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SHRI LOKANATH MISRA Sir, on a point of order The Minister does not understand the question

MR CHAIRMAN Let the M mis ter reply

SHRI LOKANATH MISRA He has not understood it

SHRI DINESH SINGH The hon Member has come to a conclusion without giving me a chance to say what I was going to say

SHRI LOKANATH MISRA In the beginning you said it did not alise out of this

MR CHAIRMAN He did not say that

SHRI DINESH SINGH What I was trying to say was at what price we offer this is our responsibility. It is for us to settle this with the Government, with the transport with the mine-owners and everybody else concerned at what cheapest price we can get it to the port Therefore, we discuss with the foreign buyers at what price it will be available to them It is not really a matter at what price we should get internally ourselves, that we have not to discuss, but at what price we are going to sell them is what we are going to discuss with them

श्री राजनशरायग श्रगर माननीय, मन्नी जी सवाल का सीधा उत्तर नही दे सकते हैं, तो उन्हें कहन चाहिए कि मुझे नोटिस चाहिए श्रीर तीन बार से उसी बात को वे रिपीट करते जा रहे हैं। मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि 1965-66 में, 1966-67 में श्रीर 1967-68 में कितनी क्वान्टिटी में निर्यात होगा ? उसके रेट 1965-66 में क्या थे 1966-67 में क्या थे श्रीर 1967-68 में क्या रहेगे, मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं?

श्री दिनेश सिंह मुझे खुशी है सभापित महोदय, कि माननीय सदस्य ने एक सवाल तो साफ पूछा। अगर पहले ही वे साफ ाल पूछ लेते तो में बता देता जैसा कि भैते अर्ज किया कि 1967-68 में क्या दान ह गे, इसके बारे में अभी बात चल रही हैं कि आगे किस दाम पर भेजा जायेगा। हम पत्ता से दाम व नहीं करते हैं और उसी साल के अन्दर तय करते हैं। आजकल उनके गतचीत चल ही के किस दाम पर हम उनका बेचेंगे।

SHRIP K KUMARAN May I know from the hon Minister whether the Japanese experts team which visited India recently were taken to the Bellary-Hospet area to examine whether they can export ore from that alea? If so, what has been the conclusion which has been arrived at with them regarding the exporting of non ore from that area?

SHRI DINESH SINGH I cannot sa exactly about the particular place the hon Member has in mind, whethe they went there or not But as we know, 5 million tonnes roughly of the ore that goes to Japan come from the Goan mills, 280 million tonnes come from all others combined, and about 2 million tonnes from the Chriburu ore

Ex gratia pension for retired Railway employees

*65 SHRI T V ANANDAN Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Railway employees who retired before 1st April, 1957 would be granted an ex-aiatia pension from January, 1967 and
- (b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI PARIMAL GHOSH) (a) Yes

(b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House

STATEMENT

The engratia pensions will be granted to railway employees who retired from Government Railways on Contributory Provident Fund System prior to 1157 after completing 20 year continuous service and are still alive. The rates of these pensions are—

Pav diaw i by the employee at the time of retirement ex-gratia pension

Rs pm	R* pm
80 or le s .	15 00
Above 30 nd upto 130	17 50
Above 130 and upto 200	20 00
Above 200 a 1.1 upto 500	22 50

SHRIT V ANANDAN Su, as por the statement it is revealed that all tnese non-gazetted employees whose pay under the First Pay Commission was Rs 500 and below are entitled to this ex-gratia pensionary benefit May I know from the Railway Minister wnether it is not a fact that such of those pre-1931 staff who retired pilor to 1957 were entitled to the pre-1931 scale of Rs 650, although they were non-gazetted? They are denied all this pensionary benefit Is it intention to deny it to this class III staff whose maximum was Rs 650 in the pre-1931 scale?

SHRI C M POONACHA Thore had been some administrative difficulties, Prior to 1957, such of those employees who retired, some of them belonged to the Government ways of Indian States and some of them to the privately owned companies railways Therefore, there had been certain difficulties in the matter of deciding the quantum of the exgratia pensionary benefit in those But since the matter urged on the floor of this House as well as in the other House several times this question was further examined and in addition to the lump sum gratuity they drew or the provident fund payment they drew at the time of retirement and additional exgratia payment has been agreed upon which is equivalent to the extra benefits that were extended to similar staff after 1957, people who retired on the pension scheme. These extra benefits which accrued to smilar staff who retired after 1957 have been now made available to the class of employees referred to. It is an exgratia payment, and an ad hoc arrangement to help maximum number of employees who came under this particular scheme.

SHRI T V ANANDAN The point is that in the First Pay Commission the maximum scale given to the nongazetted employees was Rs 500 although it was Rs 650 prior to the First Pay Commission Such of those people who belonged to the companis-I am not referring to the State Railways the Maharajahs' Railways, I am referring to the Indian Railways which were managed by the companies which were brought under the State, that is the Central Government, from 1944—and who retired prior to 1957 drawing a scale of Rs 650 are denied this, by fixing maximum at Rs 500 under the First Pay Commission Therefore, I would like to know whether the Railway Ministry will revise it to become applicable to those class III servants who were drawing Rs 650 prior to 1st April 1957

POONACHA The SHRI C M maximum that could be done under the circumstances has been done, it is an ex-gratia payment, an ad hoc decision We hope that this would meet the maximum number of people who retired prior to 1957 and who had put in a continuous service of 20 years That is also another criterion-20 years of continuous service. It is not merely the scale of pay that they drew So all these conditions have been taken into consideration and we have come to a sort of ad hoc arrangement that would help maximum number of such people whose cases deserved to be examined by the Railways

SHRI A D MANI May I draw the attention of the Minister to the

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statement? It is stated therein that for persons drawing Rs. 80 or less the amount of ex-gratia pension is Rs. 15 above Rs. 80 and up to Rs. 130 it is Rs. 17.50; above Rs. 130 and Rs. 200, it is Rs. 20; andabove Rs. 200 and up to Rs. 500, it is Rs. 22.50. When it has been split into 50 np., there must be some principle on which the scheme has been worked May I ask the Minister throw some light on the principle governing this ex gratia payment?

SHRI C. M. POONACHA: As I mentioned earlier, this broadly is the additional margin of pensionary benefit that was subsequently agreed to given to class III staff after 1957 i.e. extra margin that was given to those who opted to the pension scheme and retired as such, that additional marginal benefit that was extended to them has also been given to those who retired prior to 1957, and who had put in a continuous service of 20 years.

SHRI D. THENGARI: Here, the rates of ex-gratia pension at different slabs are given. The railway employees are also receiving dearness allowance at certain rates, at different slabs of their basic wages. Now, I want to know whether the rates of ex gratia pensions at different slabs are comparable, and how they are comparable with the rates of dearness allowance at different slabs of basic wages. And if they do not compare favourably will these rates of ex gratia pensions be brought on a par.

SHRI C. M. POONACHA: The element of the additional ex gratia pensionary benefit relates to the basic pay and not to the dearness allowance.

SHRI P. K. KUMARAN: This period April, 1957 refers to the date on which they were permitted to exercise their option by the latest. Now this order brings about a discrmination between people who did opt and who did not opt. People could not judge which was better for them or which was not better for them. Even people who retired after 1957 have

taken away a lump-sum pension. But since then the rupee has been devalued, the prices have gone up. So, the quantum of provident fund which they received has gone down in va'ue. Therefore, in view of the overall decrease in the value of the money which they received, will the Minister reconsider the whole scheme and extend the benefit to all the retired employees?

SHRI C. M. POONACHA: I could not follow exactly the force of argument the hon. Member advances. They had the option. They opted to receive the prevident fund. lump sum retirement benefit they could draw under the provident fund

SHRI P. K. KUMARAN: The value gone down.

SHRI C. M. POONACHA: At the time when they retired, received lump sum money. They exercised their option to receive lump sum amount under the provident fund scheme, in the hope perhaps that it would be a better proposition for them, instead of opting to the pension scheme. option was exercised by the individuals themselves under their discretion. At that time the rupee. value was not as is today. They had the benefit. But those who retired without any option after having survived all these years after retirement, represented that the Provident System, was not to their advantage. They had reasons to feel that it was a loss. Therefore, they made an extra claim which was considered and the marginal ex gratia pension was extended to them as a matter of pure compassion.

LAXMI RATTAN COTTON MILLS LTD., KANPUR

*66. SHRI ARJUN ARORA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Investigation Committee appointed under the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act to look into the affairs of Laxmi Rattan Cotton Mills Ltd., of