कुछ मामलों में बर्मा सरकार उपद्रवी नागाओं को भारतीय प्रदेश में बापस दकेलने में भी सफल हुई है। लेकिन, मुश्किल रास्ते के कारण कछ उपद्रवी नागा बर्मा होकर चीन पहुंचने में सफल हुए हैं।

Written Answers

हमें इस बारे में कोई सुचना नहीं है कि बीने ने छिपे नागाओं को कितनी मावा में गस्तों की सहायता दी है।

t[THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI M. C. CHAGLA): (a) toi (d) A statement is laid on the Tabl* of the House.

STATEMENT

According to the information available with the Government of India two groups of Underground Nagas, in one case from 100 to 150 and in other case 27, had crossed into the territory of Burma with the object t*f entering China to secure arms, ammunition and training in sabotage and guerilla techniques.

The Government of Burma have in som_c cases succeded in pushing back the hostile Nagas to Indian territory. However, in view of the difficult terrain some hostile Nagas have managed to escape to China via Burma.

We have no information about the extent of arms aid given to the Underground Nagas by China.]

पाकिस्तान द्वारा भ रत विरोधी प्रचार *159. श्री विमलकुमार मन्नालालजी चौराड्या : श्री एन० श्री राम रेड्डी :

न्या वैदेशिक कार्य मंत्री यह बताने की 🕊 पा करेंगें कि पाकिस्तान द्वारा पुनः प्रारम्भ किये गये भारत विरोधी प्रचार का, जो कि ताशकंद समझीते की भावना के प्रतिकृत 🐧 मुकाबला करने के लिए भारत सरकार ने **ब**या कदम उठाये है ?

ANTI-INDIAN PROPAGANDA, BY **PAKISTAN**

to Questions

*159. SHRI V. M. CHORDIA; SHRI N. SRI RAMA REDDY:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state the steps taken by the Government of India to counter the renewed anti-India propaganda started by Pakistan which goes against the spirit of ttle Tashkent agreement? 1

वैदेशिक-कार्य मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री सुरेन्द्र पाल सिंह) : पाकिस्तान के किसी भी भारत विरोधी प्रचार का प्रतिकार करने के लिए विदेश-स्थित हमारे मिशनों को समुचित शामग्री से लैस रखा गया है। लेकिन, नाशकद समझौते की भावना के अनुरूप इमने भ्रपनी भ्रोर से, अपने भ्रापको सिर्फ़ याकिस्तान द्वारा शलत पेश की गई बातों को ठोक रूप में पेश करने तक ही सीमिल यखा है

विदेश स्थित हमारे मिशनों सम्पादकों के नाम पत भेजकर झठे प्रचार का बत्र देने की कोशिश की है; इन में से क्छ पत्न छापे भी गए हैं।

पाकिस्तान -स्थित हमारे हाई कमीजन न भी, तामकंद घोषणा का उरलंघन करकं भारत के विरुद्ध किए जाने वाले प्रचार की और पाकिस्तानी अधिकारियों का ध्यान धार्कावत किया है।

ttTHE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNA* AFFAIRS (SHRI SURENDRA PAL* SINGH): Our Missions abroad bav« been kept posted with suitable material to counteract any anti-India propaganda by Pakistan. However, adhering to the spirit of the Tashkent agreement, we, on our part, na?« confined ourselves only correcting misreperesentations Pakistan.

Our Missions abroad have tried to answer false propaganda by sending letters to editors, some of which have been published.

Written Answers

Our High Commission In Pakistan also has brought to the notice of the Pakistani anti-India the renewed authorities propaganda in violation of the Tashkent declaration]

DISCUSSIONS WITH U THANT U.N.O. SECRETARY GENERAL

- *160. SHRI BANKA BEHARY DAS: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Mr. U. Thant, Secretary-General of U.N.O. had any discussion with the Prime Minister on the Vietnam issue and non-proliferation of nuclear weapons during his visit to New Delhi in the second week of April, last; and
- (b) if so, whether he agrees with the stand of the Government of India in both the cases?
- THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI M. C. CHAGLA): (a) There was a general exchange of views on Vietnam and the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons. The Government of India acquainted the U. N. Secretary General with their views on both these questions.
- (b) As the discussions were in the nature of confidential exchange of views, it would not be proper to disclose the nature and content of this exchange of views.

INDO-PAK MEETING

*161. PROF. SiATYAVRATA SIDDHANTALANKAR: SHRI K. SUNDAR AM:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recently India proposed to Pakistan to hold a series of talks for settling all out-itanding issues in order to bring about normalization of relations between the two countries;

(b) If so, what are the details of the proposal; and

to Questions

(c) what has been Pakistan's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI M. C. CHAGLA): (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT

The House is aware that we have continued our efforts to bring about a resumption of the dialogue between the two Governments on various matters, as envisaged in the Tashkent Declaration. Our earlier proposal for discussions on various subjects to normalise relations between India and Pakistan has evoked a limited response from the Government of Pakistan, who have expressed the desire to have talks for normalisation of tele-communication facilities between the two countries. They have also proposed discussions tor restoration of civil air flights. We have welcomed this trend and are pursuing through diplomatic channels the possibility of having the scope of the talks widened[^] so as to include other closely related matters. We have also offered to receive in Delhi a team of Pakistan officials for talks on questions that either side may bring up. The final reply of the Government of Pakistan is still awaited, but the response so far has not been very encouraging.

AMOUNT REALISED ON ACCOUNT OF LICENCES

- *162. SHRI M. C. SHAH: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:
- (a) the amount realised by the All India Radio by way of licence fees on radio-sets during he last 3 years;
- (b) the cost of Administration of the All India Radio during these S years?