ग्राट दी गयी थी कोग्रापरेटिव्ह के जरिये, ग्रभी तक जो मुझे खबर है पिछले महीने तक की वहा 1 करोड 78 लाख रु० का सामान मजदूरी के लिये दिया जा चुका है। लेकिन मुसीबत यह है कि हम श्रन्न न ही दे सके है उस को-म्रापरेटिव्ह के जरिये । कुछ स्टेट गवर्नमेटस भ्रान देती हैं भ्रौर यह स्टेट गवर्नमेट का काम है, चाहे बिहार हो, चाह बगाल हो, वे **ग्रन्न** सस्ते भाव पर दुकानो मे पहुचाये । वह पहु-चता नहीं जिससे मजदूरों की तकलीफ बढ़ती है।

SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS: The colliery areas cover a part of Bihar, Bengal, Orissa and Madhya Pradesh and there is simmering discontent amongst the workers not only because the Award has not been implemented but the Wage Board itself took up due time in giving its final recommendations. The recommendations came in the month of February. May I know what minimum wage has been recommended by the Wage Board and what the existing wage is. I also want to know from the hon. Minister whether he knows that the Regional Labour Commissioner at Dhanbad conducted conciliation proceedings because of the strike notice and that has failed and all those workers in those 431 collieries are going to strike from June 20th.

SHRI D. L. SEN GUPTA: June 12th.

SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS: Yes, May I know from the Minister what steps he is taking to see that the recommendations are implemented as early as possible or to see that an assurance is given to the workers before they resort to the strike? second question I want to know from the hon. Minister is when the Wage Board has recommended about giving certain extra benefits in terms finance why are they thinking οf giving them in kind instead of in terms of fittance?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: I have not said that I am thinking in terms of giving in kind or anything. suggested that the best remedy would be that. So far as the delay is concerned, it is a fact that Board took a little longer time. was appointed in August, 1962 and it submitted its report in February, 1967. So far as the major recommendations are concerned, as you know till we come to some final conclusions, it will not be advisable to give out the details of the recommendations.

SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS: Mr. Chairman, I want to know the major recommendations, one or two items, of the Wage Board. It is not a secret document. Why is he not giving it?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: It is secret till we come to a decision. That is what I have said.

SHRI P. K. KUMARAN (Andhra Sir, on a point of order. Pradesh): It is a tripartite body in which the employers, employees, the Government and certain independent members were represented. They made certain recommendations. Why should the Government keep the recommendations to themselves, without giving the information? Why should they keep it as a secret document till they come to a decision? The employers also know the contents of the document.

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: The hon. Member must know that the employees' representatives know the nature of the recommendations. They have signed the report. There is an understanding that they will not give it out till some decisions are arrived at. That is our mutual understanding.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Jagat Naraïn.

श्री जगत नारायण (हरियाणा) : मैं वजीर साहब से यह जानना चाहता हूं कि जिस मजदूर संघ ने स्ट्राइक का नोटिस दिया है कि 12 जून से माइन्स में हड़ताल होगी तो उनके नेताओं तथा इन्टक के नेताओं के साथ उन्होंने कोई बातचीत होई है तो उसमें क्या फैंसला हुआ ? अब जबिक 12 तारीख को हड़ताल हो रही है तो क्या वजीर साहब वहां पर खुद तशरीफ ले जायेंगे ताकि इस हड़ता को टाला जा सके? सरकार मजदूरों की मांग की पूरा करे क्योंकि ऐसा न हो कि सारे हिन्दु-स्तान में कोयला जाना ही बन्द हो जाय, गाड़ियां बंद हो आयें और लोगों के कूक्द

[श्री जगत नारायण]
ही चलाने बंद हो जायें। यह एक सीरियस
मामला है श्रीर इस पर सरकार को जल्द
से जल्द ध्यान देना चाहिये ।

Calling Attention

मेरा दूसरा सवाल यह है कि वहां पर किसी एस • एस • पी • लीडर का कत्ल कर दिया गया, तो मैं वजीर साहब से पूछना चाहता हूं कि क्या किसी के खिलाफ कोई एक शन लिया गया या नहीं क्यों कि यह एक सीरियन चीज है और एक लीडर का कत्ल हुआ है और इस वक्त तक उन्होंने कोई एक शन नहीं लिया।

मेरा तोसरा सवाल यह है क्या कोलि-यारी क्षत्र में मजदूरों के लिये फेयर प्राइस शाप खोली गई हैं या नहीं और वहां पर स्टैं-च्युटरी राशनिंग की दूकाने खोलने का प्रबन्ध क्यों नहीं किया गया है ताकि मजदूरों को सस्ता अमाज मिल सके ?

श्री लित नारायण क्थि: जहां तक हड़ताल का सवाल है, जब हमें इसके बारे में नोटिस मिला तो हमने वहां पर सब पार्टियों के नेता श्रों से वातकी ते की जिसमें इन्टक के नेता भी थे। इसमें में कुछ लोगों के साथ हमने बात जीत की श्रीर कुछ के साथ आफिसरानों ने बात की श्रीर इस बारे में मीटिक्स भी हुई श्रीर उसमें हमने यह श्राग्रह किया कि इस हड़ताल को टाला जाना चाहिये क्योंकि तबतक वेजबोर्ड का फैसला हो जायगा। श्राज 9 तारीख है श्रीर श्रभी इस जून महीने के करीब 21 दिन बाकी है श्रीर तब तक हम कोई त कोई फैसला कर ही लेंगे। मेरा ख्याल है कि हड़ताल नहीं होंगी।

जहा तक फेयर प्राइस शास्त का खोलने संबंध है, हमने कोलियरीज के इलाके मे श्राइमरी स्टोर्स खोल रखे हैं और जैसा कि मैंने अभी बतलाया कि उममें एक करोड़ 78 लाख रुपये की वीर्जे बिकी हैं। लैकिन बंगाल और बिहार सरकारों की भी अपनी दिकत्ते है। इनके पास गल्ले की कमी है जिसकी वजह से इन इन दुकानों में गरूला नहीं मिल सकता है भीर वे इन्डस्ट्रियल एरिया के लिये कोई खास एलाटमेंट नहीं कर सकते हैं। इस तरह की वहां पर दिक्कत है।

तीसरी बात भ्रापने वहां पर वी॰ मी॰ झा के कत्ल के बारे में पूछी। यह एक दुखद घटना है श्रीर इसके बारे में हमें पिछल चार तारीख को इतवार के दिन पहले खबर मिली थी। हमने इस बारे में बंगाल गवर्नकट से भी पूछा था श्रीर श्री सुबोध बनर्जी से भी पूछा था तो उन्होंने हमें बतलाया कि उनका कत्ल हुमा है। (Interr proons) में श्री नीरेन घोष को कैसे समझाऊं। भ्रगर मुझे इजाजत हो तो मैं यह रिपोर्ट पढ़ दूं ता के इस बारे में जा गलतफ मी है का दूर हा जाये श्रीर सही बात मालूम हा ना । According to the report received by us on the 4th June

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Who sent the report?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Government received it.

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Sent by the West Bengal Government?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: No. Through our own machinery, I may tell you . . .

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: He should tell us which is the source—Government of West Bengal or, the Home Department. Which machinery is that?

श्री राजनः रायण (उत्तर प्रवेश) : मेरा एक प्वाइन्ट श्राफ श्रार्डर है। मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि कल भी मैंने श्रापसे इजाजत ली मगर जब रेशानी इतनी श्रा गई कि मैने श्रपने जजवात को रोका रखा। श्री ए० के० गोपालन ने कहा "डूनाट परस्पृ 3209

दिस मैटर टुडे"। जब हमने यह सवाल उठाया तो सरकार के पास जानकारी थी। मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं ग्रौर इसलिये मैं पढ़ रहा हूं।

मैं ग्राज दिनांक 8 जून, 67 को गृह-मंत्री का ध्यान ग्रविलम्बनीय लोक महत्व के प्रश्न की ग्रोर ग्राकृष्ट करना चाहता हूं :

"प्रिद्धि मजदूर नैता व संयुक्त यं शलिस्ट पार्टी के स:स्य श्री बनारसी प्रसाद झा, जनरल सेक्रेटरी, हिन्दी मजदूर सभा कोवाड: कोलियरी, ग्रासन सोल की भ्रपनी ्यं य ि मीटिंग करते समय 4 जून, 1967 को दिन के दस बजे सूरज की रोंशनी में हमला करके हत्या कर दी गई। जानकार सूत्रों से पता चला है कि इसमें मार्कसवाकी कम्युनिस्टों का हाथ है। लगातार समाचार पत्नों में प्रकाशित होने तथा पश्चिमी बंगाल सरकार से सवाल ग्राने के बाद भी ग्रभी त्तक इ। मंबध में कोई गिरफ्तारी नही हुई है जिससे सभी पार्टियों ग्रौर विभिन्न समाज के श्रंगों में क्षोभ व्याप्त है। मै इस तथ्य की म्रोर सरकार का ध्यान म्राकर्षित करना चाहता हं।"

श्रीमन्, श्री विलोकी सिंह जो हमारे इस हाउस के मेम्बर है उन्होंने एक मीटिंग में यह कहा था:

"The Committee expressed its alarm at the growing menace of "gheraos . . ."

PANDIT S. S. N. TANKHA (Uttar Pradesh): What is his point of order?

SHRI RAJNARAIN: Just hear me. Let me explain what the point of order is. I am going to explain it.

मेरा प्वाइंट ग्राफ ग्रार्डर यह है कि हमने एक कालिंग एटेम्शन नोटिस दिया था मगर मंत्रः जी ने उसका जवाव नहीं दिया जबकि उनके पास इन्फारमेशन थी । इस तरह से हमारे 'कालिंग एटेन्शन के नोटिस को दबा दिया जाता है ग्रीर दूसरे ढुंग से, इनडाइरेक्टली सवाल का जवाब दे दिया जाता है । MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Rajnarain, no doubt, gave the notice, but we did not admit it at the time. Now, you have an opportunity.

SHRI RAJNARAIN: You told me that it had to be sent to the Minister concerned.

यह इतना श्रहम सवाल है कि जो सारे देश की राजनीति में एक नया मोड़ ले सकता है। ऐसे महत्वपूर्ण प्रश्न की एक्सेप्ट क्यों नहीं किया गया और उसका जवाब क्यों नहीं दिया गया ?

श्री लिश्त नारायण िश्य : जहां तक कालिंग एटेन्शन नोटिस का सवाल है, वह हमें नहीं मिला और मैं इस सवाल में जाना नहीं चाहता हूं। जहां तक खून का सवाल है कि श्री बी॰ पी॰ झा का खून हुआ, तो यह प्रान्तीय सरकार का प्रश्न है और जहां तक ला एंड ग्रार्डर का सवाल है वह गृह मंत्रालय से संबंधित है। श्री भागंव साहब के प्रश्न पर मैने यह कहा था कि वहां पर जो इस समय अनरेस्ट और अव्यवस्था फली हुई है वह शायद वेजवोर्ड की वजह से हो। इसीलिए मैं श्री जगत नारायण के सवाल के जवाब में रिपोर्ट पढ़ना...

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Whose report is it?

श्री लित नारायण निश्च : लेकिन मैं इतना कहना चाहता हूं कि मैं खुद इस घटना से दुखी हूं जब से इतवार के दिन मुझे इस खून की खबर मिली । श्री झा मुझ से मिलने के लिए मेरे कमरे में श्राये थे श्रीर उन्होंने मुझ से कहा था कि भविष्य में मेरी मुलाकात हो सकेगी कि या नहीं, मैं जिन्दा रह सकूंगा कि नहीं क्योंकि वहां पर श्रराजकता छाई हुई है जिसकी क्जह से कोलियरी में मेरा जीना मुक्किल ही जायेगा । हमने कहा यह बात क्या करते हो । इसलिए हम वहन बड़ी तकलीफ हुई कि वे कत्ल किये गये क्योंकि वे एक बड़ नेता थे । He was a veteran trade union leader यह बंगाल के लेबर मिनस्टर ने भी

(श्री ललित नरायण मिश्र]

हमसे कहा। लेकिन यह मेरी खबर है। बंगाल की स्टेट गवनंमेंट से मुझे सूचना नहीं मिली है। वे भजने वाले हैं। गृह मंत्रालय से थोड़ी सी सूचना मिली है। लेकिन यह श्राप जानते हैं कि कोयला, कोयला खदान जो है श्रीर उसका इंडस्ट्रियल रिलेशन जो है वह सेंट्रल सब्जेक्ट है, प्रांतीय सरकार का सब्जेक्ट नहीं है। इमलिये हमारा भी कुछ इस पर हक हो जाता है श्रीर वहां पर शांति रखने की तरफ हम भी ध्यान देते हैं श्रीर हमारे श्रार० एल० सी० हैं, ग्रसिस्टेंट लेबर किमश्नर हैं, श्रारजी लेबर श्राफिसर हैं। उन लोगों ने कुछ सूचना हमारे पास भेजी है, लेकिन उसे मैं पढ़ना नहीं चाहता।

SHRI JAGAT NARAIN: Ask him to read the statement.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Next item.

SHRI NIREN GHOSH: Something has been said. Certainly I have something to say on it. Though I do not want to go into details, I take this opportunity to declare that our party has nothing to do with the murder that has taken place. There are other informations also. Since there is another Left party, I do not want to quarrel with another Left party. But as far as our Party is concerned, our Party has nothing to do with We have not indulged in murder. this thing. We decry these things. There has been attack on workers. something like that happened, I not want to go into detail. I am sorry that the Government of India without getting information from the Bengal Government, without getting full facts of the situation, took this step. It is extremely regrettable.

DR. B. N. ANTANI (Gujarat): Could I have a chance . . .

MR. CHAIRMAN: I will come to you. Mr. Rajnarain, you finish.

श्री राजनारायण : श्रीमन्, मेरा प्वाइन्ट यह है कि मुझे वड़ी प्रसन्ता है भ्रपने मित्र, श्री नीरेन घोष का यह बयान सुन कर के कि उनकी पार्टी का इस मर्डर में हाथ नहीं है। मैं यह जरूर चाहता हूं कि जो श्री नीरेन घोष कहते हैं वह बात सही हो क्योंकि यही इस देश की विरोधी राजनीति को ठोस और वतमान कांग्रेसी सरकार को हटा कर के बढ़िया सरकार बनाने के लिये कारगर होगा। हमारी यह पायस विश है कि नीरेन घोष जी ने जो बात कही वही सत्य हो। मेरा निवेदन यह है कि अब जब यह सवाल इतना उठ गया है (Interruptions)

श्रो विमलकुनार मन्नालालजो चौरज़िया : आदमी मर गया सब से बड़ा सत्य यही है ।

श्री राजनारायण: मेरे पास दो श्रोरिजनल लेटर्स हैं जिन पर श्री बी० पी० झा के सिगनेचर से वहां के चीफ मिनिस्टर को लिखा है श्रीर श्री बी० पी० झा ने अपने सिगनेचर से वहां के चीफ मिनिस्टर को लिखा है श्रीर श्री बी० पी० झा ने वहां के कलेक्टर को लिखा है (Interruptions) उन्होंने 16 मई को लिखा है श्रीर 14 मई को लिखा है। ये दो लेटर हैं। यह सिद्ध करते हैं कि वहां मजदूर श्रांदोलन की स्थिति क्या है। मैं चाहूंगा कि वे लेटर्स भी सदन की मेज पर रखे जाय।

दूसरी बात मैं यह निवेदन करना चाहता हूं कि श्री विलोकी सिंह जी इस सदन के सम्मानित सदस्य हैं। विलोकी सिंह जी ने बिल्कुल साफ साफ इस बात को कहा था। उन्हीं की प्रसिडेंटेशिप में जो डिसीजन लिया गया है उसकी एक लाइन मैं श्राप की इजाजत से पढ़ना चाहता हूं:

"The Committee recall the stabbing of a Praja Socialist in Belghoria, the attacks on the houses of S.S.P. leaders, the attack on the S.S.P. State office and murder of B. P. Jha, a leading trade unionist and former M.L.A."

विलोकी सिंह जी की प्रसिडेंटशिप में परसों पी॰ एस॰ पी॰ की नेशनल कमेटी की बैठक हुई थी जिस में यह बात साफ कही गई। श्रीमन्, ग्राप जानते हैं कि मैं ग्रपने जजबात को छिपाना नहीं जानता, लेकिन, 4 तारीख से मैंने अपनः जजबात छिपाया । जो एक टाप मोस्ट लीडर हैं, ट्रेड युनियनिस्ट, हिन्द मजुदूर सभा के सदस्य, वे वहां गये ग्रीर वहां जा कर सारी इनक्वारी की और जब जानकारी हम को हो गई तब मैं ग्राप की खिदमत में हाजिर हुमा । म्रब जब यह सवाल उठ गया है तो यह हराधन राय कौन हैं, राबिन चटर्जी कौन हैं, इन लोगों की जानकारी होनी चाहिये कि किस पार्टी से ये सम्बन्धित हैं और इस बात की भी जानकारी होनी चाहिये कि जब मर्डर हुमा तो उस समय वहां ये थे या नहीं सौर सगर थे तो इनके हाथों में क्या चीजें थी ग्रौर क्या नहीं थी । हम चाहते हैं कि चाहे वह लेफ्ट कम्युनिस्ट हों, चाहे राइट कम्युनिस्ट हों, चाहे संसोपा के हों, चाहे फार्वर्ड ब्लाक के हों, चाहे प्रजा सोशलिस्ट पार्टी के हों, भ्राज जितनी कांग्रेस विरोधी पार्टियां हैं, हम तो जनसंघ ग्रौर स्वतंत्र पार्टी को मिलाना चाहते हैं, सब को मिल कर और ज्वाइन्ट फंट बना कर इस ऐंटी नेशनल कांग्रेस गवर्नमेंट को खत्म करना चाहिये, लेकिन यह जो इस तरह की घटनाएं होती हैं, इनसे हमारे रास्ते में बाधा पड़ेगी।

MR. CHAIRMAN: I would like to say this. So far as this murder is concerned it really relates to the local Government there. It should be the object of everyone of us that justice is done. Whoever is murdered, it is the local, State Government that has to go into these matters. You may place all your views before them. Also I am sure the Central Government will take interest to see that all information is secured.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: I just did not want to take part but in the statement he made unnecessarily all these things were brought in. It was

started by the Minister. (Interruption). First of all, you are quite right that the West Bengal State Government consists of a'l the parties concerned. The S.S.P. is also there. I think if they have any grievance against each other, it is better they talk it over, and the West Bengal Government, I understand, is seized They will come out of the matter. with their finding. As you know, I am trying to be helpful. As far as the Left parties of the opposition are concerned, I am not in favour of their even quarrelling with each other or decrying each other, leave alone killing each other. This is my view. I should be very happy if they are all united in a common front settle all their quarrels. This is law and order question. I am reading the Bengal papers carefully. Different versions have appeared. Is it not better that the parties who are the settle this governing parties there there, and also the Central Government get in touch with the West Bengal State Government? Let the law take its course. There is no fear of mismanagement for the simple reason that almost all the 14 parties in West Bengal are Left parties...

(Interruption.)

MR. CHAIRMAN: Dr. Antani.

DR. B. N. ANTANI: I am grateful to the Chair for having looked at this part of the corner.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I generally look to all sides.

DR. B. N. ANTANI: I am very lucky this afternoon.

MR. CHAIRMAN: You should not impute any motive to me.

DR. B. N. ANTANI: In fairness to the House, I believe the Minister has got some report with him which he should read before the House. Secondly, in the case of this murder, has the Minister personally visited the particular mine where the murder is alleged to have been committed.

[Shri B. N. Antani.]

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Third y, is it a fact that the personnel of the management of the mine is not allowed to enter this area? Loes it not amount to this that in the name of co-operative mining only one section of the Congress co-operative movement is being encouraged? this all amounts to this, is it not a question of either govern or get out?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: Unfortunately I have not been able to visit the place. I had been to that area about five or six weeks back. I have not visited there after this murder which happened last week. Regarding the management not going to the mine, it is a fact that there is panic in the area the management people and other people have run away. I am not aware whether this particular management is there or not. There is no question of encouraging co-operative to take over this mine.

SHRI M. V. BHADRAM Pradesh): Sir, the hon. Minister has stated before that the Report of the Wage Board is not unanimous, that the Wage Board itself had made delay in submitting its Report. He has admitted it. He has also admitted that the Report has been submitted to the Government, I think, in February, 1967. It is already four months. It is because of the delay workers are agitated throughout the mines, particularly the coal mines. May I know whether it is a fact that the Government had convened tripartite meeting some time in April to thrash out the differences a view to arriving at an agreed solution to accept the recommendations but that the meeting had been postponed? Is it a fact or not? If it is a fact, what is the Government going to do to take an early decision so that the Wage Board's recommendations will be out and they will be implemented?

SHRI L. N MISHRA: have 1 assured already that we are our best to come to a decision soon as possible and it will never be beyond 30th June, 1967.

SHRI M. M. DHARIA (Manarashtraj. During the course of the discussion just now, the hon. Mr. Rajnarain has brought a very serious matter before this House. It is true tnat so far as law and order of West Bengal is concerned, it is with State Government. However, Rajnarain, who belongs to a party which is also a part of that Government, has come before the House with a complaint. He has given a Calling Attention Notice. Besides, the Praja Socialist Party has also made very wild allegations and they have stated that law and order has already failed and tactics like Telengana have been started by the Communist Under these circumstances, I feel that the Calling Attention Notice given by Mr. Rajnarain should kindly be allowed: it should be discussed. The State Government shall have to publish its report

(Interruptions)

MR. CHAIRMAN: I think we have had sufficient discussion in the matter. I do not allow any further discussion. Papers to be laid on the Table.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

NOTIFICATION UNDER THE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT, 1947

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EM-PLOYMENT AND REHABILITA-TION (SHRI L. N. MISHRA): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, under subsection (3) of section 40 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, a copy of the Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) Notification S. O. No. 1776, dated the 10th May, 1967. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-542/67].

ANNUAL REPORT (1964-65)OF THE Institute of SCIENCE, BANGALORE

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION (DR. TRIGUNA SEN): Sir, I beg