

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY (SHRI BIBUDHENDRA MISRA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

SHRI M. P. BHARGAVA: May I know whether any application for manufacturing powdered milk was rejected in 1963?

SHRI BIBUDHENDRA MISRA: The main question relates to Delhi. To my knowledge no such application was received for starting a milk powder factory.

SHRI M. P. BHARGAVA: May I know if the hon. Minister is aware whether any firm applied for the expansion of its plant for manufacturing milk powder in Delhi, and if so, what is the result of that application?

SHRI BIBUDHENDRA MISRA: I cannot say about it because I have already said that I have no information. My information is that no such application was received.

SHRI N. SRI RAMA REDDY: May I know if the plant required for the manufacture of milk powder is indigenously being manufactured or the plant is to be imported?

SHRI T. N. SINGH: Most of these machines are fabricated in the country but we have to import certain other essential parts.

شری مہدالغنی : کیا وزیر صاحب
قومائیں کے کہ دودھ کی کمی کے
پیش نظر سرکار کیا ایذا کوئی ملک
پلانٹ لگانے کے لئے فور کرے گی -

†श्री अब्दुल गनी : क्या वजीर साहब
फरमायेंगे कि दूध की कमी के पेशनजर सरकार
अपना कोई मिल्क प्लांट लगाने के लिए शीर
करेगी ? ।]

†[] Hindi transliteration.

SHRI BIBUDHENDRA MISRA: As a matter of fact there are already two States wanting to set it up in the public sector and, there is also another application for setting up a plant in the private sector which is likely to come up by the end of this year.

PANDIT S. S. N. TANKHA: I wanted to know whether licences to any other firms outside Delhi have been granted or are being granted for the manufacture of milk powder.

SHRI BIBUDHENDRA MISRA: Madam, the Third Plan targets so far as the capacity is concerned is 37,500 tonnes, and so far the licensed capacity has been 22,000 tonnes, and there are some applications also. Therefore, by the end of the Third Plan, that is 1965-66, this additional capacity has to be set up. Whether it will be in the public sector or private sector is another matter.

*537. [The questioner (Shri Mdha-bir Das) was absent. For answer, vide cols. 3915—18 infra]

EXPORT OF EDIBLE OILS

*450. SHRI SUNDAR MANI PATEL: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the country is exporting edible oils and if so, the details thereof; and

(b) whether there has been a demand from various quarters to ban this export; and if so, the reaction of Government of India thereto?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Export of edible vegetable oils was banned with effect from the 11th July, 1964.

SHRI SUNDAR MANI PATEL: May I know what is the amount that we

^Transferred from the 28th September, 1964.

earned out of these exports during the last year?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: About Rs. 12 crores.

श्री विमल कुमार मन्नालालजी चौरडिया: क्या श्रीमान्, यह बतलायेंगे कि कितने टन ग्राउंडनट आयल गत वर्ष हमने एक्सपोर्ट किया और कितने टन सोयाबीन आयल हमने उसी अवधि में इम्पोर्ट किया ?

श्री मनुभाई शाह : हमने ७१ हजार टन ग्राउंडनट आयल एक्सपोर्ट किया गत वर्ष और अभी हम ने कल ही एक एग्जिमेन्ट पर साइन किया है यूनाइटेड स्टेट्स के साथ जिस के अंतर्गत ७५ हजार टन सोयाबीन आयल इम्पोर्ट किया जायगा ।

SHRI K. S. CHAVDA: May I know whether it is not a fact that the export of edible oil to Burma has increased very much in the last two years? Secondly, Burma is importing edible oil from India and exporting it to China. May I know whether there is any truth in it?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: No, this is totally wrong. But it is true that we have exported in the last two years something like 15,000 tonnes to 20,000 tonnes of groundnut oil to Burma.

SHRI D. B. DESAI: May I know the difference in price of the groundnut oil which is exported and the price of the soya bean oil which is imported?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: Rs. 600 to Rs. 800. That is the difference between the two prices. We are selling more expensive oil and importing cheaper oil.

SHRI A. D. MANI: Referring to the earlier question, may I ask the hon. Minister how he came to know that the Burmese Government have not exported to China? Does the Burmese Government submit to us information on this subject?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: Not only it will be a very wrong thing, Madam, that every time every Government should be put to test, but it is for the exporting country to decide whether they want to export or not. As a matter of fact as far as China is concerned it is a net exporting country of tung oil, one of the highest in the whole world. So, there is no possibility even from the normal trade programme for any oil to pass from here to Burma and then to China.

SHRI DEOKINANDAN NARAYAN: Just now it is stated by the hon. Minister that groundnut oil is not being exported. May I know from him if vegetable products are being exported?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: No.

SHRI SANTOKH SINGH: What is the reaction of the Government of India to the demand of ban on exports of edible oil?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: It always depends upon the situation from time to time. We want a long-term trade policy, but sometimes national exigencies do arise when we might have to take temporary measures.

*538. [For answer, vide vols. 3910—13 infra.]

*539. [The questioner (Shri P. Abraham) was absent. For answer, vide col. 3918 infra.]

*540. [For answer, vide col. 3913 infra.]

DAMAGES TO DIESEL LOCOMOTIVES AND WAGONS IN RAJHARA MINES IN MADHYA PRADESH

*541. SHRI K. C. BEGHEL: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state;

(a) whether there have been heavy damages to diesel locomotives and wagons in Rajhara iron ore mines in Drug District of Madhya Pradesh;